

# Computers

## Transformation of counting inventions towards wonderland Internet

A demonstration of the full history of the computer and how a chain of counting inventions, social and technical evolution resulted into the fascinating wonderland Internet of today...







Photo proof

weak colors

intensive red

orange screen

normal print

many many times trying to evolve to a perfect version

The evolution of the computer, and by extension of the Internet, is history full of inventions and many many times trying (trial on error) to evolve to a perfect working instrument to service every human being. Most of what we are using today in the computer world was invented long time ago and is today better implemented and resulted in stable applications. This is how this exhibit it set up and looks at the things of today... "in the past it was done like this but, implemented this way today".

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Font usages: Titles - **Arial 12pt** / Arial 10pt  
Postal description - *Arial 9pt*

Thematic story - *Arial 10pt*  
Thematic text - *Comic Sans MS 9pt*

Items with 10 or fewer recorded or exceptional for this exhibit



# What's the history of the 'great invention'?

## 1.1 The earliest counting tools.

Counting on fingers

As long as there have been numbers, mankind has suffered and struggled with counting, also when we were young. So, it is no surprise that he has searched for tools. The starting point was counting on fingers and basic material found in nature around them.



Inca quipu keeper



Paintings found in caves have been variously interpreted as counting methods, calendar records, lunar variations or depiction of life.



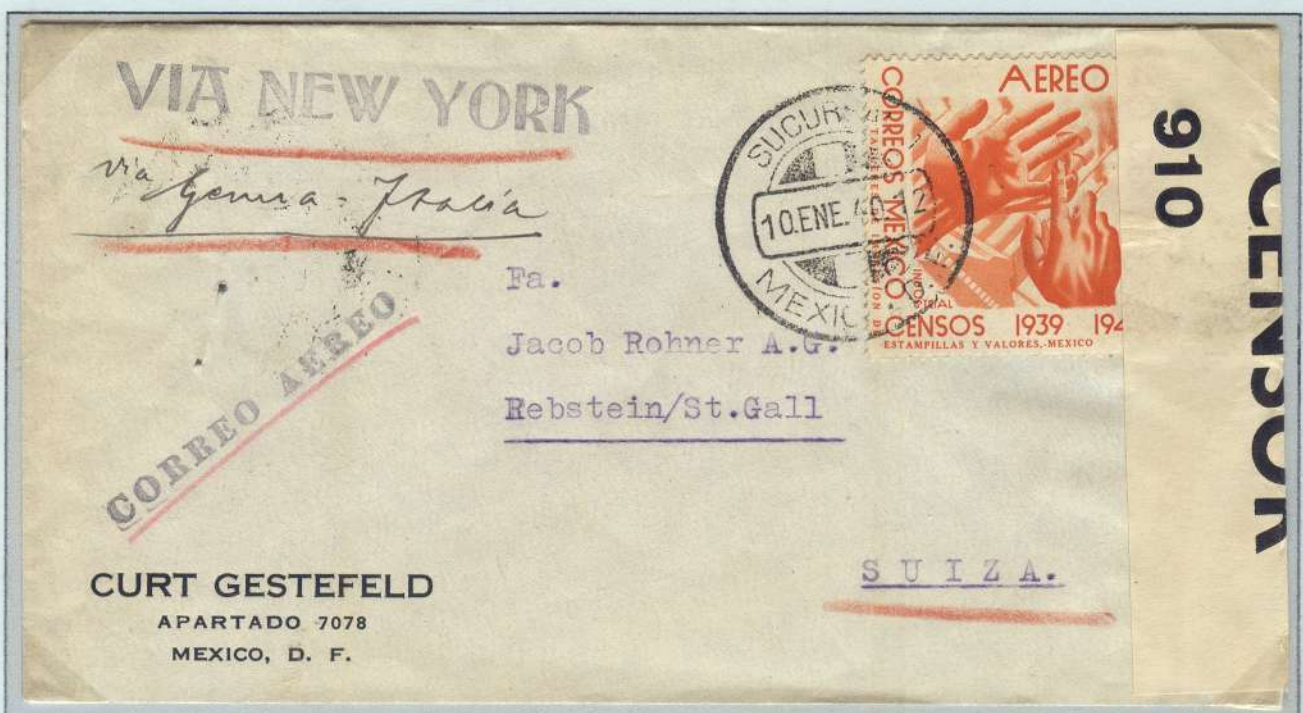
◀ ▼ proof



Scribes noting down counts  
(fragment Theban tomb no.69)

The hieroglyphic system was only suitable for memorial inscriptions on stone monuments.

Other tools like knots in strings, **quipu**, noting on boards or bones are calculating tools used primarily in the ancient time for performing arithmetic processes.

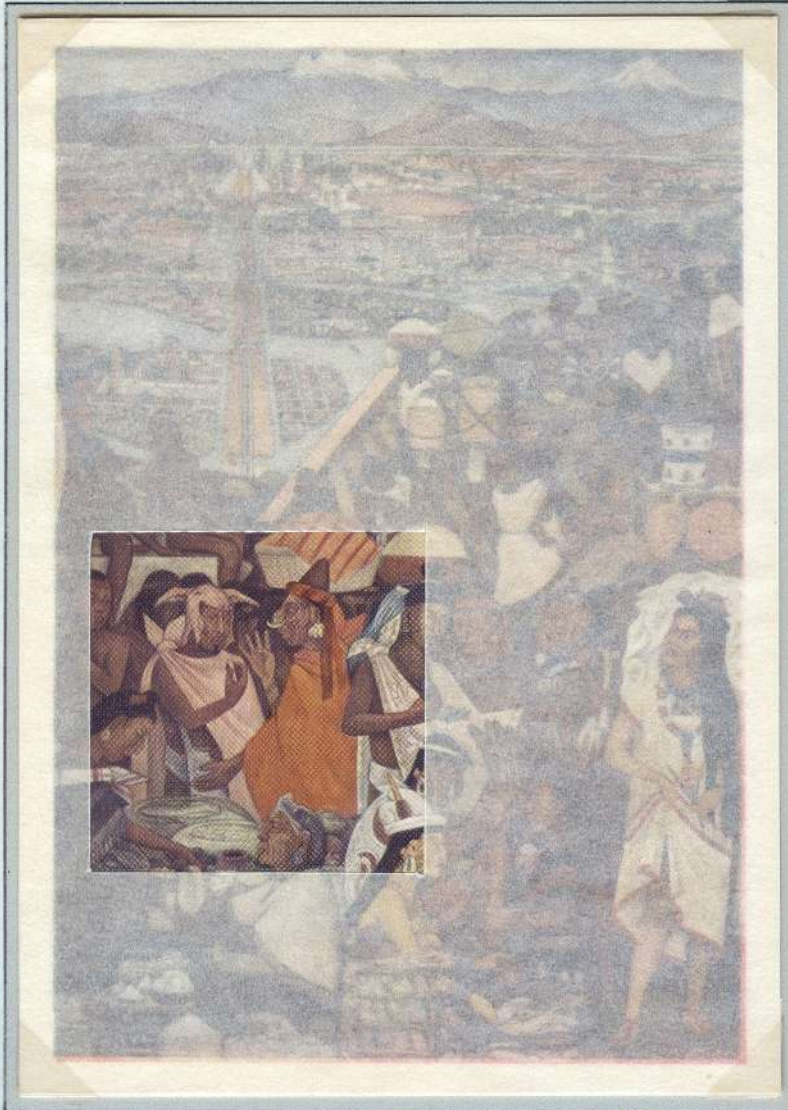


American Censored letter (10 JAN 1940) from Mexico to Switzerland via New York (US) and Genoa (Italy); counting on fingers (the number of stages this letter has done from Mexico to Switzerland; 4 stages)



## 1.1 The earliest counting tools.

### Ancient calculating tools



*Stationery (Mexico)* finger-counting among Aztecs. Detail of mural by Diego Rivera. (National Museum of Mexico)



Tallying the chimes

Counting on fingers is very temporary or isn't always sufficient when bigger numbers. Over the years more tools like keeping a tally, or calculating tables became common and are even today primary calculating tools.



European table abacus (14th century) variant

Many traders and lords all had their calculating tables showing their importance, wealth and social standing.



The tally of 6 Brabant Sols (pennies) marked on letter from Ostend to Antwerp in 1694; a very usual notation at that time.



Antikythera Mechanism

The **Antikythera Mechanism** was an ancient calculator, which revealed to its owner his position and the position of the Sun, Moon, or other known planets, after entering a date via a crank.





Probably the oldest calculating aid with longest tradition has to be found in the Chinese and Japanese tradition.



Old Japanese abacus

Because of its long history, the so called abacus is found in many shapes; like boards, metal rods with wooden beads.

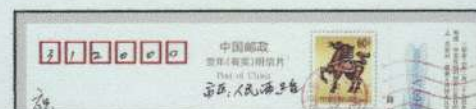


Suan-pan



Soroban

The difference between a Japanese **Soroban** and the Chinese **Suan-pan** is the form and the number of beads above and below the wooden partition. The Suan-pan has 2 upper beads and 5 beads below.



Still today many Chinese people carry out every kind of calculation using the abacus (suan-pan) despite having access to electronic calculators; its use is so deeply ingrained in their culture.



## 1.1 The earliest counting tools.

Common abacus, different shapes

A French mathematician, being a French lieutenant in the Army of Napoleon, imported the Russian abacus into our region.



School abacus



Many different shapes, but mostly a vertical frame with horizontal straight wires, found their way in pre-schools and elementary schools, used as an aid in teaching of the numeral system and arithmetic, or why not as a playing tool.



Stationery printed to order (Bayern - 1898)

Abacus as school attribute



## 1.1 The earliest counting tools.

From Pope Silvester II to Stchoty



Reception cancel Flamme Krag (France) 8.8.1938

text: Pope Gerbert millennium

**Pope Silvester II** (938-1003), known as monk Gerbert, gave the abacus back the needed attention in combination the 9 Arabic numbers, a lot used in Spain at that time.



colour proofs



Front letter



The Russian abacus is the grandfather of all the models we know and are used to from school time.



bookkeeper using an stchoty (abacus) calculating the laborers pay bill (N. Verkhotoureff)

◀ Stationery -  
Russia (1929)



The Russian abacus named **Stchoty**, recognized by the 10 beads on each rod, of which two (the fifth and sixth) are usually of a different colour, which makes it easier for the eye to recognize the numbers from 1 to 10, and two times four white beads, was model for the abacuses we know.





**Leonardo Da Vinci** (1452-1519) made drawings of calculators, but never made a prototype of the calculators he published in his book; the "Codex Madrid I". Those drawings showed 13 registering wheels and how to propagate a carry to the next digit wheel.

In 1597 **Galileo Galilei** (1564-1642) started constructing small military calculating instruments. The compasses brass instrument consisted of two rulers of equal length engraved with numerous scales and between the arms was a quadrant.



Galileo Galilei

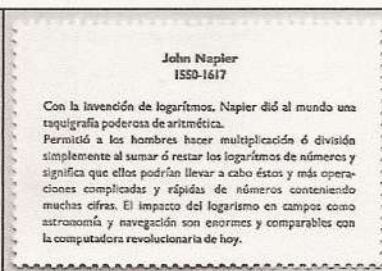


compasses instrument



Cover sent thru ship named 'Galileo' (Italy - 1856.04.21)

It solved a wide variety of mathematical problems: trigonometric calculations, multiplication and division, square and cube root, comparison of areas and volumes, currency exchange rates, calculating interest and various basic military problems.



Back of stamp

**John Napier** (1550-1617) was famous for his ingenious numbering rods more quaintly known as "Napier's bones", that offered mechanical means for facilitating computation.

The very first mechanical calculator was built by **Wilhelm Schickard** (1592-1635), professor mathematics and astronomy in Tübingen, was based on the bones of Napier.



Schickard's machine set to show number 100722 multiplied by 4.



Letter Ballon Monté 'Le Kepler' to London port 30c (Paris - 10 JANV71 - a Rennes 1871.01.12 - London 1871.01.14) on flown 1871.01.11; named after famous astronomer Kepler.



Johannes Kepler

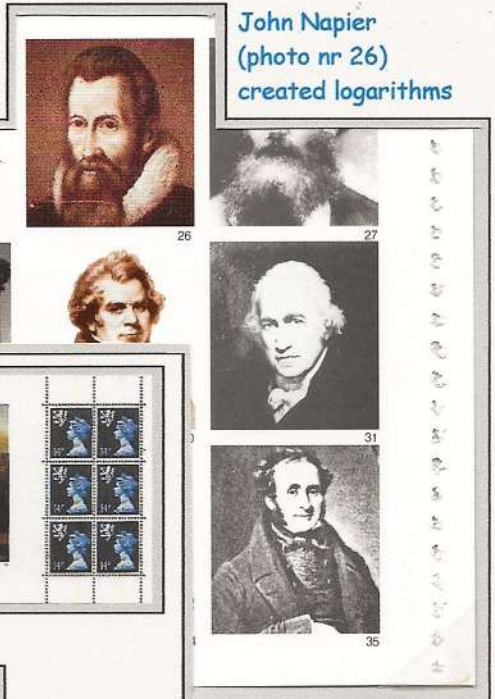
A copy for the famous astronomer **Johannes Kepler** (1571-1630) got lost in a fire. It would have helped in Kepler's laborious task of calculating astronomical tables.



## 1.2 The great inventors at the start of the automation process.

The slide rule

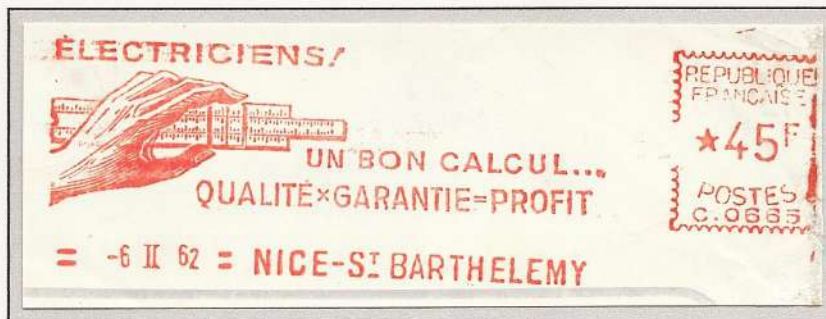
The Scottish mathematician, John Napier (1550-1617) introduced the concepts of logarithms and a simple way to perform multiplication. The Napier 'rods' is one of the earliest attempts of using a new calculator.



Graham Bell (1847-1922), invented the telephone;  
John Napier (1550-1617), created logarithms;  
James Clerk Maxwell (1831-79), made discoveries  
in electricity and magnetism. Centre (left to right),  
James Young Simpson (1811-70),  
discovered chloroform; Sir Robert  
Watson-Watt (1892-1973), developed  
the use of radar; Sir John Ross  
(1777-1856), traversed Baffin Bay;  
James Watt (1736-1819), devised the  
separate condenser for the steam engine.  
Below (left to right): David Livingstone



Prestige Booklet page ►  
(Scotland, Great Britain)



Napier's logarithms resulted in the inventions of the slide rule in 1633. The real breakthrough in its modern form was in 1859. This device appeared in a linear or circular form enables scientists to do calculations quicker.

Postgiro-  
envelope  
(France - 1931)

bottom left;  
circular slide  
rule

End 1970's it became obsolete by handheld calculators having taken over all of its functions.



## 1.2 The great inventors at the start of the automation process.

Blaise Pascal and his Pascaline

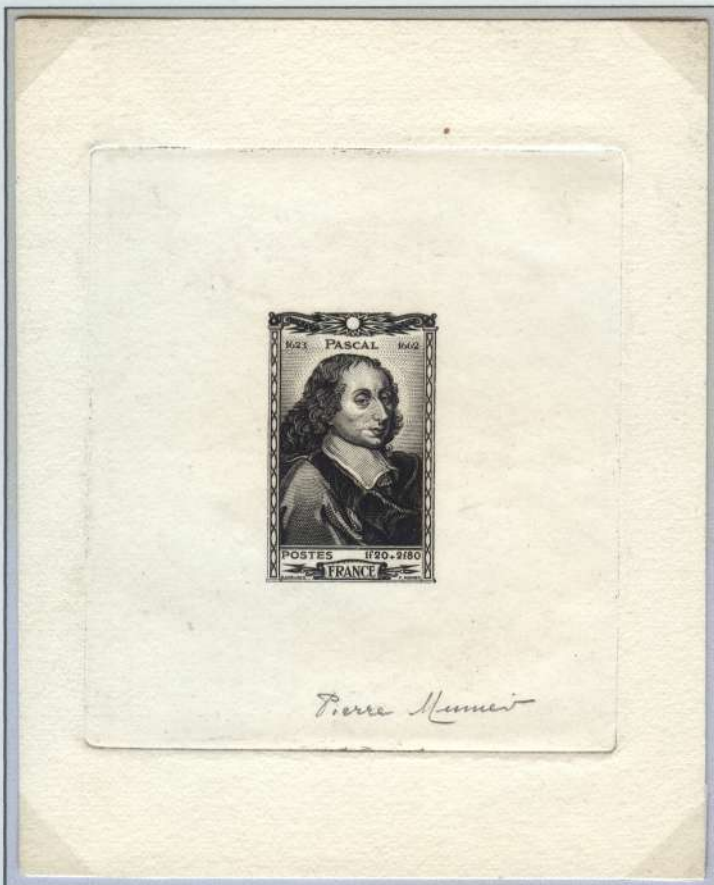


**Blaise Pascal (1623-1662)**, born in Clermont, designed and constructed in 1642 the 'Pascaline' at age of 19.

Pascal put several machines into production, but it wasn't successful venture, only fifty got sold. However, this did result in 8 survived to the present day.



Registered at Tours Blaise Pascal ►



Proof by P. Munier



Misperforation

Pascal received a patent on the arithmetical machine from Louis XIV.



Early usage of cancel dated 11APR1865 bureau (star 29) Rue Pascal, named after Blaise Pascal. Bureau started 1865 till April 1873.



## 1.2 The great inventors at the start of the automation process.

Blaise Pascal and his Pascaline



Pascal's portrait wrongly depicts priest Louis Isac Lemeister de Sacy.

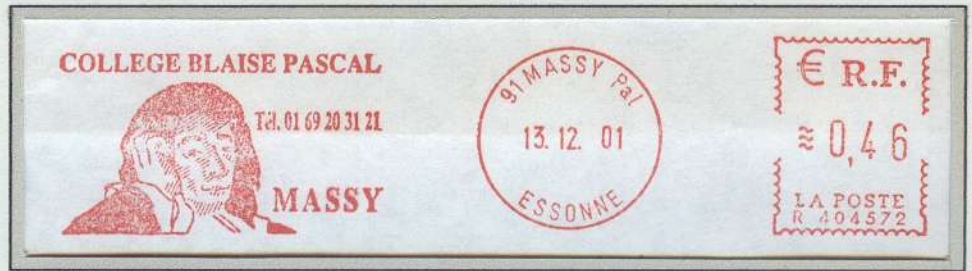


Detail stamp: among other scientific studies  
Pascaline gear wheel



The 'Pascaline' carry mechanism didn't function perfectly. The device came in both decimal and non-decimal varieties.

Die Proof, signed by engraver Mazelin, with embossed stamp "contrôlé". ▶



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NICOT	Rue Poissonnière.	TOURNAY	Grande-Rue, 23.
SAINT-ETIENNE	Rue du Grand-Moulin, 4.	CREST	Grande-Rue.
CLERMONT-FERRAND	Rue Ladoeur-d'Autergue, 8.	BOANNE	Rue Nationale, 27.
CHALON-SUR-SAONE	Grande-Rue (angle de la rue des Poulets).	ST-VALIER-s/-RHONE	Angle place de l'Hormée et rue des Remparts.
TARASCON	Rue Grande (angle de la rue Désirée).	ROMANS	Angle côté Cordeliers et place Jacquemart.
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44, r. St-Germain, 44  
CLERMONT-FERRAND

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Publicité par la CARTE-LETTRE-ANNONCE à 5c  
P. de Pay-de-Dôme, N. GUYOT, 44, r. St-Germain, Clermont-F.



Letter card (France)  
edition 176 sold at 5c i.o.  
15c;

Blaise Pascal bulk of his  
work was published  
post-humously; text:  
Encre Blaise Pascal  
Library.



## 1.2 The great inventors at the start of the automation process.

Leibniz, Hahn and Schuster

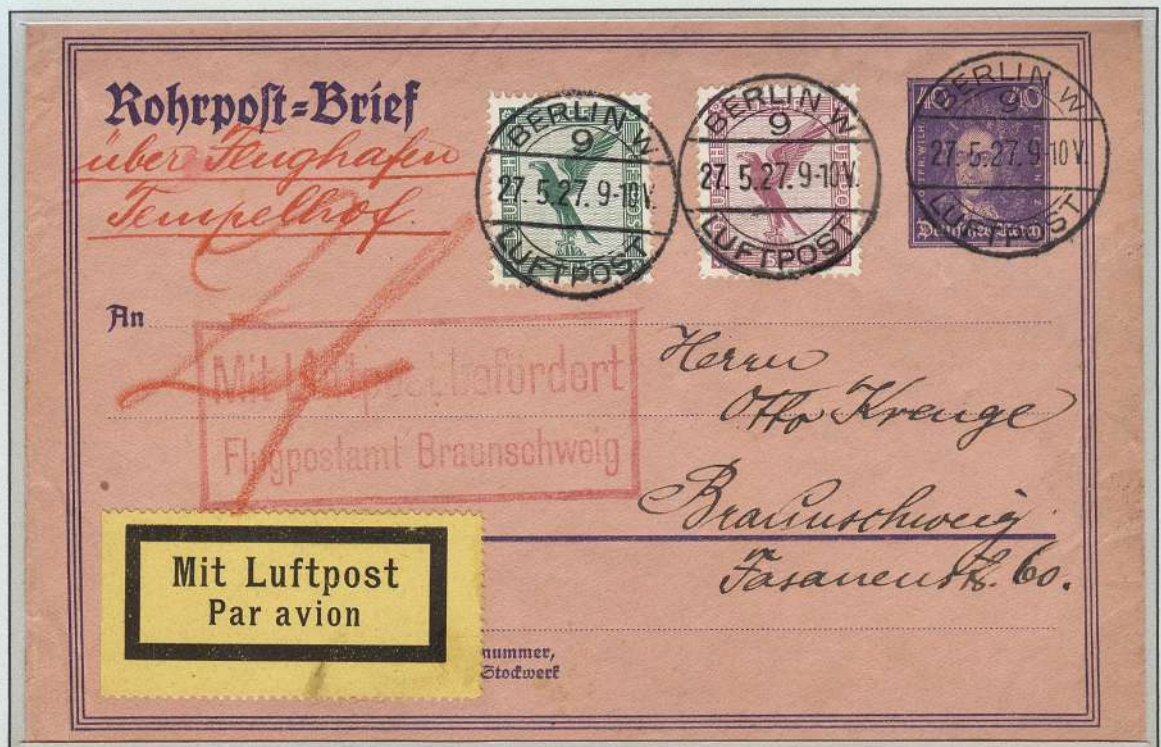


▲ Corner block of 4 with distinctive perforation shift error.

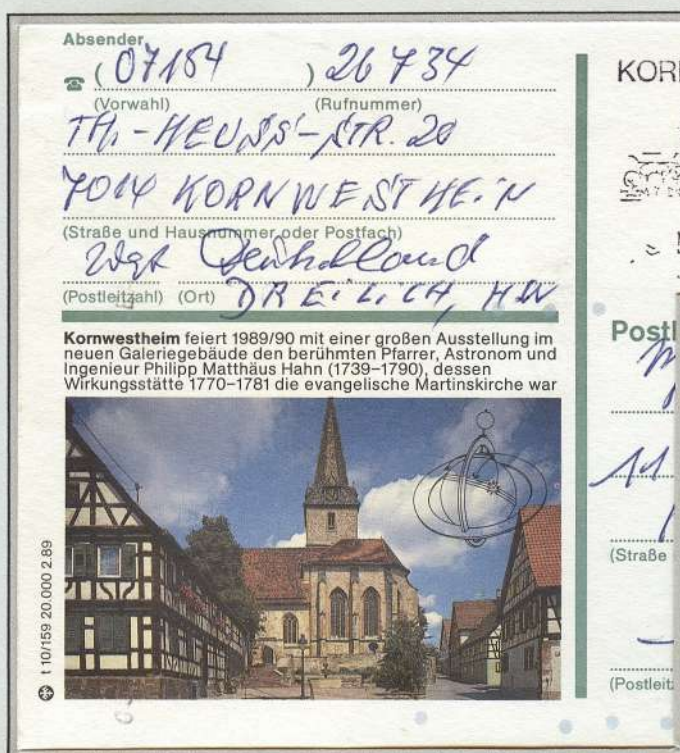


CityPost local postal service (Germany):  
detail Leibniz calculator

**G. W. Leibniz (1646-1716)** completed Pascal's calculator. He made the carry mechanism more reliable by using his own invention, "stepped drums". He also added the multiplier to the machine.



Pneumatic tube postal stationery (Berlin, Germany); envelope sent as airmail to Braunschweig. ►



KORNWESTHEIM



Postl

Engineer **Phillip Mathies Hahn (1730-1790)** developed in 1773 the first functional calculator based on Leibniz's Stepped Drum. He made these machines until his death.



His brother-in-law, **Johann Christopher Schuster (1759-1823)**, a skilled watchmaker, continued with the manufacture and finished a cylindrical counting machine in 1822, which was assembled of 1025 individual parts.





◀ Francotyp "B" (German Empire - 1938)



Around 1910 machines were invented which could perform all four arithmetic operations automatically.



Francotyp "A" (German Empire - 1931)

Check strip of a calculator text: saves on mental arithmetic



Supermétal Sar 11e

From the very beginning numbers and results could be printed on check strips, which improved the verification.

**"RECORD"**

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Postgiro envelope (Belgium - 1923)

mechanical calculator RECORD

These designs implied that those machines were like monsters; heavy (sometimes up to 30kg) and full of complex chain-wheel combinations. Luckily with constant improving performance, reliability and weight, with maximum correctness of arithmetical operations and in producing results with rapidity never before equalled.





*Francotype "C" (Belgium - 1938)*



Stationery (Romania); only stamp shown Odhner copy Triumphator

Original-Odhner Type 27

W.T. Odhner, a Swede working in Russia, constructed as first calculators with movable pins and variable-toothed gears. The benefit was ease of use and high reliability, and also a quite dramatic decrease of size and weight.



*Hasler "F22" (Netherlands – 1937)*

Brunsviga model Odhner

Brunsviga Co. and others took over the patent from Odhner and manufactured ten thousands of those machines.

<h1 style="margin: 0;">465</h1>	<b>Braunschweig 4</b> Brunsviga-Maschinenwerke Grimme, Natalis & Co. A.-G.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1103</div>	
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<sup>1)</sup> Auszufüllen von der Eingangs-Postanstalt oder der Zollverwaltung des Bestimmungslandes.  
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[illegible]

Parcelpost with 'Selbstbucher' (self booker) Brunsviga Braunschweig (Germany); package sending on 9.11.1938 to Zagreb (Yugoslavia) '**Gebühr bezahlt**' (Postage paid).





Curta



Booklet (Romania - 1939)

Gallery Lafayette selling calculators (Masini de calculate)

Many engineering improvements made the calculators smaller and lighter, so they became portable. They appeared in warehouses where people could buy them.

Nice example is the **Curta**, invented by Curt Herzstark from Liechtenstein, was a small, hand-cranked mechanical calculator introduced in 1947. The small cylinder design fits in the palm of the hand. It could perform all the operations like the large ones.

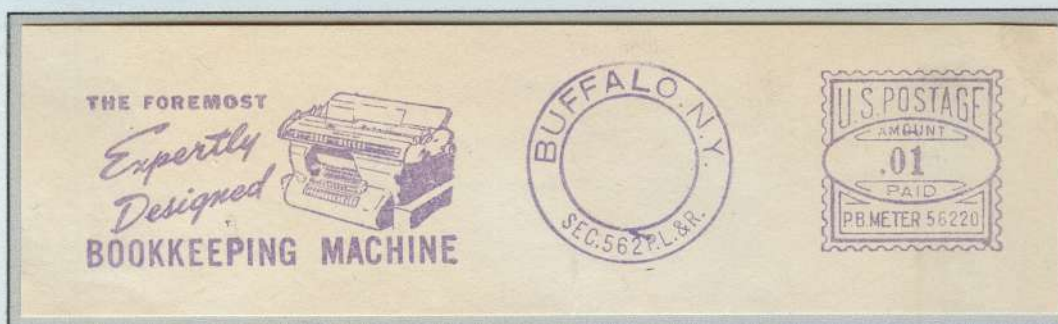


Postgiro envelope (France - 1936)

calculators' brands Addo and Facit electrically empowered.

All mechanical models had an hand-crank to rotate the wheels and perform the calculation. Manpower was needed! The electro-mechanical models were introduced already before WWII.





Pitney Bowes models "CV" (USA): type bulk post

After World War I bookkeeping and invoicing machines made their entrance in companies. Heavy calculators with typewriting and printing capabilities and were assembled together into one machine.

The main purpose was the production of accounting documents more complex than a simple totalled list.



Hasler "F66/88/99" slogan with different color (Denmark - 1957)

**Calcul mental...  
... NON ...**

**UTILISEZ**  
la machine à additionner  
et comptable

**ASTRA**  
10 touches

**ASTRA portable**

**ASTRA Comptable**

**Addition**

**Soustraction directe**

**16 compteurs 2 cross.**

**Comptabilité Simplifiée Moderne**

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Postgiro envelope (Belgium)

bookkeeping machine (right) Astra having 16 accumulators registers.

These automated machines were the real monsters complex and often weighted more than 100 kg.



AUTUMN CHILLS bring on  
first RHEUMATIC PAINS!  
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The Hospital contains 807 beds. Av  
Out-patients 30,942.

There are 34 beds set apart for Pa  
received without letters of recommendati  
and kindness can suggest is provided

The first cash registers appeared in  
the market around 1879, as heavy  
mechanical simple adding machines.



When the cash drawer  
opens a bell rings

Those cash registers were invented  
for the purpose of eliminating employ-  
ee theft. An employee was required to  
bring in every transaction on the  
register, and when the total key was  
pushed, the cash drawer opened and  
a bell rang, alerting  
the manager that  
a sale took  
place.



Stationery printed to order (Great-Britain);  
QV 1p sold for 1/2p - Anglo-Colonial Letter  
issued Dec. 22, 1888

In 1885 J. Allinson became the first active sales agent in UK and opened in 1886 a London Office, which was  
established in one room at 95 The Strand under the name of the "National Cash Register Till Co".

National Cash Register Company Limited  
Wien VI., Mariahilferstrasse 101  
Budapest IV., Vaczi uca 35  
Prag, Poric 8.



Von unseren Centralen  
Budapest und Prag sind  
Zutaten zu gleichen  
Preisen zu beziehen.

Bei Bestellungen bitten wir stets Art  
und Fabriknummer der Kasse aufzu-  
geben oder Muster einsenden.

Korrespondenz Karte

Herrn

Josef K o s e k

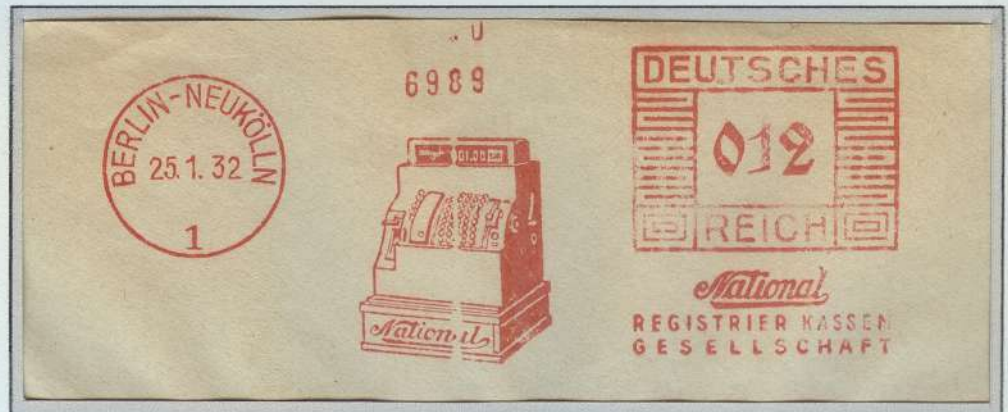
Neustadt a/ Tafelfichte



Perforation (Austria  
- 1907) N.C.R.  
(National Cash  
Register company)  
Commercial card  
sent from Vienna to  
Neustadt, Germany  
on 23 April 1907

Checkrollen bei Abnahme ganzer Ballen  
von 100 Stück einer Sorte 1 1/2 Heller per  
Stück billiger.

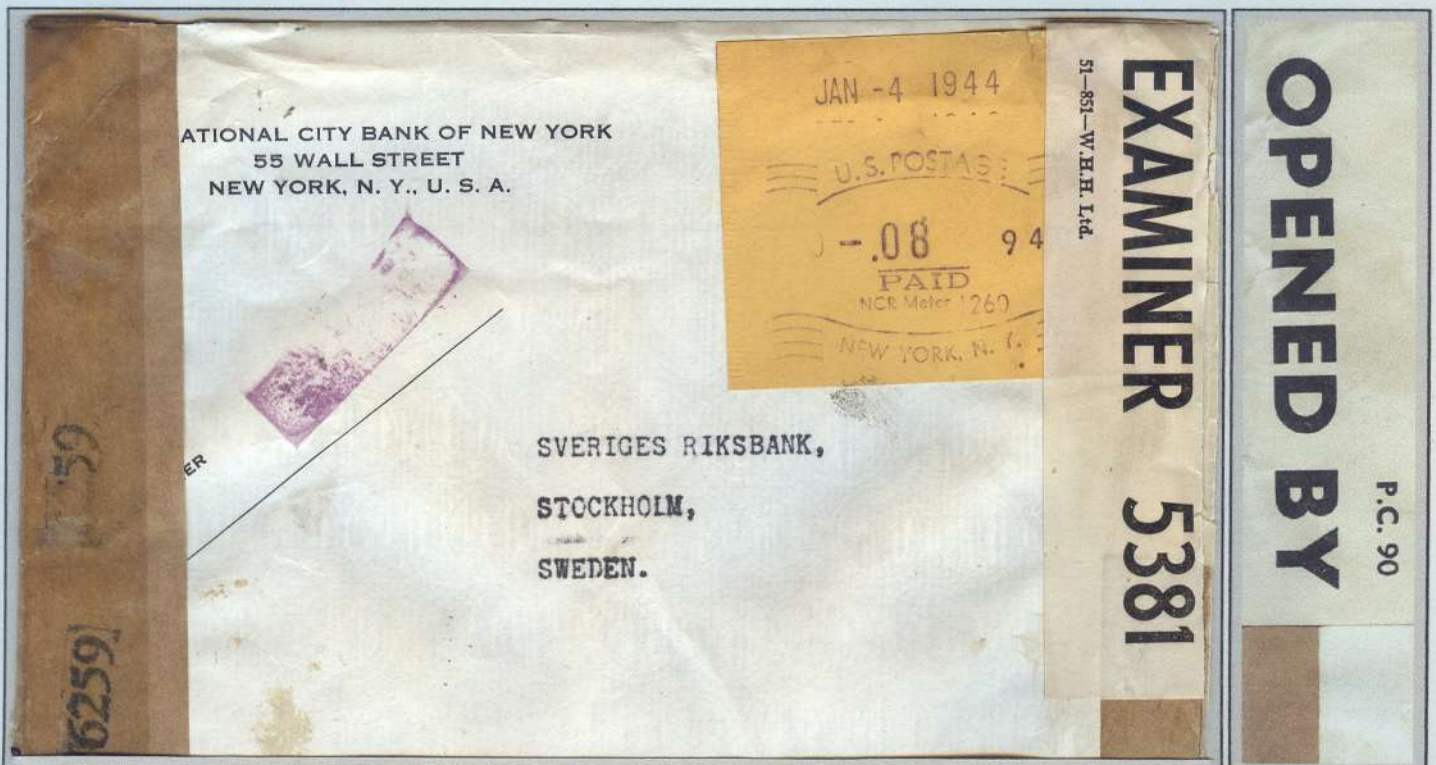




Francotyp "B" (German Empire - 1932)

National Cash Register

In 1879 James and John Ritty patented a cash register and in 1884 John H. Patterson and his associates acquired the Ritty patents and established National Cash Register Company (NCR). NCR had the biggest market share and sold 2 million devices each year.



Censored letter from New York to Stockholm (4 jan 1944); The US Postal Service introduced in 1931 meter stamps, which were produced by National Cash Register meter model P-1924(3-3)P-P, a multi-value machine.



Although NCR had an extremely dominant position worldwide, it wasn't the only manufacturer. Slowly the competition was growing.





Cash registers followed every evolution in the calculator industry. These calculators have found their way into the common world of stores and warehouses.



Francotyp "A" (German Empire - 1934)

ANKER Cash register



*Stationery printed to order (Portugal 15.11.1955) Series A-5/a sold at reduced price of 50%*

ANKER Cash register



**Commercial Controls model "14" (USA - 1948)**

### Clary Cash Register



As we notice those cash registers became available in electronically driven versions providing nice printing results, security, reliable, availability, and also reduced size and weight.





Hasler "F88" (Denmark – 1965)



Satas "S" (Italy – 1952)

Instead of requiring the operator's hand to exert the force and power needed to set the numerical registers and do the calculation. The power could be drawn from electrical energy. The speed of operations had only mechanical limits and later electronically.



Modulario C - Tel. 63

L'inverno vi offre  
la Primavera  
di  
**SANREMO**

L'Amministrazione non assume alcuna responsabilità  
civile in conseguenza

**TOTIP**  
LA FORTUNA ARRIVA AL GALOPPO

Ricevuto il 18 MAR 52 195... ore... per circuito N. 1929

NUM. 1591 PAROLE 1591 DATA DELLA PRESENTAZIONE 1591

Mod. 30 - (Ediz. 1951)

Indicazioni di urgenza

VIA E INDICAZIONI  
EVENTUALI D'UFFICIO

olivetti

**Summa 15**

"ogni calcolo alla mano"

Addizionatrice scrivente

Tra breve sarà posto in vendita dall'Amministrazione  
delle Poste e dei Telegrafi  
**l'ELENCO GENERALE DEI CORRENTISTI POSTALI**  
(~ 10.000 nominativi)

Per le inserzioni pubblicitarie rivolge alla Società Concessionaria  
**"PUBLIPOST"**  
Via della Mercede, 12-A - Roma

Telegram (Italy – 1952)

Olivetti Summa 15



Even the early electromechanical desktop calculators were as large as many of today's personal computers.

**Fiduciaire Marcel DUBOUX**

**EXPERTISES - ORGANISATIONS**

Questions fiscales

Grand Chêne 1 - Tél. 2 10 21

**Precisa**



**ECOLE RAPID**

FORMATION DE  
STENO-DACTYLOGRAPHES  
SECRÉTAIRES et COMPTABLES

CHAUDRON 25  
LAUSANNE

**Agence immobilière et commerciale**

**BERTHOLET LOUIS**

Agent patenté, licencié des sciences  
économiques et commerciales

**ZUBER ROBERT**

Agent commercial, collaborateur


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**LAUSANNE**

S. L. II Régie des annonces: Annuencias SA., Löwenstrasse 55/57, Zurich

Postgiro envelope (Lausanne, Switzerland - 1945)

iii. Precisa: electrical printing calculator

With the inventions of thermionic valves, transistors, and then hard-wired integrated circuit logic they were soon replaced by smaller electronic devices and enlarged capabilities.

CHÈQUES POSTAUX



SERVICE DES POSTES

VIREMENTS  
AUTOMATIQUES

une simple demande

**LES CHÈQUES POSTAUX**  
FERONT LE RESTE...



# ADDMASTER

## des calculatrices électroniques imprimantes depuis 894 F TTC

(prix décembre 1975, au comptant, port en sus)

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177, rue de la Convention  
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CHEQUES POSTAUX

Postgiro envelope (France - 1975)

iii. AddMaster - text: electronical printing calculator





Elka 55



Friden 130; the first electromechanical calculator



The first electronic calculator was created in the early 1960s. Pocket-sized devices became available in the 1970s as the incorporation of ICs reduced their size and cost.



Frama "M/E bzw. 100" (Spain)

ill. Canon advanced technical calculator

They became cheap and were able to do more than the four conventional main operations, also able to memorize results, and in later versions able to be programmed by the user.



Stationery (Cuba)

Most students use calculators for schoolwork and become "too dependent" on it; why not learn to calculate in the head.



In 1822, the English mathematician **Charles Babbage** (1792-1871) demonstrated the concept of memory in a form so that his machine (Difference machine) could handle calculations without any human intervention. The idea came as an actuary in an assurance company, from the repetitive calculations he had to do to verify hundreds of tables, and detected a lot of errors in those tables.



WILLIAM BOUTH, Esq.  
 CHARLES MORRIS, Esq.  
 JOHN GILLIAM STILWELL, Esq.  
 F.R.S., No. 27, Dover Street.  
 F.R.S., No. 12, Bruton Street.  
 No. 12, Essex Street, Strand.  
 Fenchurch Street.  
 OWNES, Esq., F.R.A.S.  
 AMES DOWNER, Esq.

that entitle the Assured to participate in the profits.  
 who have been assured four years on the equal scale of premiums.  
 The bonus awarded in 1834 averaged £16 per cent. on the premiums then paid; and the bonus awarded in 1839, on the average, equalled £31 per cent. on the premiums received during the preceding five years.  
 4thly. Assurers may have the bonus applied to increase the sum assured, or in reduction of future premiums, either for the remainder of life or for the next five years only.  
 5thly. Policies granted without any charge to the Assured beyond the stamp duty.  
 6thly. An option given to Assurers, on the increasing scale of rates, after the lapse of any number of years, to commute the future increasing premium by an equivalent equal annual one for the remainder of life, and thereafter to participate in the profits. The same advantages are applicable to Assurers on the decreasing scale of rates.  
 7thly. Policies on the lives of parties dying by suicide, duelling, or by the hands of justice, not void as respects the interests of persons to whom they have been legally assigned.  
 8thly. No extra charge for residence in any part of Europe, nor for proceeding (in a decked, sailing, or steam vessel,) from any one Port thereof to another during Peace, to Assurers not being seafaring men by profession. Licenses are granted to go to any part of the world upon terms proportionate to the risk.  
 9thly. Whole-life policies on the equal scale of premium purchaseable after four years. Lapsed Policies revived on favourable terms to the Assured.

The Board-day is every FRIDAY at  $\frac{1}{2}$  past Two o'Clock; but appearances may be taken on any day between the hours of 10 and 12 in the morning, before either of the Medical Officers, at their respective Residences, as stated above.

### TABLES.

WHOLE LIFE.									
Equal Rates of Premium.					Increasing Rates of Premiums.				
I. TABLE of Annual Premiums required for an Assurance of £100 for the whole Term of Life.					II. TABLE showing the Annual Premium Payable during Ten Years only, to Assure £100.				
Age.	Annual Premium.	Age.	Annual Premium.	Age.	Annual Premium.	Age.	Annual Premium.	Age.	Annual Premium.
15	£ 1 10 8	20	£ 4 2 6	25	£ 4 10 5	30	£ 4 19 2	35	£ 5 9 5
16	£ 1 11 5	21	£ 4 5 6	26	£ 4 12 1	31	£ 5 1 1	36	£ 5 11 9
17	£ 1 12 3	22	£ 4 7 1	27	£ 4 13 9	32	£ 5 3 0	37	£ 5 14 2
18	£ 1 13 0	23	£ 4 8 9	28	£ 4 15 6	33	£ 5 5 0	38	£ 5 16 8
19	£ 1 13 10	24	£ 4 9 5	29	£ 4 17 4	34	£ 5 7 1	39	£ 5 19 3
20	£ 1 14 7	25	£ 4 10 5	30	£ 4 19 2	35	£ 5 9 5	40	£ 6 1 11
21	£ 1 15 5	26	£ 4 12 1	31	£ 5 1 1	36	£ 5 11 9	41	£ 6 4 8
22	£ 1 16 3	27	£ 4 13 9	32	£ 5 3 0	37	£ 5 14 2	42	£ 6 7 6
23	£ 1 17 2	28	£ 4 15 6	33	£ 5 5 0	38	£ 5 16 8	43	£ 6 10 6
24	£ 1 18 1	29	£ 4 17 4	34	£ 5 7 1	39	£ 5 19 3	44	£ 6 13 10
25	£ 1 19 0	30	£ 4 19 2	35	£ 5 9 5	40	£ 6 1 11	45	£ 6 17 4
26	£ 2 0 0	31	£ 5 1 1	36	£ 5 11 9	41	£ 6 4 8	46	£ 7 0 11
27	£ 2 1 0	32	£ 5 3 0	37	£ 5 14 2	42	£ 6 7 6	47	£ 7 4 7
28	£ 2 2 0	33	£ 5 5 0	38	£ 5 16 8	43	£ 6 10 6	48	£ 7 8 4
29	£ 2 3 1	34	£ 5 7 1	39	£ 5 19 3	44	£ 6 13 10	49	£ 8 2 4
30	£ 2 4 3	35	£ 5 9 5	40	£ 6 1 11	45	£ 6 17 4	50	£ 8 6 0
31	£ 2 5 5	36	£ 5 11 9	41	£ 6 4 8	46	£ 7 0 11		
32	£ 2 6 8	37	£ 5 14 2	42	£ 6 7 6	47	£ 7 4 7		
33	£ 2 8 0	38	£ 5 16 8	43	£ 6 10 6	48	£ 7 8 4		
34	£ 2 9 5	39	£ 5 19 3	44	£ 6 13 10	49	£ 8 2 4		
35	£ 2 10 11	40	£ 6 1 11	45	£ 6 17 4	50	£ 8 6 0		
36	£ 2 12 6	41	£ 6 4 8	46	£ 7 0 11				
37	£ 2 14 2	42	£ 6 7 6	47	£ 7 4 7				
38	£ 2 16 11	43	£ 6 10 6	48	£ 7 8 4				
39	£ 2 17 9	44	£ 6 13 10	49	£ 8 2 4				
40	£ 2 19 9	45	£ 6 17 4	50	£ 8 6 0				
41	£ 3 1 10	46	£ 7 0 11						
42	£ 3 4 1	47	£ 7 4 7						
43	£ 3 6 6	48	£ 7 8 4						
44	£ 3 9 0	49	£ 8 2 4						
45	£ 3 11 9	50	£ 8 6 0						
46	£ 3 14 7								
47	£ 3 17 8								
48	£ 4 0 11								
49	£ 4 4 4								
50	£ 4 8 0								

By comparing the rates in No. I. with those of No. II. it appears that this Table offers peculiar advantages to those to whom the least possible present payment is desirable.

Mulready privately printed (Great-Britain - 1843)

According to Babbage this actuarial table with life assurance premiums; containing lots of errors, due to human repetitive calculations, from this he believed this could be avoided when using his Difference Machine.



## 1.5 At the dawn of the computer age.

## Alan Turing and Enigma at Bletchley Park

During World War II, the British Government Code and Cypher School at Bletchley Park, outside London, broke the German coded messages generated by the famous **Enigma**.



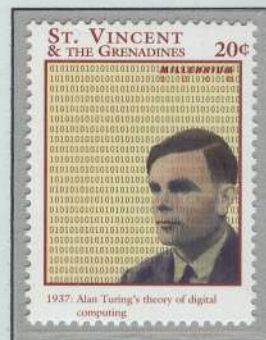
**Rejewskin**, a Polish mathematician, and two colleagues, deduced the secret internal wiring of the **Enigma**, but still it was a very time consuming task to break all incoming messages.



Rejewskin (left) and Enigma (bottom)

◀ pane prestige booklet.

T. Flowers & Collosus (left)



**Alan Turing** and **Tommy Flowers** build the world's first electronic and programmable computer "**Collosus**". It got the name because of the big number of vacuum tubes (1850) used to be able to decode the German messages. Ten of those computers were completed and used, and were crucial for deciding start of D-Day.



Secret PO box 111 letter (Great-Britain – 4.03.1943): undercover mail address of Bletchley Park, sent via FPO 676 at Inverness, Scotland with RAF censor cancel.



Bletchley Park





Konrad Zuse



During WW II **Konrad Zuse** (1910 - 1995) developed the computers Z3 and Z4 and was the first to demonstrate how to load a program. In 1949 Zuse re-established his own company under the name Zuse KG and completed the Z4. The Z4 can be considered as the first commercial computer in operation.



**Victor Glushkov** (1923-1982) made as director of the Computational Center of the Academy of Science of Ukraine many contributions to the first computer in the USSR. The MESM (meaning translated Small Electronic Calculating Machine) had about 6000 vacuum tubes, did fixed-point binary representation, used parallel arithmetic processors and could operate at an average speed of 50 operations per second.



J. Mauchly and P. Eckert



ENIAC Company called after the famous first American computer

Meanwhile in the U.S. in 1946 the **ENIAC** (Electronic Numerical Integrator and Automatic Computer) was completed by two American university professors, **John Mauchly** and **Prosper Eckert**, using as first the Babbage concepts.





Shifted perforation

The Eniac, extremely large and heavy (5m x 24m – 30 ton) was developed at the University of Pennsylvania.



◀ U.S. Postal Service issued below stamp commemorating the 50th birthday of the ENIAC and the computer technology that have followed

cancel  
Aberdeen Proving Ground,  
Maryland 24.04.1951 ▶



In 1947 it was transferred to U.S. Army Ordnance Corps in **Aberdeen Proving Ground**, Maryland, where it was in continuous operation until October 1955 to support the American ballistic research lab. It was able to calculate a trajectory in 30 seconds that took a human 20 hours.

**Dr. Atanasoff**, from Bulgarian origin, and graduate student **C. Berry** built successfully the **Atanasoff-Berry Computer (ABC)** at Iowa State College during 1939-42. The machine was only capable of solving up to 29 simultaneous linear equations, further development stopped due to WW II assignments.



An American mathematician with Hungarian roots, **Johannes von Neumann** (1903 - 1957) engineered the first computer that loaded a stored program into memory and executed it. This machine, called **EDVAC** (Electronic Discrete Variable Automatic Calculator), was created at the University of Princeton.





Francotyp "Cc/Ccm" (Sweden) ▶



In 1951 the first commercial computer was successfully developed, the **UNIVersal Automatic Computer (UNIVAC)**. It was part of the so-called 'First Generation Computers'; they were built with tubes.



Magenta color missing

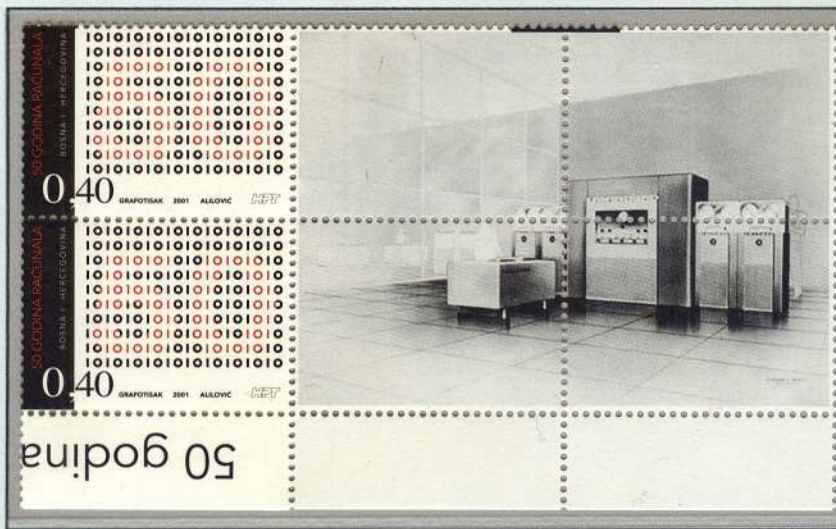


In 1955 Lawrence and Elmer Sperry, founders of the Sperry Corp., acquired the Eckert-Mauchly Computer Corp. and Remington-Rand, developers of the Univac system. The company name changed to Sperry Rand and later (1986) merged with Burroughs and exists today under the name of UNISYS.

The Univac airlines reservation system (part of USAS) is still in use today but is slowly diminishing and is being replaced with Open Source and Front-End products.







"Fifty years computers" UNIVAC exists 50 years



The second generation of computers (1958-1964) is identified by the use of transistors instead of tubes, enormous reduction of used space, use of higher level of computer languages, tape-devices and removable disks. The third generation computers (1964-1970) use integrated circuits, which result in dramatic reduction of power and space. A lot of attention goes to high availability and stability.



Die proof (Ivory Coast) design by P. Forget Mainframe IBM 360/40 model; bottom right Magnetic core memory

This generation was completely dominated by IBM's first commercialised "computer family", the IBM/360 series announced in 1965. Lots of major companies were buying and using these systems. In the beginning IBM didn't believe that companies would spend that amount of money in computers. The successes of the UNIVAC took away every doubt, and IBM started a big campaign. In 1956 it became number 1 and is still today a market leader in the computer business.



## 1.6 What about mainframes and mini-computers?

### Fourth generation and mini computers



3rd Generation CPU; EC 10xx series



German Company Robotron

The fourth generation computers started around 1970 having IC's that contain many processing circuits. Also Timesharing was introduced, being the optimal use of the processor power and time by dividing it between all users of that CPU. This allows many users to work at the same time on a single computer.



Roneo Neopost "205" completed box (Australia)

CDC 6600 mainframe computer

郵便はがき

□□□-□□

Guy Vanhaelewijn  
Luitberg 22  
B-1853 Strombeek-Bever  
Belgium  
Europe

日本郵便 NIPPON 40

日本郵便 NIPPON 30 OKYU

売価 35円

IBM

社長の決断。

成長するほど、差がでる。

IBM AS/400

世界同時発表

IBMおよびAS/400は、IBM Corp.の商標です。

Echocard (Japan)

text: minicomputer IBM AS/400



Color trials

Mainframe and mini-computers (as IBM AS/400) are meant to be available 24hrs a day and 7 days in a week. Maintenance on these types of systems are planned and are using fail-over systems.



The needs for smaller computers became visible in the 70s, and they were available under the name minicomputers.





Inflation (German Empire - 1923) stamp with highest value ever issued: 50 billion (50 miljarden), one sheet has 100 stamps gives 5 trillion (5 billionen), see border.

A supercomputer in 1985 could count from 1 to 5 trillion in a sec. Today they do it 20 million times faster. Or same as cracking a password with 95 characters with all numbers, upper and lowercase letters and special characters in one second.

Registered letter (Argentina) ► number 876023 is a prime number.

Supercomputers are always in search for the next prime number.



A supercomputer is used mainly for particular highly calculation-intensive tasks such as quantum physics, climate research, forecasting and, encryption technology by searching for the next prime number. US; china and japan are key players.



Processing capacity or speed of calculation is measured by number of FLoating point Operations Per Second. Todays supercomputers can do 1.759 PFLOPS (Peta= $10^{15}$ =1000 trillion).



Stationery (China – 2001) numbered

Shanghai Supercomputer Center



## 1.7 The area of Personal Computers.

microcomputers and Apple

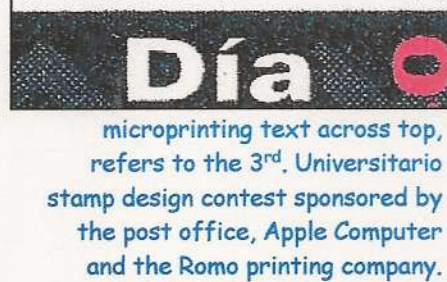


Altair, Tandy (TRS-80), Atari and **Commodore** constructed the first microcomputers in the late 70s.



Steve Jobs and Steve Wozniak

Mundial del Correo patrocinado por el Servicio Postal Mexicano, Apple Computer N. y Grupo Romo, (Imprenta Postal). Tercer Concurso



In 1976 Steve Jobs and Steve Wozniak developed their first Apple computer in their garage.



APPLE II reached markets in 1979

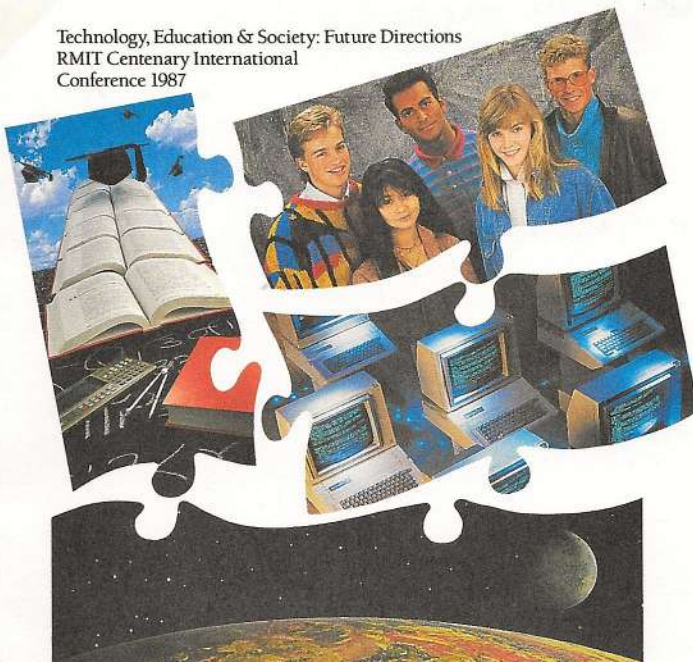


Neopost "2205" (Netherlands-1982)

Apple II

In 1979 they reached the markets with the **Apple II** model and already in 1983 the Apple Company became one of the Top 500 companies.

Technology, Education & Society: Future Directions  
RMIT Centenary International  
Conference 1987



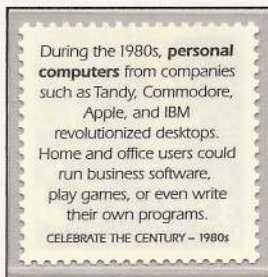
B. Van Tenac  
7 Main St.,  
LOCKLEYS SA 5032

APPLE II E -model





IBM PC XT



Back of stamp (USA)

On March 8, 1983 IBM launched their "Personal Computer", the IBM PC XT with an 8088 processor, as product number 5160.

XT stands for eXtended Technology.



Double print central image (VÖB exp)



IBM/XT was the first computers with standard hard drive and a BASIC operating system.



▲ Echo card (Japan)

IBM PC 5550 is the As version of the IBM PC : with special more power processor for east languages.



▲ Specimen meterstamp SECAP model S (France)

Olivetti M24 (8086 processor)



PC AT type



The AT (Advanced Technology) processor speed is dependent on the processor types; being 8086, 286, 386, 486 and 586 (Pentium) processors. The Pentium processors empowered with dual or quad core technology.





Private Booklet (Israel-1989)

IBM PS/2 (Personal System/2) with 2 80286 processor

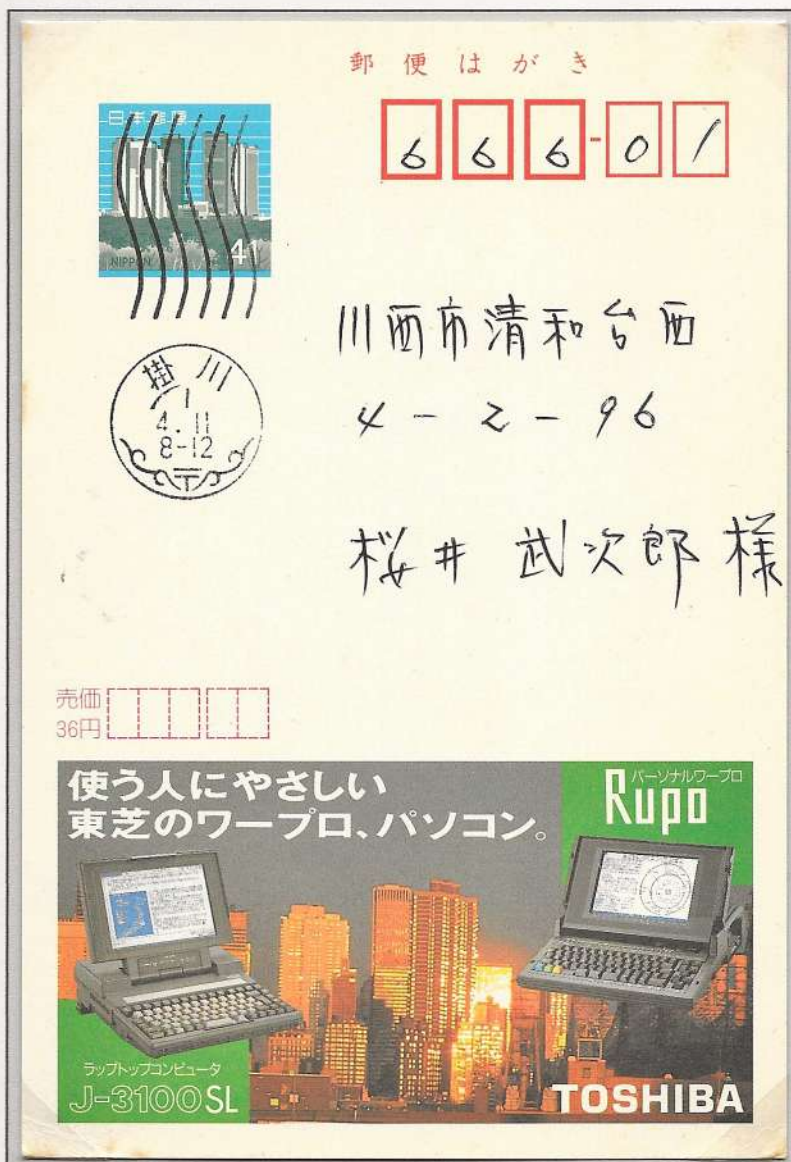
The **IBM PS/2** line was created in an attempt to recapture control of the PC market by introducing an advanced yet proprietary architecture, which was not a big success due to its hardware incompatibility.

Portable (compact) computers appeared on the market shortly after the introduction of the Personal Computer. In the beginning they were transportable because the screen, keyboard and processor were integrated in one box.



Robotron A512C

With the introduction of the flat screens the LAPTOP became flat, slim and very light (few kg).



A Laptop of TOSHIBA model J-3100SL



The word LAPTOP exists out of LAP and TOP. So, it is a PC that you can put on your lap.





Neopost "Frankmaster 505" – Prefix H (Germany)

The story of the electronically "one hand-design" devices, often called handheld, palmtop or PDA (Personal Digital Assistants) started already with certain electronic calculators in the early 80's and even the idea existed begin 1920s.



▲ PDA BlackBerry ►



The small and light-weight device that help people to manage and organize their personal and professional lives by providing instant information, anytime access to agendas, phone numbers, to-do lists, calculator and many other ...

Postgiro envelope (Belgium)

mechanical  
hand calculator  
ADDIATOR.  
size 17 x 12cm,  
weight is 300gr.

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Phablet

A phablet is blended from the words phone and tablet and combines a phone with all other applications and functionality in one device, designed with a screen which is intermediate in size between that of a typical smartphone and a tablet computer.



When using your smartphone scanning the stamp with a certain app, you could listen to world hit 'Moontan' of Golden Earring.

The smartphone and all equivalent handhelds is a growing market since 2000s and overtook shipments of both laptops and tablets worldwide in the second quarter of 2013.



The larger the display the better the visual experience for viewing web pages or multimedia sources.







Industry exhibition since 1798 till 1806

To become an industry means convincing investors and raising funds to deploy the first devices. This was what the first inventors did at exhibitions.



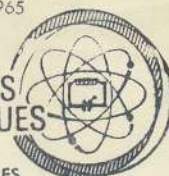
◀ color proof ▲ Black proof (France) design A. Decaris after Bertaux

The first industry exhibitions were an idea of Napoleon's minister of internal affairs, François Neuf-château. They took place 1798, 1801, 1802, 1803 and 1806 in "Hotel des Invalides" and later in the grand court of the Louvre in Paris. In 1802 Jacquard, inventor of the punch card driven loom, received the bronze medal for it.

Later those exhibitions became the famous world exhibitions or, more specific technology exhibitions.



DU 8 AU 13 AVRIL 1965  
SALON  
INTERNATIONAL  
**COMPOSANTS  
ELECTRONIQUES**  
PARIS  
PORTE DE VERSAILLES







Stationery printed to order (Bayern - 1913) Bureau Exhibition

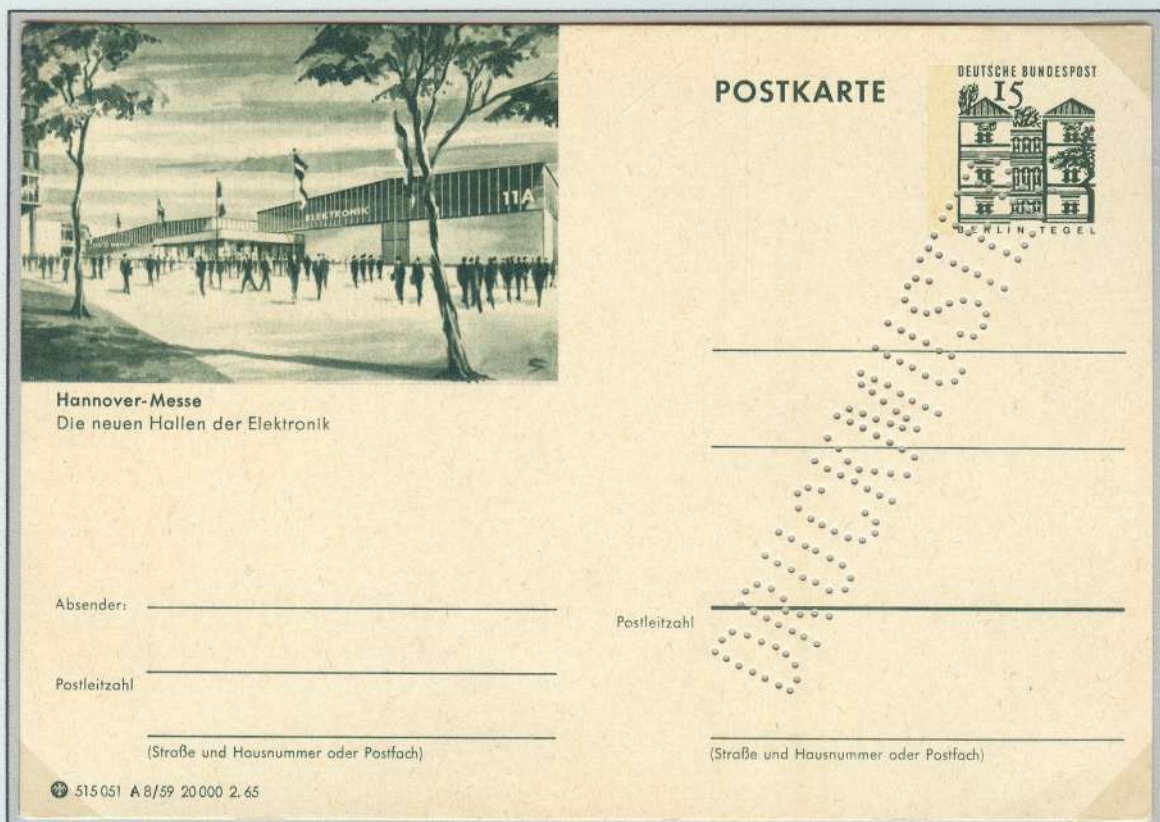


Marketing is enormously important and companies have always recognized the importance of being present on exhibitions, like ...



CeBIT (Centrum für Büro- und Informationstechnik) exhibition in Hannover.

Hannover **CeBIT**, the biggest in Europe, demonstrating and promoting new technologies. It realizes bigger name recognition by being in the picture, that's how computers got into everybody's day life.



Proof Stationery (Germany - 1959)

Hannover Exhibition since 1947



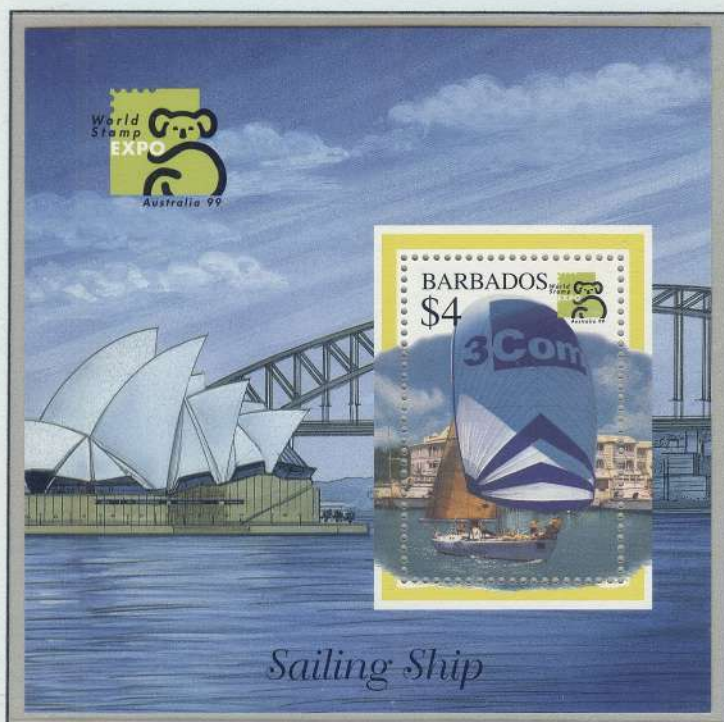


◀ Personalized stamp Type B (Belgium); used from 1.12.2001 till 30.05.2002  
Printed on phosphor paper

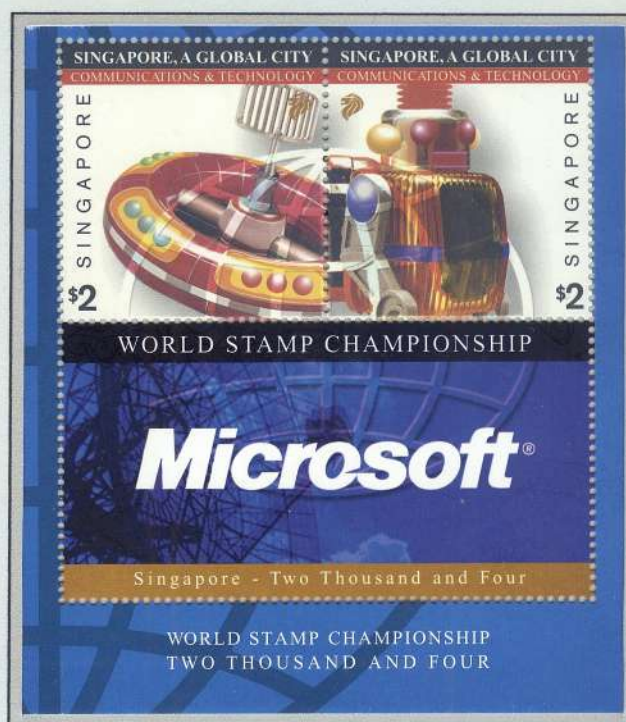


Specimen ATM (Germany)

Big computer players spend billions of dollars on marketing. Branding; being awidely-recognized trademark.



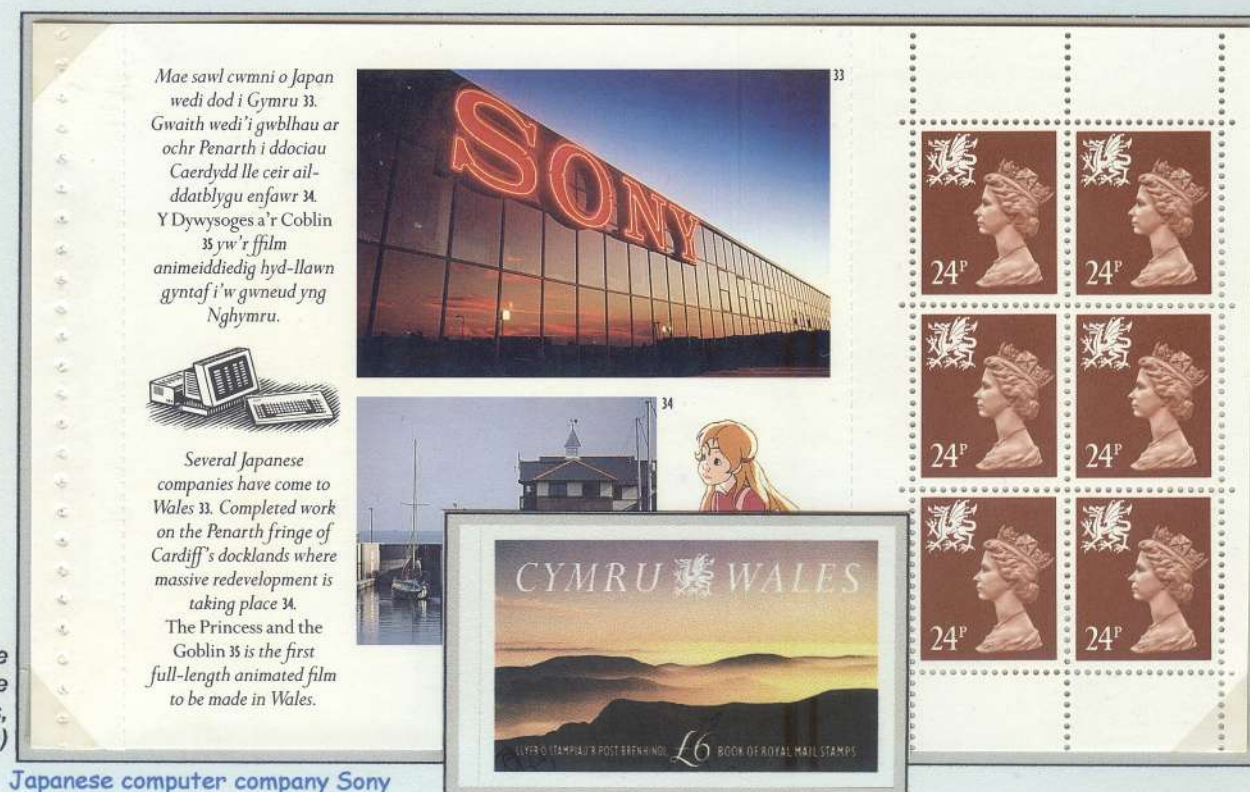
▲ Communication specialist 3Com sponsoring a yacht.



Miniature sheet (Singapore): partial view

A brand is the personality that identifies a product, service or company (name, term, sign, symbol, or design, or combination of them) and how it relates to key constituencies: customers, staff, partners, investors etc. Sometimes computer manufacturers managed to have access to the postal stamp world.

Prestige  
Booklet page  
(Wales,  
Great Britain)



Japanese computer company Sony





Thomas J. Watson Sr  
(incorrectly mentioned  
as George J. Watson)  
CEO of IBM.



International Business Machines Corporation (commonly referred to as **IBM**) got this name in 1926, before named as CTR) is an American multinational technology and consulting corporation, with corporate headquarters in New York. IBM manufactures and markets computer hardware, middleware and software.



Satas 'R' bilingual (Lebanon)

IBM slogan

Thomas J. Watson Sr, CEO of IBM and also chairman of the ICC (International Chamber of Commerce) launched in 1937 the slogan 'World Peace through World Trade'



Occasional postmark (US) issued for the U.S. pavilion at the EXPO'58 in Belgium

Who doesn't remember the presence of IBM in the U.S. pavilion at the **World's Fair EXPO '58** in Belgium where an IBM RAMAC system answered questions on world history in 10 languages? Or who remembers the commercial with Charlie Chaplin to promote their IBM XT PC, which became a standard for the personal computer market?



IBM, a world trader, has worldwide the most recognized logo in the world. In 1956 the letters "IBM" took on a more solid, grounded and balanced appearance. Since 1972 horizontal blue stripes replaced the solid letters to suggest "speed and dynamism". Recognition is key in the IT business.



## 1.8 Calculating became IT industry.

Olivetti

As an example how manufacturers were able to promote their ideas and products to the consumer. Olivetti, an Italian manufacturer of calculators and type-writers, switched later to PC-industry.

Olivetti was the first in the world that managed to promote their product and name on an official (Italian) post stamp.



IBM compatible PC Olivetti M24



Heavy Colour shift (ED certificate)



Stamp booklet (Switzerland); Olivetti publicity on cover back

Stempelbild

22.8.58

Rechnen  
Buchen  
mit  
Schreiben  
**olivetti**  
GENERALVERTRETUNG:  
**karl glatz**  
OFFENBURG

DEUTSCHE  
BUNDESPOST  
005

Francotyp: *Cc 22 830* Kennzahl:

Firma: *Karl Glatz - Olivetti - Generalvertretung*

Post: *(17b) Offenburg (Baden) 1*

Motor: Nr. Volt PS Amp.

Geliefert: *25.8.58*

Wertkartenbetrag: *DM 100.-*

Permutationsnummer: *E 6375*

Klischee: auswechselb. fest

Spezialeinrichtungen:

Merkmale:  
*287.235*

5000. b. 58 Fabrik Stolzenberg

A Francotyp company specimen card; these type of cards record registration date and number, change of publicity by requestor, sample strike of the meter mark, etc...



## The Physics of a computer, the hardware.

### 2.1 What's in the box?

Vacuum tubes



'Porte Timbre' postage stamps (Russia - 1925); sold in a post office with reduction

Advertisement of radio tubes.



Timbrographe meterstamp (Belgium - 1939)

radio tube of Tungsram



The first computers, like ENIAC, Colossus and Atanasoff-Berry Computer (ABC), developed in 1940s were constructed with all kind of electrically elements and radio tubes, also called vacuum tubes, invented in 1906.



missing perforation

The ENIAC filled a 70m<sup>2</sup> room, weighted 30 tons, used more than 18.000 tubes consuming 175KW of electricity power.



Telegram receipt (Ottoman Turkish)

advertisement radio tube of Tungsram.



The Hungarian company Tungsram was founded in 1896 and produced worldwide vacuum tubes. They were taken over by General Electric in 1990.





2 Penny tax; mandatory as support for suffering Berlin just after 2nd World War

The second generation of computers, started around 1959, was built with transistors and resistors.



Misperforation (Great-Britain) small perforation central stamp without Queen's silhouette and face value  
transistor symbol

The transistor was invented in 1948 and was the first start of the miniaturization of the computer.

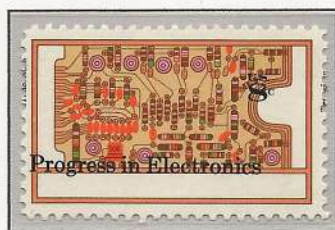


Francotype "Cc" (Netherlands) symbol vacuum tube and semi-conductor transistor

These semi-conductors were less expensive, smaller, required less electricity, and emitted less heat than vacuum tubes. The introduction of circuit boards is a fact. The second advantage was increase of the calculation speed and reliability.

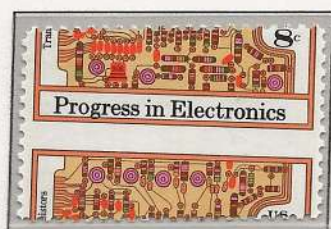


black print shift right



black print shift up + left

One small error in these **circuit boards** meant the whole board became useless and replaced, as it was cheaper than searching for the error and repair the board.



mis perforation



brown + purple shift down

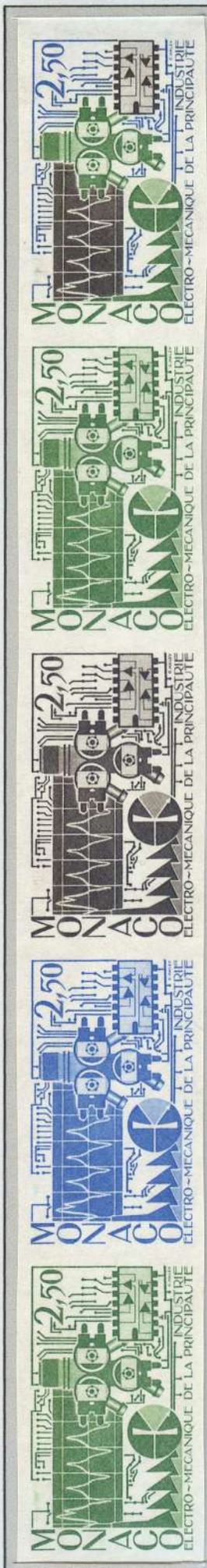


mis perfor. missing face value



printed correctly





Color proofs



core memory (right)



Jack Kilby



Microchip 600X enlarged



Magnetic core memory; bottom right



Magnetic core memory



Specimen (Mexico) partial successful perfin MUESTRA

The third generation of computers appeared in 1965. They started to use Integrated Circuits (IC), invented in 1959 by **Jack Kilby** of Texas Instruments. The evolution of 'chips' went very fast. By the beginning of the 21st century, the ICs had over 100 million transistors on it, with the total number of components including resistors, capacitors, and conductors being even larger. Result of increasing efficiency and compressing on each mm<sup>2</sup> and less power consumption.



Hasler "Smile" (Netherlands)

Integrated Circuit (IC)

Those microchips were massively in use since 1971 as central memory, processor and control.

◀ Color trial proof (Monaco):  
Integrated Circuits (ICs)



## 2.1 What's in the box?

ICs and processors



Microchip



The speed of the computers is now measured in millionths of a second, the term MIPS is born; **M**illions of **I**nstructions **P**er **S**econd.

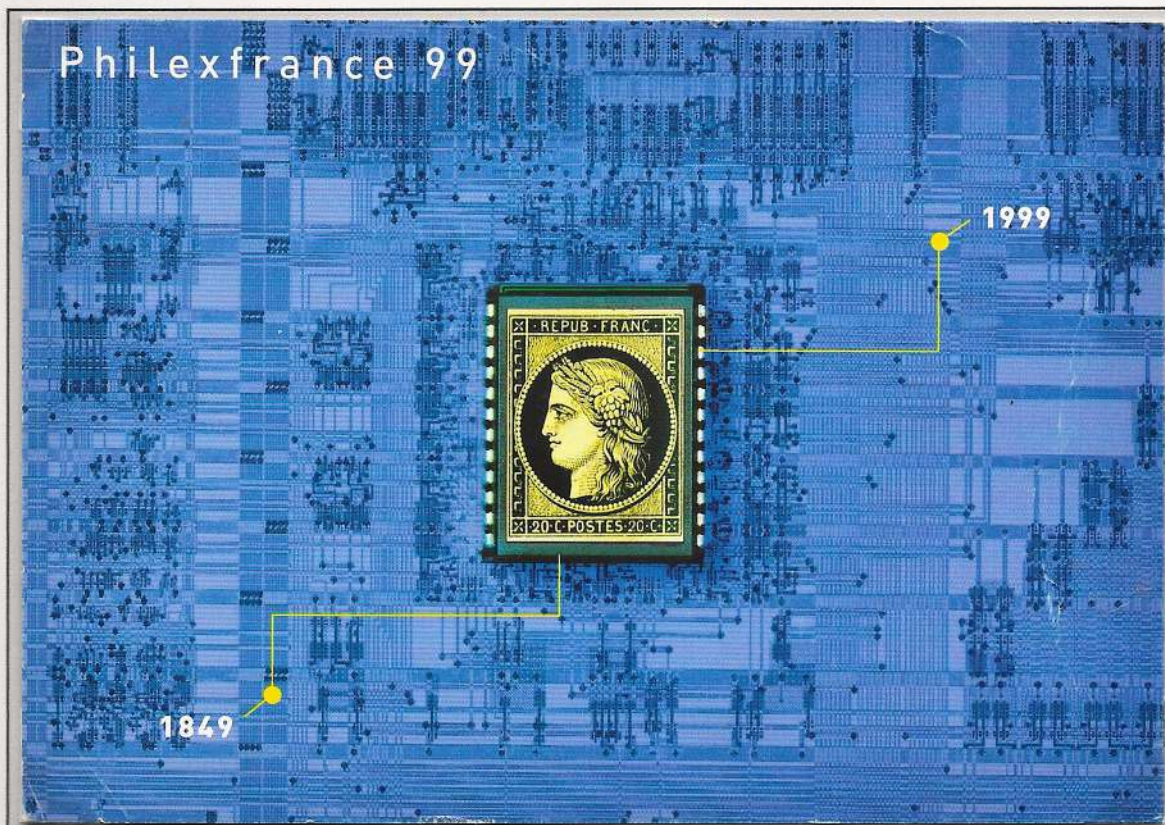


Cover as "PD" from Guyenne Cayenne sent 17.11.1864 rated 70c and cancelled with 64-dot losenge arrived in Toulon, France on 16.12.64, via Paris 14.12.64, Paris Gare de Lyon 14.12.64 and Nice 16.12.64. [At least 4 cancels of year (18)64] representing a quad-core 64-bit processor; every dot is a bit and can be either 1 or 0, also can address 264 bytes in memory.

Adding another board containing dozens of ICs was an easy way of extending a computer.



Today's ICs have **quad-core 64-bit** processors, meaning 4 independent units can read and execute central processing unit (CPU) instructions such as add, move data, and branch. Each core operates in conjunction with other circuits such as cache, memory management, and input/output ports. With respect to hardware, 64-bit is referencing the width of the registers on a computer's microprocessor or memory.



Stationery (France-1999)  
view on  
circuit board  
with central  
microchip



## 2.2 The oldest input device, the keyboard.

Inventors of first hour



Maybe we don't realize but the typewriter stood model for the computer keyboards of today.

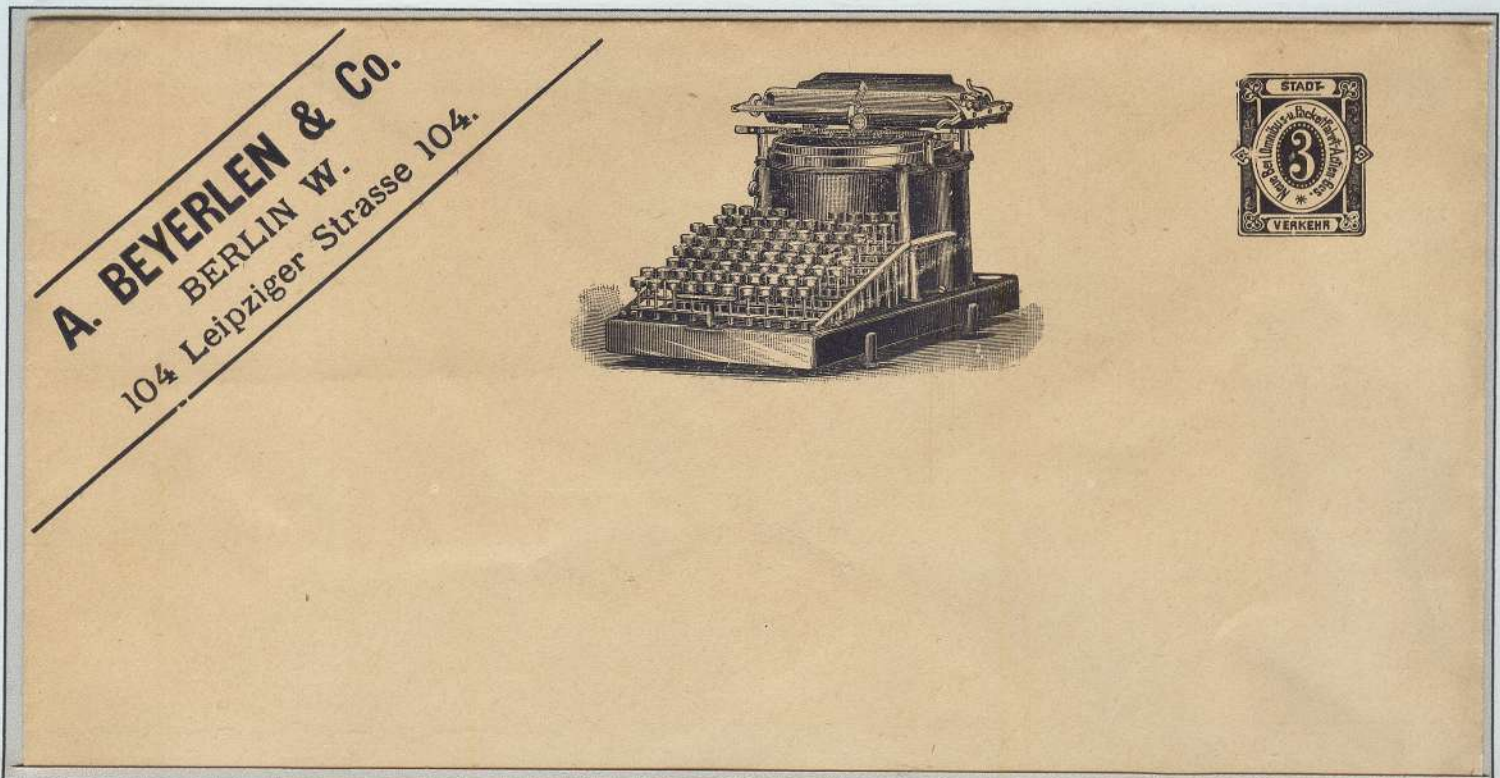
The typewriter, invented by **Peter Mitterhofer** (1822-1893) in 1864 and was put into production begin 1870s.

The first models like '**Caligraph**' had a 'full' QWERTY keyboard to avoid keys to jam and typed only in capital letters. Typing 'blind' was required; to see the writing the typist had to lift up the carriage.



Registered letter (Austria) cancel


typewriter of Mitterhofer



Printed to order stationery envelope with 3pfg Black (Berlin – Neue Berliner Omnibus- und Packetfahrt Actien-Ges. – 1888)  
typewriter 'Yost' based on Sholes & Glidden typewriter with double keyboard.

A practical commercial machine was produced in the United States in 1867 by Christopher Latham Sholes and was manufactured by the Remington Company and placed on the market in 1874. All typewriters also able to type small letters were given a double keyboard with in total eight rows of keys: three for lower case, three for upper case and two for figures and symbols.





UFFICIO EMISSIONE BUSTE-LETTERA POSTALI  
A FAVORE DELLA FEDERAZIONE DEI COMITATI  
DI ASSISTENZA AI MILITARI CIECHI, STORPI E MUTILATI  
ROMA

Copy recto

On. Signore,

Per speciale concessione governativa, ratificata con Regio Decreto N. 1678 del 29 Ottobre 1920, sono state messe in circolazione le Buste Lettera Postali simili a quella su cui scriviamo: esse hanno avuto la più entusiastica accoglienza da parte del pubblico.

Le Buste-Lettera, affrancate con francobollo speciale, vengono vendute ad un prezzo inferiore di cinque centesimi al valore nominale del francobollo appostovi; sicché, con l'uso di esse, il pubblico viene a risparmiare su ogni lettera cent. cinque di francobollo oltre ad aver gratis la busta e la carta.

In questi tempi in cui tutto rincara è un bel miracolo operare un ribasso di tal genere: cedere cioè un francobollo di quaranta centesimi per trentacinque e regalare inoltre la busta ed il foglietto.

Ci si chiederà come avviene ciò e la risposta è facile indovinarla: gli annunci di pubblicità operano il miracolo!

La concessione governativa è a favore della Federazione Nazionale dei Comitati di assistenza ai gloriosi mutilati di guerra e l'iniziativa, che riveste un nobile contenuto, è destinata al più largo successo per l'enorme diffusione delle Buste-Lettera.

Alla S. V. non sfuggirà quale e quanta efficacia abbiano le inserzioni pubblicate sulle Buste-Lettera che vengono emesse in serie ed in modo che un

Scopo precipuo della Busta-Lettera è quello di diffondere la pubblicità assolutamente seria, che, fatta con questo nuovo e geniale mezzo, riesce superiore ad ogni altra che si possa immaginare. Basta pensare infatti che le Buste-Lettera arrivano dovunque; che ogni copia passa sotto gli occhi di parecchie persone; che penetra in ogni classe sociale; che viene conservata; per convincersi della sua efficacia come medium pubblicitario. Le inserzioni poi sono disposte in modo tale che si debbono assolutamente vedere.

Convinti di fare cosa utile a codesta spett./ Azienda, chiediamo alla S. V. di voler studiare la nuova forma di pubblicità che abbiamo l'onore di proporre.

Per aver schiarimenti, copie di ordinativi, tariffe, che non impegnano in alcun modo, preghiamo di inviarci la cartolina di ritorno, che va staccata ed affrancata come stampe, e costituisce un'altra utilità delle Buste-Lettera Postali.

Indirizzare: UFFICIO EMISSIONE B. L. P. MINISTERO PENSIONI, Via Veneto 50 - ROMA - e curar di scrivere nello spazio riservato al mittente il proprio indirizzo.

In tale attesa, ci è grata l'occasione per inviare distinti saluti e ringraziamenti.


Copy verso

IL DIRETTORE

P. INDI  
Milano - Via  
Pila e latte  
Forniture  
impianti  
Lampade  
Apparecchi  
damento  
Associati  
correnti e

contro  
medich  
Indir  
(Geno)

B  
R  
CAP  
L'ire  
Dil  
FILIAL  
INTUT



STABILIMENTI  
40  
CAPITALE  
500 MILIONI

Macchina da Scrivere

Scrittura visibile

**Yost**

Senza nastro


Per Bellezza di Scrittura

Milano  
Via Dante 19  
telef. 31-72

Roma  
Via Muratte 38  
telef. 96-44

Cercansi agenti ovunque

typewriter  
'Yost' model  
◀ no 20.



Specimen of BLP - Busta Lettera Postale (Italy): series national 1-10; lettercard with advertisement in favor of Italian WO I-victims: Sheet with typed text proving 'specimen' status and explaining: "BLP ratified by Royal Decree 1678 of 29oct1920. BLP will be prepaid with special stamp sold at a value of 5c less than nominal value, ... BLP will be printed minimum 100.000 and maximum 1.000.000 copies. ...the purpose of this BLP is to spread the advertising absolutely serious, which made this new and ingenious idea successful more than any other can imagine. Just think about the fact that this BLP arrives anywhere, that every copy goes under the eyes of many people that penetrates every social class that is stored, to be convinced of its effectiveness as advertising... contact address is the Office Publishing B.L.P. - Ministry of Retirement in Rome. — end of resume of text.

As a persuasive salesman, G.W. Newton **Yost**, helped to convince the Remington Co. to produce the Sholes & Glidden typewriter. Later he formed his own company and the first typewriter bearing the **Yost** name came out in 1887.



## 2.2 The oldest input device, the keyboard.

Shift key and Qwerty

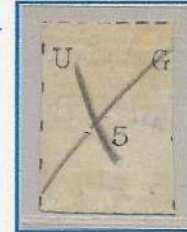


'Porte Timbre' (Uruguay); sold in a post office at lower price.  
advertisement of typewriter Remington (bottom right).

Produced with Remington typewriter ▶



Shifted black print (Italy-2008) Olivetti typewriter



Uganda missionary stamps 2<sup>nd</sup> type-written issue (April 1895). On sermon paper Black U.G. wide letters. No more than 7 recorded



Uganda missionary stamp 5<sup>th</sup> type-written issue (June 1896). Violet V.R. version with frame line dashes (RPS exp)

End 1880s models introduced the shift key (instead of double keyboards) causing the carriage to shift position in order to type either lowercase or capital letter. The shift key we use on our keyboards today does not cause the machine to shift mechanically.



Hasler "F22" (Spain-1948)

Underwood Rhythm Touch first model able to print in black and red



Stationery sold at reduced rate (Russia); sent to Brussels in Sept. 1899; uprated 3k. for aboard

'Yost' model 2 typewriter

The typewriter began to inspire the public and started appearing in offices as new source of employment, typing; people stopped complaining about the weird arrangement of keys and started memorizing the keyboard and learning how to type efficiently with the QWERTY/AZERTY variant, which is still in use today.





WW I (1916) provisional stamps  
British occupation (Long Island –  
Turkey). Typewritten on tin hori-  
zontally laid paper produced on a  
typewriter in the field.



Censor (France - 19.04.1916); typewritten censor strip on letter to Louviers

A few key technological developments, such as making it portable and avoid jamming keys, created the transition of the typewriter into a useful tool in the field.



<p><b>APARATOS SANITARIOS</b> (Estilo Moderno) Porcelana Inglesa incruentable - Equipos completos para cuartos de baños - Utensilios de aseo y accesorios de todas clases - <b>Exposición permanente</b> <b>Pedro Ramos</b> BUENOS AIRES, 7 Las Palmas (Gran Canaria)</p>	<p><b>CASA PRIETO</b> CAMISERIA, GUANTERÍA y PARAGÜERÍA ARTÍCULOS PARA REGALO PLAZA DE SAN MARCELO, 7 LEÓN</p>	<p><b>FABRICA DE MUEBLES</b> URBANO DE ANIDO (SANTAGO) </p>	<p><b>GRANDES ALMACENES</b> de Harinas, Cerales y Salazones <b>Juan Madrid Victoria</b> Carmen, 51 al 55 CARTAGENA</p>
<p>Automóviles «Cadillac», «Buick», «Oakland», «Oldsmobile», «Chevrolet», Camiones «G. M. C.» Distribuidor general en las Islas Canarias <b>MARCELINO BELLO</b> Triana, 84.-LAS PALMAS APARTADO, 48 Dirección telegráfica: MARBELLO Neumáticos «Good Year» - Distribuidor del grupo Oriental de Canarias</p>	<p><b>ANÍS CASTELAR</b> SUCESOR DE BERNAL Y PÉREZ Cazalla de la Sierra</p>	<p><b>Abonos minerales</b> <b>Primeras materias</b> <b>ABONOS COMPLETOS</b></p>	<p><b>“LA AGRICULTORA”</b> Fundición de Hierro y Bronce <b>ESPECIALIDAD</b></p>
<p><b>Continental</b>  <b>ORBIS, S. A.</b> La mejor Máquina para Escribir “Continental” Clarís, 5, Barcelona. - Hortaleza, 17, Madrid. - Mar. 8, Valencia. - Fábrica propia de Muebles para Oficinas en BURJASET (VALENCIA)</p>	<p><b>SOLICIT</b> <b>Don RAMON SO</b> Provenza, 93 a 97 EL FOLLETO DESCRIPTIVO <b>ENCICLO</b> EN DOS TOMOS, QUE POR MENSUALES PUEDE</p>	<p><b>RAMOS HERMANOS</b> NUESTRA SEÑORA DE LAS Candelas GERENTE: José Ramos Rodríguez CERAS, BUJÍAS, CHOCOLATES Y CAFÉS APARTADO DE CORREOS N.º 11 <b>MEDINA DEL CAMPO</b> DEPÓSITO EN MADRID Canarias, 11 (Delicias)</p>	<p>Copy front A. 09.209  <b>Udalla</b> CHOCOLATE ALCOHOL </p>

Stationery printed to order (Spain);

Continental typewriter modified to be used in Europe.

For Europe some minor modifications were added to allow special letter writing. Continental was once a proud brand on European continent that gained almost full market share in period 1900s till 1950s.

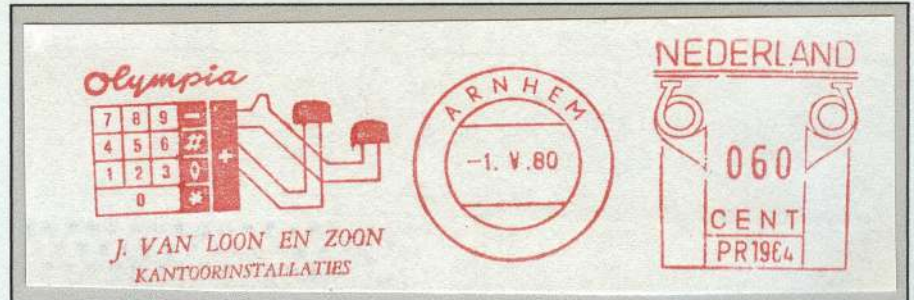


## 2.2 The oldest input device, the keyboard.

Keypad and Increased productivity



WW I (1916) provisional stamps British occupation (Long Island - Turkey). Typewritten stamps on tin horizontally laid paper; typed with purple ribbon.



Postalia "P" (Netherlands)

Olympia numeric keypad with operating keys

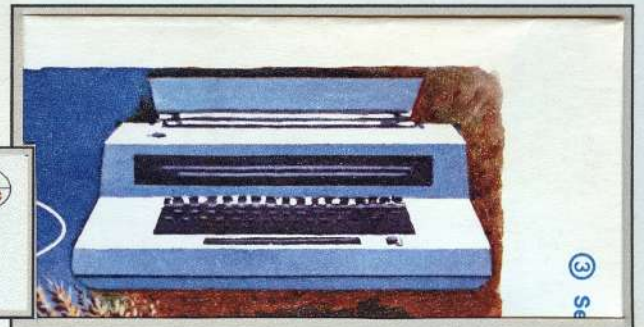
A numeric keypad, part of a standard computer keyboard, is based on the electric calculator 10-key pad. The numbers (0-9) are ordered bottom up and surrounded by operating keys.



A number tools increased the productivity and/or quality, such as: carbon paper, colored typewriter ribbon, removable typing element for fonts (family of characters), and others.



Aerogram (USA - 1981)  
-partially shown ▶



There was a time offices had a mixture of keyboard based systems what made it possible to learn those new systems easily, one after the other, in just a few years, while typewriting technology changed very little in its starting years.



Copy back.

Fancy Cancellation (USA-15.04.1933) from Briggsdale, Ohio to Lewisburg

Man is sitting at desk in front of typewriter typing.



## 2.2 The oldest input device, the keyboard.

Up to the keyboard



Pitney Bowes model "CVS" (USA)

text: electric typing

50 years later the electric driven typewriter became common. One century later the computer having powerful word processors programs using nice fonts and laser printers giving better and nicer results.



◀ Specimen electronic personalized stamp (France - 2013); designed by La Poste

An ergonomic computer keyboard is designed with ergonomic considerations to minimize muscle strain and a host of related problems.

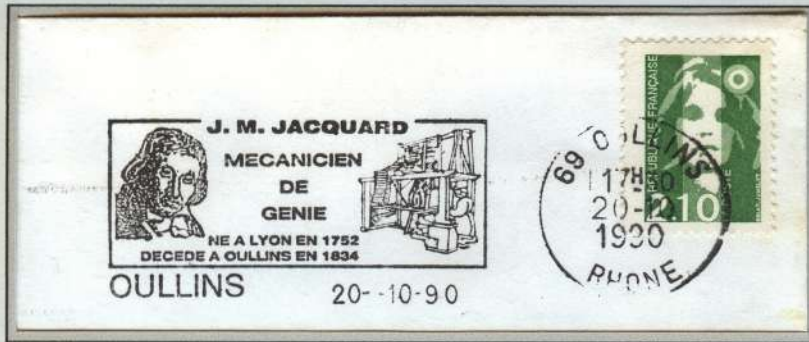


Microsoft "Natural" keyboard: the ergonomics (=design and comfort) becomes more and more important.



## 2.3 The soon forgotten punch card.

From Jacquard to Hollerith



The well-known punch card is an invention of a French silk weaver called Joseph-Marie Jacquard. In 1806 he realized his first industrial automation of a weaving production process. He ran a loom by using plates with holes, punch cards.

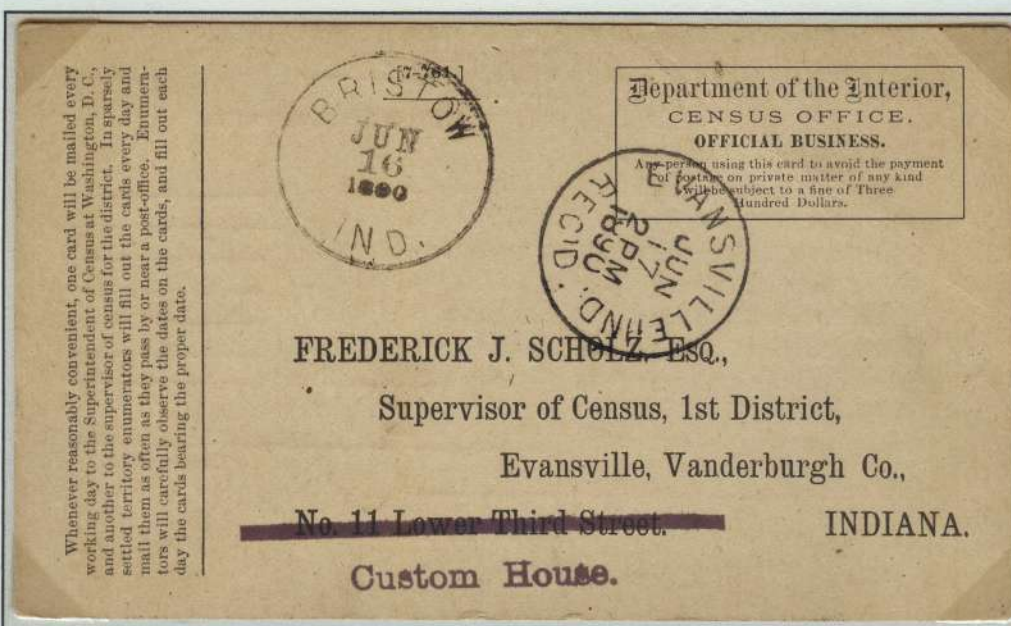
Crashed Letter Ballon Monté "Le Jacquard" (Paris 24Nov1870 – London 19Dec1870) named after the famous silk weaver. The balloon was crashed near the Scilly Isles to the South of England and the pilot died. Few bags were recovered after the sinking. Stamp was lost (see ® rebuts) due seawater. ▶



Copy detail back



◀ Stationery (US); celebrate bureau of census 1790-1965 (only stamp shown)



Stationery (Romania) : Herman Hollerith (only stamp shown)

◀ Service card Census office (US -1890); sent free of postage

In 1884 Herman Hollerith, special agent of the US Census Bureau, developed his first tabulating counting system based on Jacquard's system. He developed a punch card to be used for the 12<sup>th</sup> census in the US. Because the one before took 7 years to complete and with additional 12 million people it would take more than 10 years to complete. 43 punch card readers treating 55 million people's data was completed in 6 weeks.



## 2.3 The soon forgotten punch card.

Hollerith punch cards



◀ Francotyp "B" with tall value figures (German Empire) 1927  
text Hollerith punch card systems

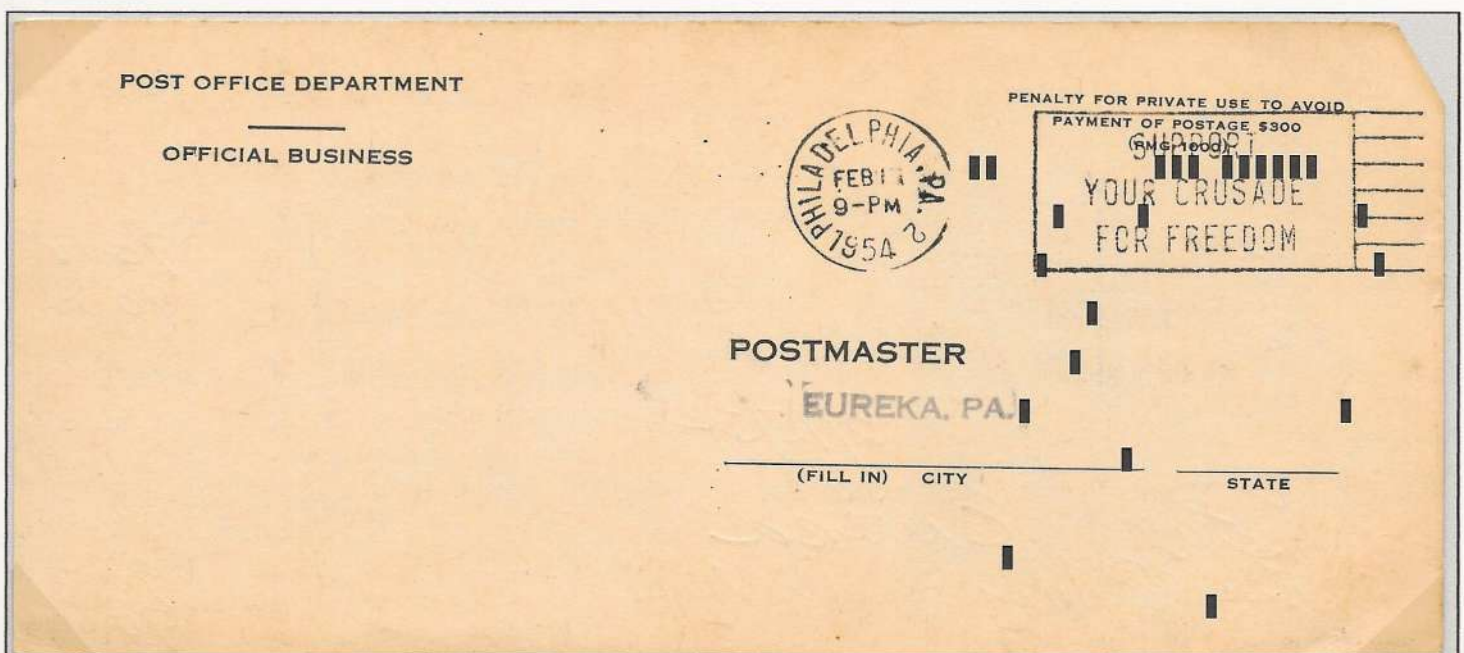
Hollerith Tabulating Company became IBM in 1926. IBM's German subsidiary DEHOMAG (Deutsche Hollerith Maschinen AG) came recently into the news for its involvement in the Holocaust; the punch card systems delivered, helped the Nazi regime processing people's information quicker.



Postalia model (Germany - 1949): 2 Penny mandatory support for suffering Berlin after 2nd World War  
ill. Punch card Hollerith Maschinen



The most common (IBM 80-column) punch card measures 187mm by 83mm and typically had one upper corner diagonal cut so that cards are oriented correctly. It contains 80 columns and 12 lines, corresponding with 1 line of 80 characters of data and the punch positions represents characters using the Hollerith-code.



Post office service card - 'penalty for private use' mail (US): sent free of postage.

Card format an IBM 80-column



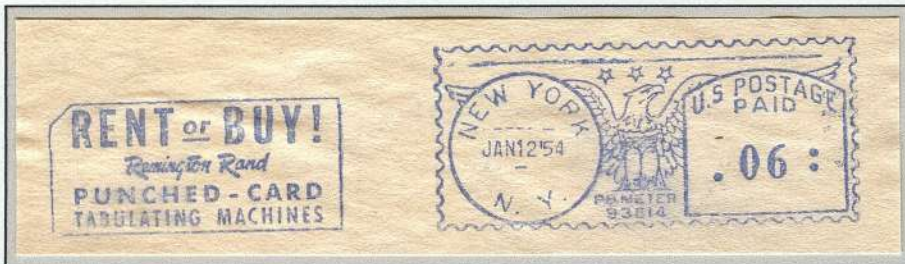
## 2.3 The soon forgotten punch card.

common punch card

Francotyp "CC"  
(Netherlands)  
punch card  
reader  
machines ▶



Up to the 1980s data and even programs were read in with this medium thru punch card readers.

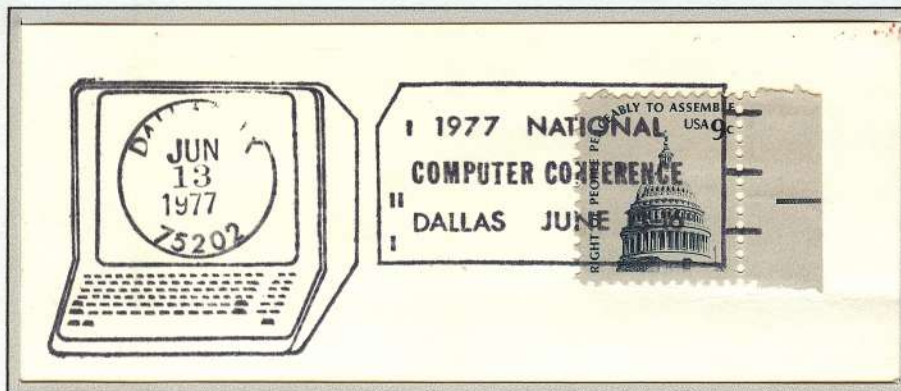


Pitney Bowes (US – 1954)

punch card Remington Rand



Punch card reader (left)



High-speed sorters and readers could process up to 650 punched cards a minute.

POSTCHEQUE- EN GIRODIENST		BIJ Met inkt invullen	
STORTINGSKAART – KENNISGEVING VAN BIJSCHRIJVING		P.C.D. 2/9	
POSTREK. 12638		POSTREK. 44845	
van A. Heer J. van M. Oostdam Joseph Israelian 25.		van A. Z. A.	
te Ryswijk (Z. H.)		te A'dam	
st 3 Gld 70 Ct		180 - Gld 60 Ct	
door J. van M. Oostdam		door J. van M. Oostdam	
adres Parklaan 50		te A'dam	
Mededelingen betreffende betaling hieronder of aan keerzijde vermelden.		waarmerk postambtenaar	
ALLOYD P. 77-200587. 11 September 1966		RECHT 25 CENT BETAALD	
G 8 c NIET VOUWEN OF KREUKEN		G 9 nr 21166	

Deposit card G8c has IBM 80-column format and uses the Hollerith-system. Used from 02 October 1961, for depositing money. Notification description was coded (see punch holes) for automatic processing of the data. Right part, proof of deposit, was send to the payer. There are 7 different versions of this payment card, including denominations for three tax increases. The printed values were appearing alternating on the left or right part. This payment method was no longer used starting on 30 July 1966.





German field post 185 sent from Sofia (Bulgaria) 31.5.1917 with **K.u.K. HUGHESSTATION / SOFIA** violet telegraph office cancel to Vienna (Austria)

The paper punch tape is better known from the telex world. The telegraph and newsagents have used for many years a machine, called *teletypewriter*, an invention of **E. Hughes** (1831-1900) in 1855.

Punch tapes were used as input and output devices in the beginning.



IBM 1621 punch tape machine



In the late 1950s when speed became more important and the capacity wasn't sufficient anymore, a switch was made to magnetic tape. It was still in use by the telex users till beginning 2000s especially in the US.



E. Hughes



Color trial proof (Mali)  
E. Hughes telegraph device



Color proof with notes of color numbers used (France)

left; IBM 1621 punch tape machine





Magnetic tape was in the beginning only available on a spool. It was for a long time the most used storage medium, especially for backing up and storing programs.



It allowed companies and organizations to store data in a very inexpensive way.

Tapes were portable and could be sent around the world without data loss, but today magnetic tapes are available in cartridges, in which they are better protected against damages.

05 914 Göteborg 2 Länssstyrelsen Data		Urgent Itpaket		Plats för frankering och datumstämpel	
inrikes postpaket. Anvisningar på blankettens baksida					
Från Länssstyrelsen i Göteborgs och Bohus län Fack, 403 10 GÖTEBORG 2		Tjänste			
Adressat		Ankomstnr			
Till Länssstyrelsen Box 901 101 21 Örebro		Namn Assbetopp kr Leg.stift (för asspaket) Vasagatan 9			
Paketets innehåll Hälskort F-aviser P-aviser Magnetband					
Paketet kvitteras (ej med blyerts- eller färgpenna) Adressatens namnteckning		Datum 14/12/72		Utlämningsdag 14/12/72	
Budets namnteckning (endast betr. asspaket)		Paketets ank.dag 14/12/72		Vikt i kg 4	
Budets adress		Sign. <i>[Signature]</i>			

Official parcel service card for a 4kg package, marked urgent, containing holerith cards and magnetic tapes. Sent 14dec1972 from Göteborg to Örebro





A tape unit unrolls a tape from one spool to another spool, while it can read or write the data or instructions on that tape.



Magnetic tape contains very small magnetic particles put on a plastic carrier (tape). Those particles can be magnetized (storing data) with information.



The speed of transfer can be a few hundred thousand bytes a second, but is considered as too "slow" today.



*Stationery cassette post (Egypt); facility for private individuals to send spoken messages on cassette tapes to their relatives and friends.*



The first personal computers used the classic music recording cassette as a cheap storage medium to store data and programs. It evolved to tape-streamers for daily and/or weekly computer backup.



## 2.5 From disk to floppy, from CD to Cloud.

Hard disks

A memory device, such as a floppy disk or a hard disk is covered with a magnetic coating on which digital information is stored in the form of microscopically small-magnetized needles. Data is read and written by a disk drive that rotates the discs and positions the read/write 'heads' over the desired track(s). The latter radial movement is known as 'seeking'.



▲ Removable disks ▼



Pitney Bowes "6300 series" (Germany)

Removable disk



Friden 9258 (USA)

internal sight disk drive, heads on moveable arm

Today billions of bits of data can be stored on those disks. The **removable disks** are replaced by fixed redundant inexpensive or independent hard drives (RAID). This provides high availability and secured data access protected by system microcode.



5.25 inch diskette; flexible cover (protective jacket) and a capacity of 360KB to 1.2MB



3.5 inch diskette; hard cover (better protection) and a maximum capacity of 1,44MB.

A **floppy drive** for **diskettes** was standard in every personal computer with a hard disk till 2005. A floppy disk can store data. A floppy drive can be recognized by a covered slot at the front of a PC, where the diskette can be brought in or later removed. By 1996, there were an estimated 5 billion floppy disks in use.



## 2.5 From disk to floppy, from CD to Cloud.

CD-ROM

May 16, 1960, **Arthur Schawlow** and Charles Townes outlined the working principles of the laser beam technique, which was derived from the microwave technique. Finally the laser technology expanded continually in the world of science, medicine, industry, and entertainment resulted in different fiber-optic compact disks.

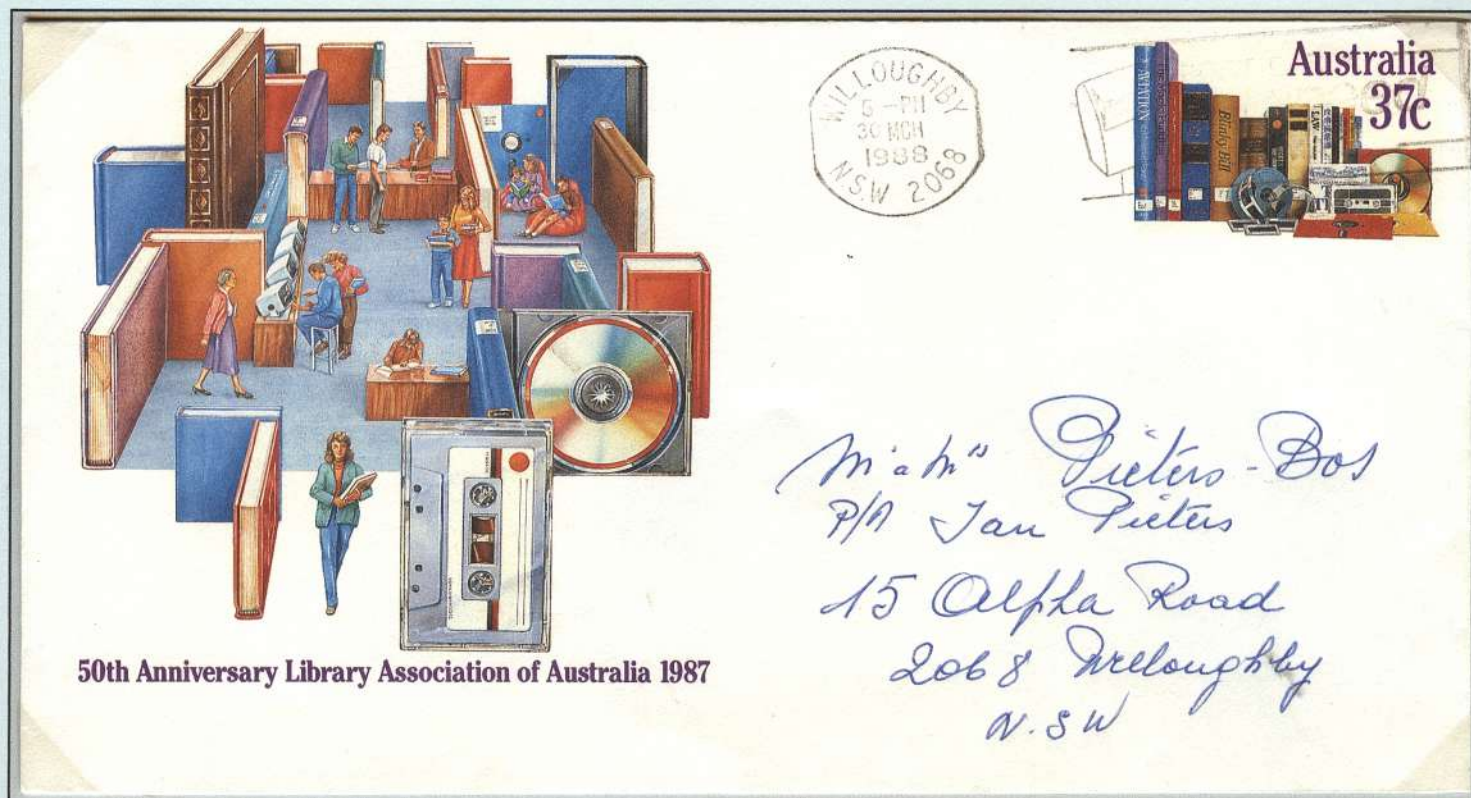


Francotyp "Cm7000/10000" (Sweden) A CD-ROM disk can store 250.000 A4-pages

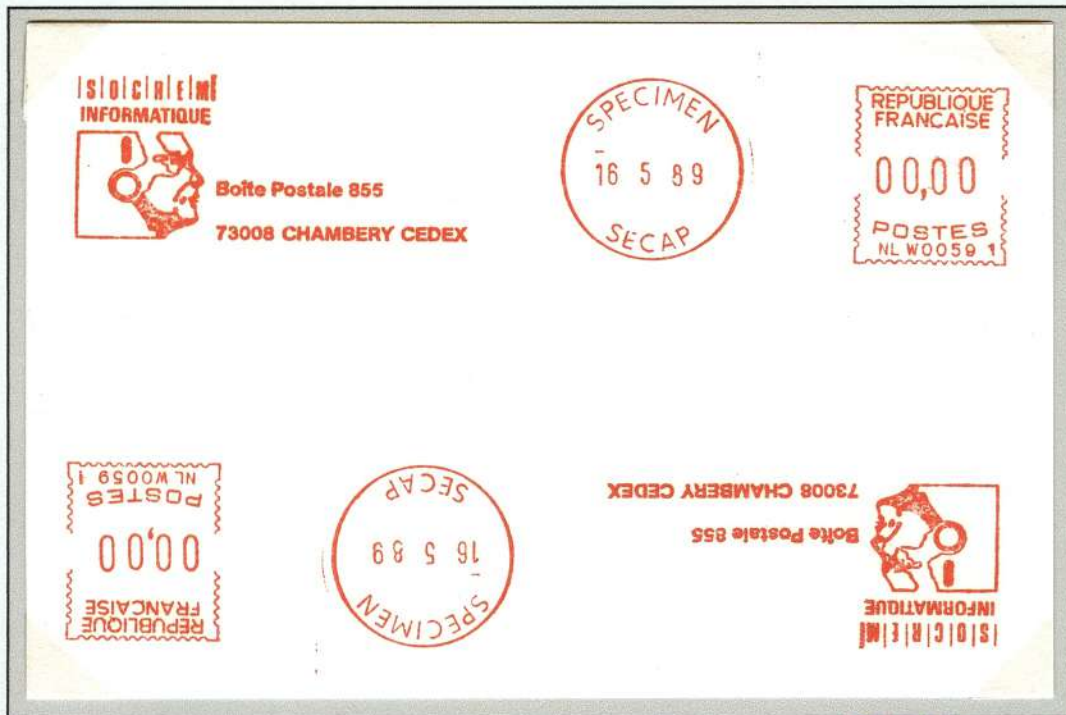
Today CD-ROM (Read Only Memory), CD-R (Recordable), CD-RW (ReWrite) and DVD (Digital Video Disk) are often used for music, video, software and encyclopedias.



A compact disk can easily contain an encyclopedia as Larousse with all its articles and images, up to 650 megabytes (6500 x 2<sup>20</sup> bytes; being 650 x 1048576 bytes or about 250.000 A4 pages text) of data.







Meter Stamp Specimen type SECAP (France)

5.25 inch floppy disk

The floppy disk or flexible magnetic disk revolutionized computer disk storage for small systems and became ubiquitous in the 1980s and 1990s in their use with home computers to distribute software, transfer data, and create backups and archives.

USB flash drive, symbol  
USB in tab (right)

Internet



Archives



Cloud



Evolution of different media; punch card, tape, Floppy, CD to flash drive and SD card

Today the traditional storage have now been superseded by USB flash drives, external hard disk drives, CDs, DVDs, SD cards and became invisible by computer networks, internet or in the Cloud.





Postcard printed to order (German Empire - 1900)

Johannes Gutenberg 500 year jubilee

The printing (r)evolution started long before the computer age, in 1436 **Gutenberg's** work on the printing press, spread rapidly across Europe thanks to the high quality and relatively low price, always searching for quicker and more efficient way of reproducing text and image.



Word 'printer' derived from printer profession

Commercial impact and regulations forced companies to fulfill more and more paperwork. First written on preprinted paper, ...



Preprinted Paper ►

...and then later fully typed with typewriters, using all kind of tools to produce more and quicker, like **carbon paper** twisted between two sheets of **typewriter paper** copying the text easily.

Francotyp "Cc" (Belgium-1960)  
missing town + date mark

Carbon paper



print proof (German Saxony - 1946) on typewriter paper (e)



Provisional issue made on a typewriter (Long Island - British Occupation - 1916)

◀ 1d black with L type error – Only one known (e)

1d black ► produced by carbon paper





## 2.6 All the differences in printing.

Stencil and printing paper



Also stencil technique (spirit duplicator) often used when high volumes were needed and typewriters were involved.



Strike post from Great-Britain (8 Feb. 1971); it was approved in that period to special private postal services to produce and sell stamps; stamp produced by the stencil technique.



Today all European laser and inkjet printers are using standard paper sizes like A4 and A3. A4 (210 mm x 297mm) is part of an official metric standard. It was set in 1975 and is based on a German standard originally from 1922. The key feature of this paper size is that A4 is half the size of A3, A5 is half the size of A4.



Francotype "CC" (Netherlands -1984)



Wide fanfold paper

In the early years wide fanfold paper was most commonly used with impact printers like line and dot matrix printers. The continuous paper with edge perforations is moved through the printer with sprocket wheels or toothed belts.





teleprinter



SECAP prefix "NE" (France)

Typical computer with printer setup; printing on fanfold paper

A printer is an output device that started as a "teleprinter" used in the telex world. Text or drawings coming from a computer are printed on paper.



Line printer quality

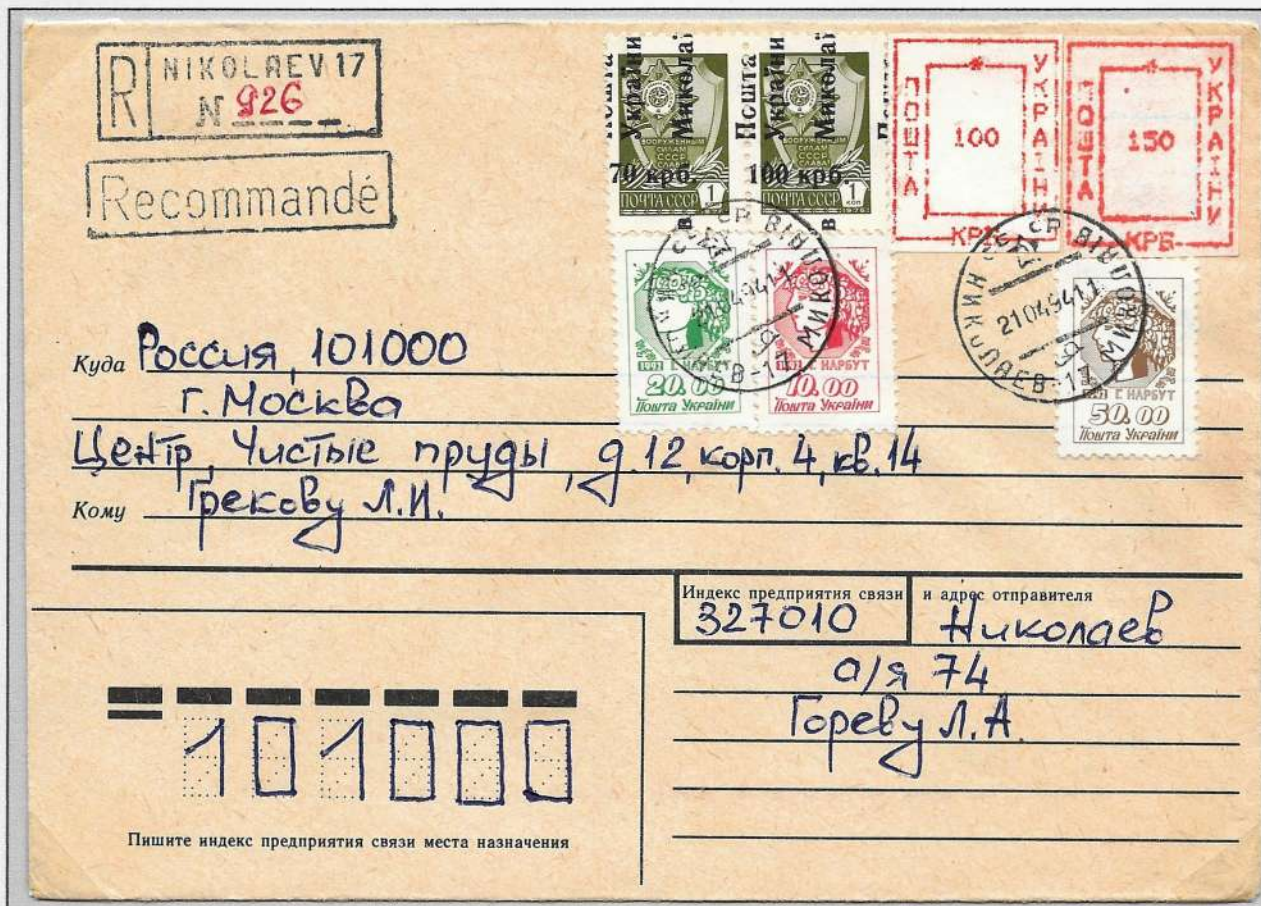


▲ dot-matrix printers



white dot-matrix printer label on letter from Oudtshoorn near Cape Town (South-Africa)

Dot-matrix printers have a vertical column of up to 48 small closely packed needles or pins each of which can be individually forced forward to press an ink ribbon against the paper. The print head is repeatedly scanned across the page and different combinations of needles activated at each point. Dot-matrix printers are noisy compared to non-impact printers like laser or inkjet printers



The Nikolaev (principal town of Ukraine) so called computer stamps are printed with a common 9-needle dot-matrix printer. Due to a shortage of stamps in the period of 1992-1994, because of the independence of Ukraine, a lot of those regional (local) stamps were produced. They exist in black and red printed postage and with different values.





Print out on 1st Class stamps (Great-Britain) of printer test of a self-service payment NCR VK80 thermal printer widely installed in post offices.

A thermal transfer printer (first produced in 1981) uses thermal wax ribbon in combination with special paper.



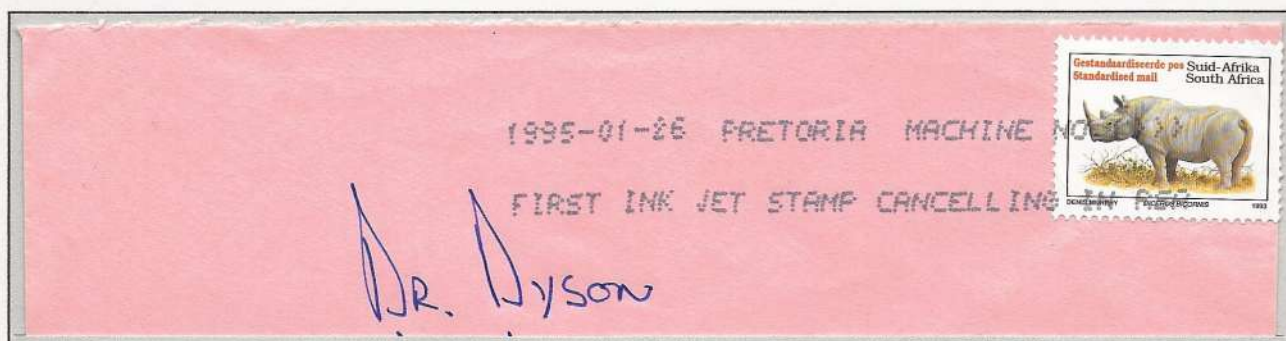
Thermal transfer print used at the 'Autopost' experiment, a self-service postage vending machine. The stamp is printed at selling time. Tests have taken place in the congressional post office in Washington, D.C. and Kensington. After a lot of problems the experiment was cancelled.

During the printing, paper or ribbon is heated on those spots where printing is wanted. These printouts can be used in environments of higher temperatures.



Thermal transfer print (Spain) commemorative

Thermal printers are cheaper and use continuous paper and ribbons which cost more.



The cancellation of the stamps on the above letter was realized by the cancellation machine JAIME 1000SA having a build-in inkjet printer, that can automatically print current timestamps, and 25 different slogans (max length of 140mm). Printing speed is about 4 meter/sec of cancellations.

Inkjet printers are non-impact, electronically driven printers that use hundreds of tiny print head nozzles that each eject, by thermal pressure, a single drop of ink on a surface to form text or images. Technical research in ink drying and sharpness has given them high availability and reliability.



The numbers (every fifth stamp) on those coil stamps (Germany) were printed by an inkjet printer. Before those numbers were printed by traditional printers.



NORDIA 91

Mei'lleures  
salutations de  
NORDIA 91

Mr. Eriksson

POST OG SÍMAMÁLSTOFNUNIN 1991



Mr. Yves Hennekinne

Chée de Renaix, 13

B-7500 Tournai

BELGIUM

HÖNNUN OG PRENTUN: ODDI HF.  
LJÓSMYNDIR: MATS WIBE LUND (LAUGARDALUR)  
SNORRI SNORRASON (LAUGARDALSHÖLL)

IBM



During the stamp exhibition *Nordia 91* a network of terminals and printers setup by IBM could be used to send the above stationary in an automated way. Date of mailing was printed by a central laser printer in the preprinted cancellation, together with an address and message chosen by the sender.

A laser printer uses laser beams to produce an image or text on a rotating selenium imaging drum. The developer drum transfers toner from the toner bin to the charged areas of the imaging drum, which then transfers it onto the paper into which it is fused by heat. Toner is dry ink powder, generally a plastic heat-sensitive polymer.

КАК ДВЕ КАПЛИ ...



ЭДС

Официальный полномочный дилер фирмы  
Xerox the Document Company



ГУМР

г. Бендер - 15

по восстановлению

В. Раико

Color copier/laser printer of Rank Xerox; Model 5760





Cover with 3 different colored stamps; 5c blue, 10c red and 40c yellow with Papal emblem in black, sent as "PD" (Postage paid to destination) from Rome (Papal States) on 10.01.1870 via Saint-Michel-de-Maurienne, France (see blue transfer cancel **E.-PONT. St. MICHEL - 13JANV1870**) arrived in Knowle, Great Britain on 14.01.1870.

Represent the 4 basic (blue, red, yellow and black) colors of every printed image.

Today's laser and inkjet printers print in colors. Most of the entire spectrum or gamut of colors can be reproduced with just the four process ink colors (CMYK); Cyan (blue), Magenta (red), Yellow and black (K stand for 'key'; traditional word for the black printing plate). Small dots of these colors are printed at different angles to create the printed image.



CMYK



Digital Printing



Plotter (detail)



Francotype "CC" (Netherlands -1981)



(Netherlands - 1970)

complex plotter drawing driven by data stored on paper punch tape to eliminate duplication to discourage forgers

A plotter is a device that uses one or more ink pens that can be raised, lowered and moved over the printing media to draw graphics or text. Combinations of horizontal and vertical movement are used to draw arbitrary lines and curves in a single action.

**3D-printers** are the latest printer evolution. They print by extruding small beads of material (like plastic, metal) which harden immediately into forms created with a computer aided design (CAD) packages.



Fragment sheet (Belgium)

3D-print out in plastic



Since introduction of **e-readers** and tablets, more and more people are working paperless or greatly reduced it.





◀ OCR font  
flam cancellation ▶



A tool for electronic identification and digital encoding of printed or handwritten characters by means of an optical scanner and specialized software is OCR (Optical Character Recognition).



Magnetic Ink in combination with OCR



Shift colors

Special magnetic ink is used for printing banknote numbers in OCR character format (font). This way computers can check the banknotes for forgery and where and when used.

In the same way ticking boxes with a black pencil can help a computer optically to read or interpret data.



Optical ticking with a pencil



OCR sticker (Canada): allow senders to tick with a pen the postal code. This simplifies the OCR recognition and quicker sorting.





◀ First stamp booklet with barcode (type UPC - A) issued by US Postal in 1987

In 1952 Mr. N. Woodland and Mr. B. Silver received their patent for barcodes. In 1974 a modern price scanner was first used in the U.S. food industry.



Type UPC-E used for the Autopost Experiment - (USA 1989), a self-service stamp machine; stamp was printed at the moment it was sold. It was tested in Washington DC and Kensington. After a lot of problems like disappearing ink the experiment was stopped.



Barcode in border (type EAN-13)

Today, all products sold in USA are marked with a barcode with called a Universal Product Code, or UPC. EAN-13 (European Article Number) is a derived version of the UPC; an extra check-flag was added to it. The EAN is used in Europe and rest of the world (except Nord-America).



Each barcode typically contains a printed horizontal strip of vertical bars of varying widths, groups of which represent decimal digits. Bar codes have a leading "quiet" zone, a start and data character, a check digit, stop character and a trailing quiet zone. Check digits are used to verify that the number has been scanned correctly.



Barcode readers usually use visible red light to read the code and interprets it either through software or a hardware decoder. When read it is send to the application for processing.

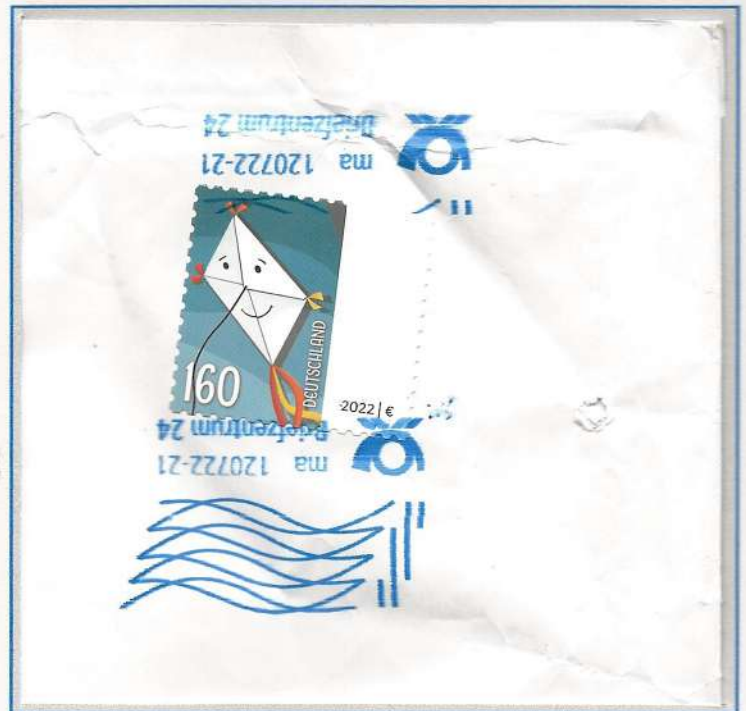








Since 2021 Germany introduced the matrix code on every stamp they issue. Every barcode on every stamp is unique. It is introduced against fraud, reproduction and reuse.



Cover with kite stamp 160c **without matrix code** (Germany-2022) with blue postmark "Briefzentrum 24/ 120722" on bubble envelope (bubbles removed); only one is recorded (max 10 possible).

Large amounts of text (860 ASCII characters) and data can be stored securely and inexpensively when using the Matrix barcode, a very area efficient two dimensional format. It is using an unique perimeter pattern that helps the barcode scanner determine the cell locations. The cells are made up of square modules with specific information.

vignette scan barcode registered (France); ► ill. barcode reader with red laser.



QR-code was developed for the automotive industry but became very popular in consumer advertising to allow smartphone applications to route to internet information.



QR-code (Quick Response)



Meter stamp printed in dark blue instead of red for better automatization (Dresden, Germany Privatpost - Post Modern - 2012)

QR-code scan with smartphone



## 2.7 Coding with bars.

postal service bar codes

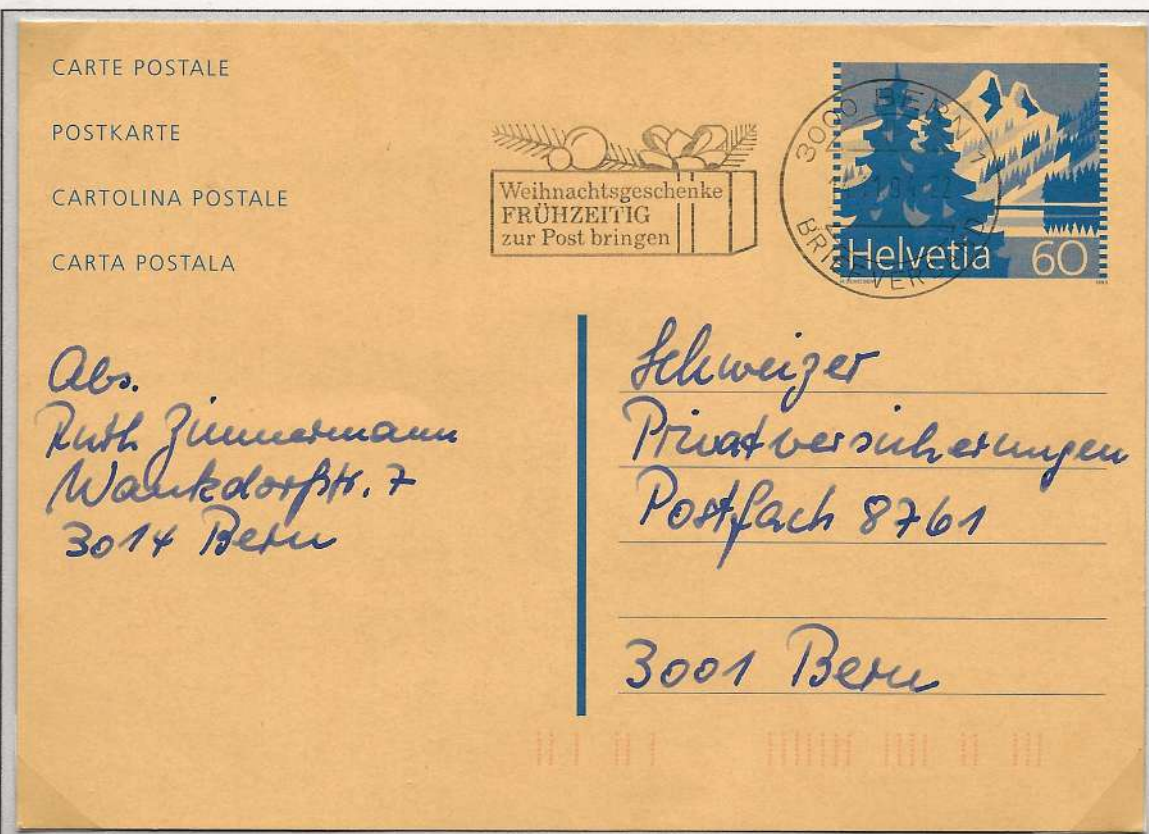
By begin 1960s mechanization increased productivity for more efficient methods and equipped postal services to be able to offset the rising costs associated with growing mail volume.



◀ Barcode (Netherlands - 1968); from 1961 till 1981 a barcode next to the main cancellation was used for mail from Rotterdam to 64 main cities. There are 4 code blocks; lowest 2 code blocks contain the city, the upper-most 2 code blocks contain the code machine. The co-ding in the code blocks changed a few times in all those years. From 1977 the city code expanded so that the Netherlands could be completely served. In May 1981 the system was stopped and replaced by CMC-7 coding systems.

First-generation machines read the city name and ZIP code of typed addresses to sort letters.

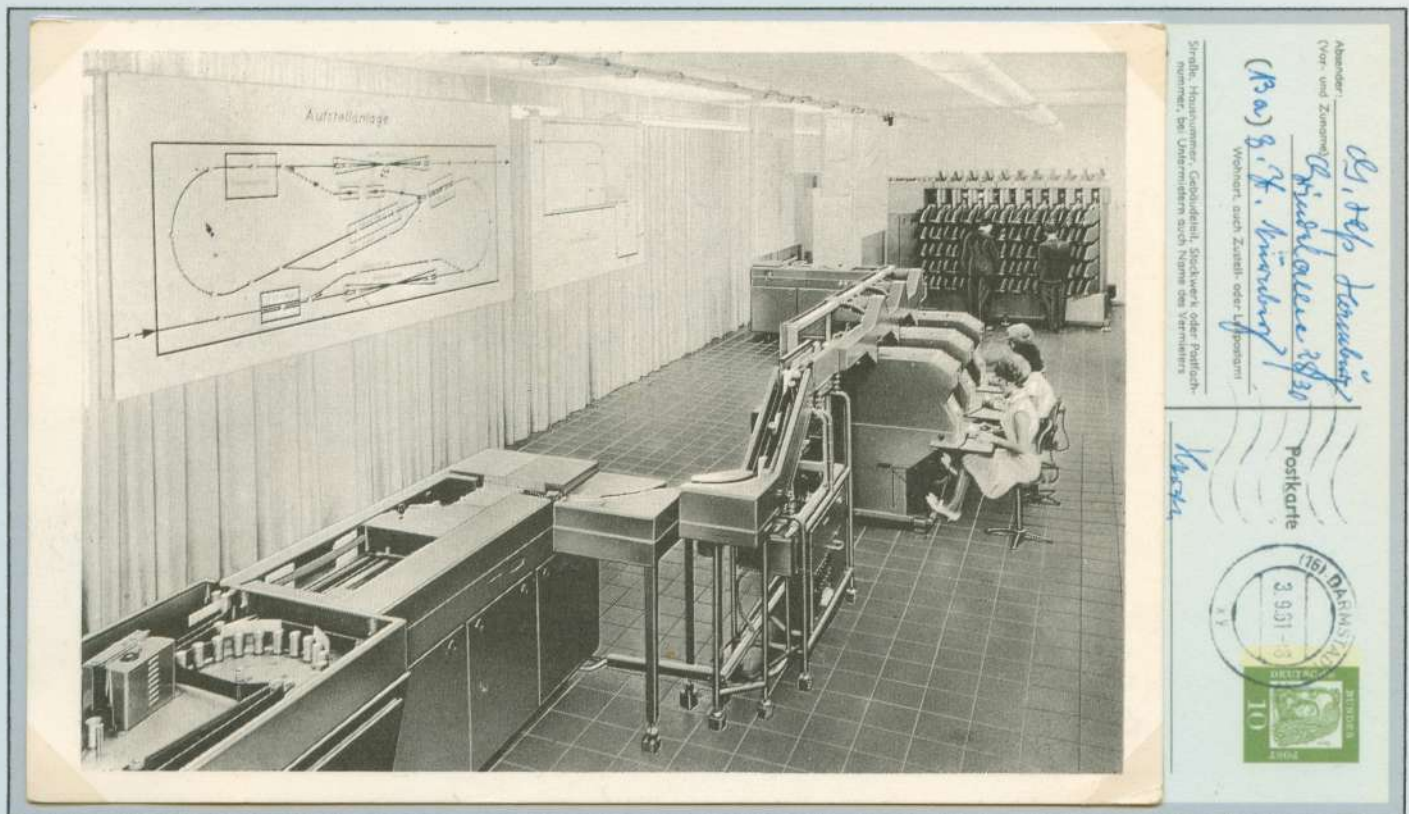
By end 1970s development of better OCR, expanded ZIP codes and special stamps were introduced to reduce the number of manual mail piece handlings.



◀ stationery and 2 stamps with integrated bar codes (Switzerland - 19.01.1993); to improve the mechanical sorting.

The barcodes are constructed with 16 to 34 coloured bars over 2 cm on the right side of the stamp. The barcode reader BML4/BR, delivered by Schrack Aerospace of Vienna, recognizes the 60 Rappen (B-post) stamp on its 16 bars/2 cm and the 80 Rappen (A-post) on its 18 bars/2 cm.





German postal letter sorting using the "Matrix Code II" came into general operation in 1965. The letters were provided for the preparation of the mechanical sorting with the coding set by the staff up to 5000 letters per hour.

Absender: \_\_\_\_\_

Postleitzahl: \_\_\_\_\_

(Straße und Hausnummer oder Postfach)

**BRIEFVERTEILANLAGE DER DEUTSCHEN BUNDESPOST**

**HERGESTELLT VON DER FIRMA SIEMENS UND HALSKE**

**INBETRIEBNAHME DER ERSTEN VOLLAUTOMATISCHEN**

**AM 31. MAI 1965 IN PFORZHEIM**

**POSTKARTE**

**BUNDESPOST**

**1. ANTRAG**

**Br. 15**

**Anlage 15**

**Deutschen Bundespost**

**31.5.1965**

**753**

Herrn \_\_\_\_\_

Herrmann E. Sieger

7073 LORCH/WÜRTT.

Postleitzahl \_\_\_\_\_

Venusberg 34

Postfach 69

(Straße und Hausnummer oder Postfach)

Stationary issued for "Commissioning of the first automatic / letter-sorting of the German Post / Manufactured by the company Siemens & Halske", 31.05.1965 in Pforzheim illustrated with a stylized model of a spiral and a wrong Matrix Code II encoding avoiding mismatching with real coding.

Value									
0									
1									
2									
4									
7									
Number:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

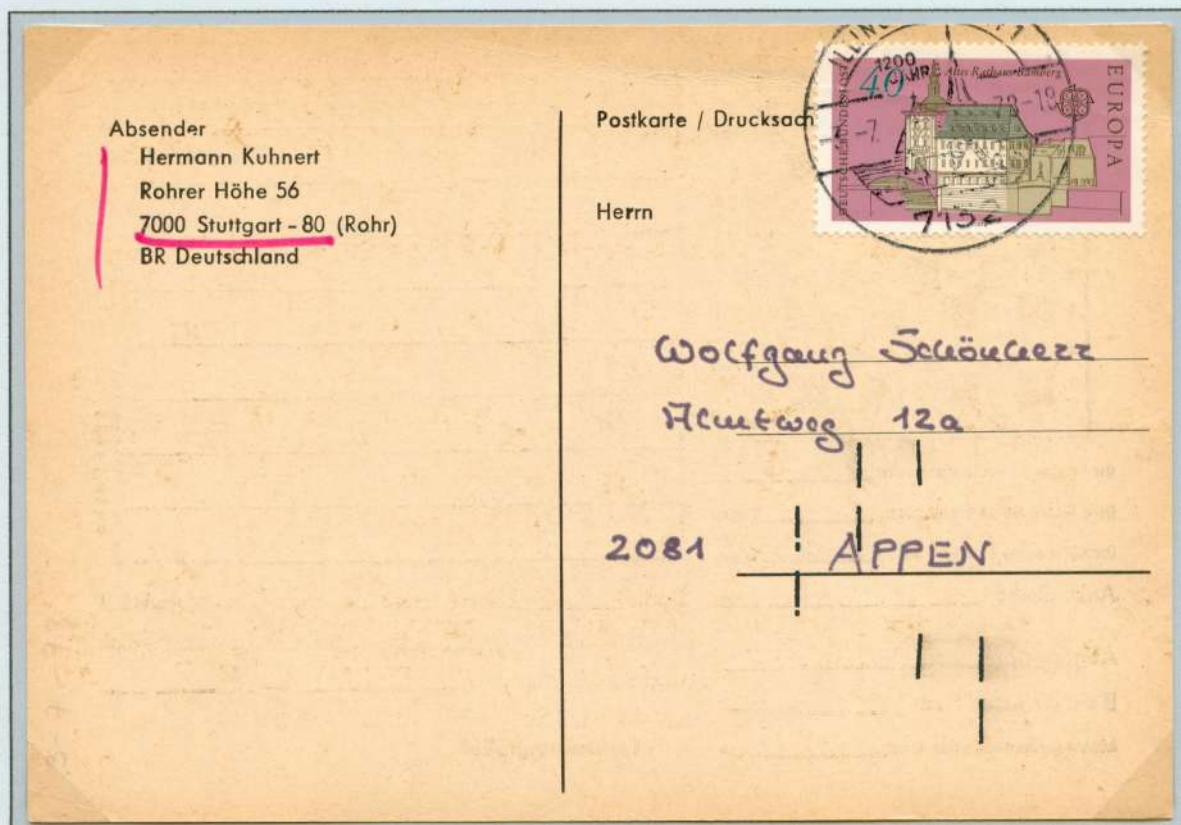
The code consists of lines in four columns (from left to right four digits of ZIP code) with 8 mm spacing of five lines (top to bottom), the values 0, 1, 2, 4, 7. In each column, two lines must exist (more or less printing error) and it is the sum of the values. For example:  $0 + 1 = 1$ ,  $2 + 4 = 6$ ,  $1 + 7 = 8$ , etc.  $4 + 7 = 11$  is regarded as zero.





Letter send from Nürnberg: code representing 0405 or 5040, which point to internal tray of the sorting machine.

The wet printed film was made of magnetizable or luminescent paint for automatic recognition, printing color (black, white) bars as a barcode on the address field of the letter. The barcode ink was secured by a 160°C heat.



Letter send from Stuttgart: code representing 3140, which point to internal tray of the sorting machine.

Often the matrix code on the letter represented internal trays of corresponding city parts or even streets.





Letter from Stockholm to Älvängen (Sweden): bar code printed in white representing 5-digit 44600, small 0 next to code represents de code place.

Other countries like Sweden took over de same techniques. Also in Germany codes were printed in white sometimes.



Printed to order (Germany) from Hamburg to Lüdenscheid: code representing 0885 9, left to right code reading. Value 9 points to internal tray or city area. Code gaps represent the value eg:  $lllxx = 4+7 = 0$  ;  $lxlxlx = 7+1 = 8$

Value: 0 1 2 4 7 check mark

From 1976 the "linear screening" was introduced, and first printed by mechanical printing units of ribbons, later with inkjet printers were applied. There are about a dozen linear code formats.





Test letter used in the CFC (culler-facer-canceller) installed in Tours Centre de Tri in the period October 1982. Fuzzy cancellation caused by multiple use of the training post. Cancel of first generation with Toshiba logo. Number 850: 8 stand for country France, 50 represents type of envelope and paper used. Stamps pre-printed vertical for testing this type of sorting machines.

In 1973 the company Toshiba (TOKYO SHIBAuda limited - Japan) delivered sorting devices to the French post administration; 77 installation as a start. In 1991 all sorting centres were equipped and were able to sort 25.000 items per hour.



Test mail from the company TOSHIBA, passed in Rennes Centre de Tri for testing purposes. Number 813: 8 stand for country France, 13 represents type of envelope and paper used. For simulating real mail sorting, all kind of sizes, colours, and different paper quality was tested. Stamps are specially pre-cancelled with phosphorescent bar for use in this type of sorting machine. This enables that the letter is always presented in the same disposition. Stamps pre-printed vertical for testing this type of sorting machines.



## 2.7 Coding with bars.

From zip code to bar code

The barcode (type CMC7) at the bottom of a letter is generated and printed automatically and is a translation of the postcode on the letter.



Small grey circular or diamond shaped spots on Machin (Great Britain); Mail-test markings that are applied to the faces of envelopes in tracking mail pieces during a mail test. Some of them happened to fall on the stamps affixed.



In most of the cases handwritten or printed zip codes can be read automatically by sophisticated OCR-software available in powerful sorting systems. An operator will handle zip codes that couldn't be validated. But sometimes it can go wrong...



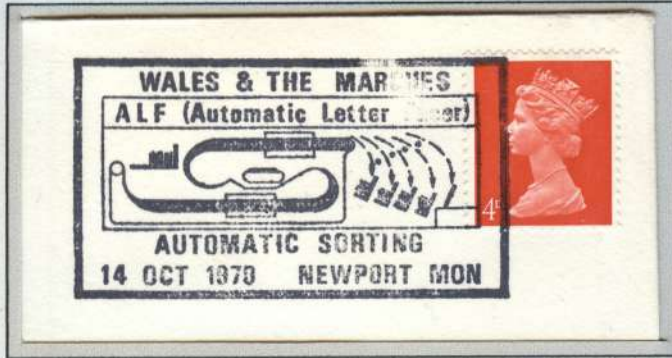
The zip code on the letter was misinterpreted by the OCR-system of the sorting machine and translated into a wrong bar code. Due to that the letter was sent to the wrong destination (St. Sauveur en Puisaye). The letter was sent to the correct city after marking it with the postmarks **FD** (Fausse Direction). It was canceled again by the receiving post office and the bar code was canceled



## 2.7 Coding with bars.

Sorted by bar code

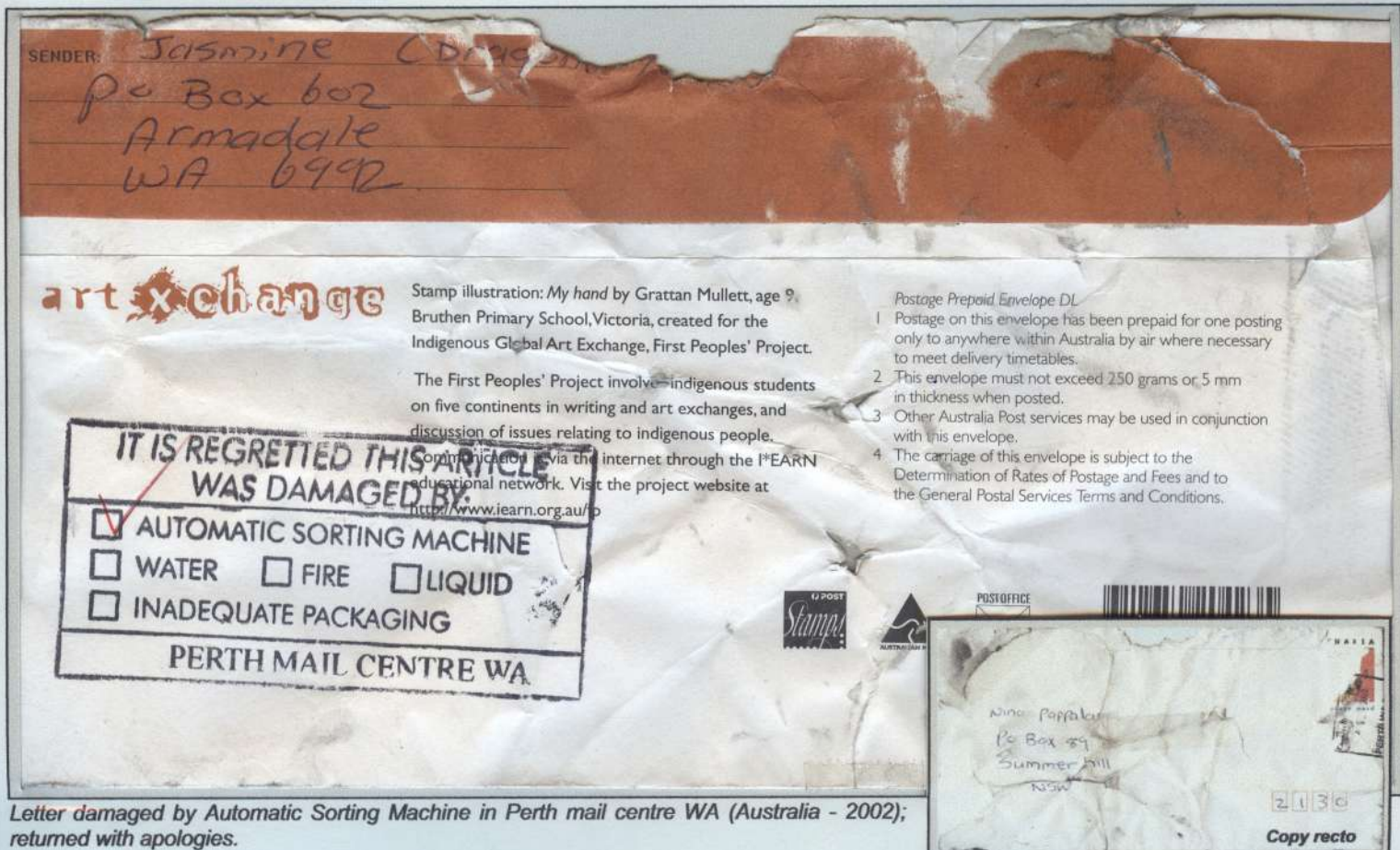
Once a letter has a corresponding bar code, the letter is transported to the sorting machine, where it can be sorted very quickly by that bar code.



Nowadays 39.000 letters per hour at peak can be sorted and canceled. To drop a letter into the right bin it need OCR software and mechanical transporting process supervised with lots of electronics.



But a letter can get stuck, and jams and stops the whole chain.

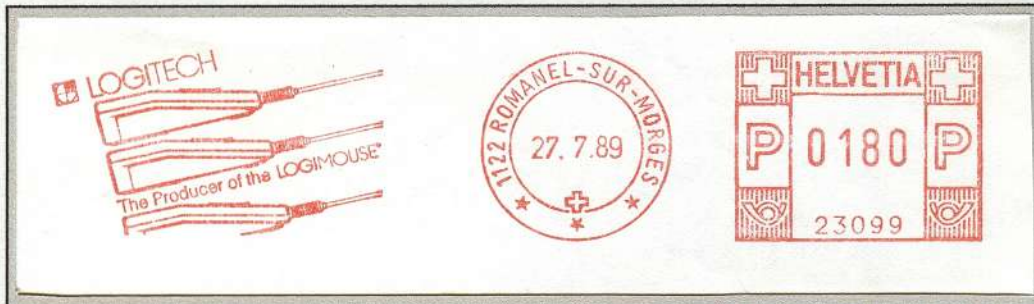


Letter damaged by Automatic Sorting Machine in Perth mail centre WA (Australia - 2002); returned with apologies.



## 2.8 Point, touch or read your input.

use the mouse, pen or finger



Hasler 'Smile' (Switzerland)

early Logimouse from Logitech

The best-known input device after the traditional keyboard is the "pointing device" - "mouse" in computer slang. It creates input by clicking selections on the screen. The motion of the pointer on a display can be any symbol like an arrow or a hand.



Overprint (Rumania) 300L on 90L dark green PC mouse symbol.



Early used 'Sloper arrow' cancel, Liverpool 1871.02.04 (Great Britain); used to speedup cancelation to cover massive sending of very popular card.



hidden rolling ball



Light pen

The first pointing devices had a hidden rolling ball on the bottom side of the mouse, later technology detects the two-dimensional motion by infra-red light.



A light pen is a light-sensitive stick used in conjunction with a screen and allows to point to displayed objects or to draw with greater positional accuracy. Same with a touchscreen containing invisible internal circuits that reacts when touching with a finger or pointing stick. This way the position is known and the chosen item or selection can be processed.



## 2.9 The Input/Output on the terminal.

The beginning

Today each computer is equipped with a screen. Request and answer can instantaneously be seen. This is called data communication. Such equipment is called a 'terminal'. In the very beginning everything was printed out on a printer or punch tape or punch card.

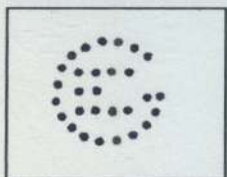
After the successful use of the terminal in the Apollo space project in the sixties, by showing results via the cathode tube about measurements of the Saturn-V rocket, it became a common tool for real-time processing.



Radiogram via RCA (USA)

The RCA110A computer was an important phase in telemetry and real-time data display.

RCA (Radio Corporation of America) and GE (General Electric) built two computers, GE225 and GE235, to combine their telemetry knowledge and to display all measured data at NASA. Later other control centers did the same.



Perfin G(E) Precancel Lynn Mass (US) with control hole in center around the G

General Electric Research Labs are in Lynn, Mass

Soviet flight management center ►







Specimen

IBM 3270 terminal



Pitney Bowes-GB "6300" (Sweden)

early Wang terminal only text capabilities

Displaying data became important. Checking data, results and logs increase the quality and quantity of decisions. A terminal (dumb workstation for only data communication), made of cathode-ray tube, is connected to a mainframe, and has no processor inside what limit their capabilities compared to a PC.

Communicating  
via Asynchrony  
Transfer Mode

PC's can communicate with mainframes using an emulator build on the Asynchrony Transfer Mode Protocol, which makes a PC so multi-functional.



Missing color magenta ▶

◀ Misperforation (Nord Korea):

A cathode-ray tube (CRT) computer monitor



Transformation of cathode-ray tube (CRT) screens to plasma (flat) screens, ...

..., was a gain in weight and saves an enormous amount of space on every desk and became basic for a laptop. It consumes remarkably less power due to employing liquid crystals and electro luminescence.



high graphical resolution flat screen





## 2.9 The Input/Output on the terminal.

Virtual reality & WYSIWYG

The need for reality moved the systems since the 1990s to audiovisual interactive capabilities as moving images, spoken comments and music, called Multimedia is without doubt one of the most important technology evolutions.



The Modern virtual reality headset displays are based on those flat screen and smartphone technologies, creating a feeling of immersion and displaying virtual worlds.



WYSIWYG "What You See Is What You Get"



Today most applications deliver **WYSIWYG** output. Graphical interfaces showing documents, as they would be printed later on a printer. This is a big advantage compared to the old fashion non-graphical terminals.

**F**leet Street is in the middle of another revolution, in which the new technology of photo-composition is replacing the Victorian technology of hot metal and linotype machines. As usual *The Times* is leading the pack in the hunt for the new. It is the first national newspaper to have made the leap into the brave new world in which compositors set copy on VDUs and then tummy page before it is ahead for leaping, and politically. But it *the Times* will get there two hundred years.

WARD  
Times  
DRIVER  
Times  
MICHAEL YOUNG  
ARLES MILLIGAN  
& Sons  
nited  
e Times  
Limited London

**TIMES FUTURE**

The marvels of modern technology. On the left the screen of a VDU: on the right another issue, with more flexibility of type and layout than ever before. Below the hands of the recording angel pasting up

Prestige Booklet page (Great Britain)

Non-graphical printing instructions on a green terminal screen. Example printed output at right.

80



紙0002 總0116  
乙種來報紙

交通部電報局  
CHINESE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH ADMINISTRATION  
TELEGRAM

收到時刻 TIME RECD.

雷電報  
附註 REMARKS

查詢請說明下列號數  
ANY ENQUIRY, PLEASE REFER THIS NO.

等第 CLASS 1 字數 WORDS 42/52  
257 日 時 110  
DATE TIME

開封來電 一條山  
五 佛 寺 黃 委  
上 游 測 勤 隊  
厨 德 隊 長 派

full copy

Telegram (China) with local characters manually translated in DBCS code by clerk before transmitted to recipient, where again manually translated to readable Chinese characters.

Double-byte character set (DBCS) enables application software to display and process ideographic languages including Japanese, Korean, Simplified Chinese and Traditional Chinese. Conventional single-byte code pages of 255 characters are inadequate to store the thousands of characters that these languages require.

우 편 엽 서

보내는 사람 .....

받는 사람 .....

□□□-□□□

증권정보를 버튼 하나로 척척!!

안방이나 사무실에 앉아서도 정확한 증권정보를 즉시 찾아볼 수 있습니다. 천리안 II 정보은행 서비스.

한국데이터통신(주)



Cyrillic character set on screen in Slavic countries

Stationery (South Korea)  
PC screen with Asian double-byte characters



# 3

## The invisible intelligence, the software.

### 3.1 From mechanical thinking to...

Automating by algorithm and gears

**Algorithm** is derived from an Arabian mathematician's name Abu Ja'far Mohammed Ben Musa al-Khowarazmi, spelled closely to the term **algorism**. Around 820 AD he wrote treatises as **al-jabrawa al-maqàbala** on Hindu arithmetic and algebra, which is taken as the source for the term **algebra**. Algebra and algorism is key in automating processes.



Leibniz



Watermark (China-1897) small dragon: yin and yang symbol



CityPost local postal (Germany)

Leibniz binary code

The mathematician and philosopher **Leibniz** demonstrated in a paper the binary system. He proved that all figures and characters could be represented as 0 and 1. It was based on his findings found in a Chinese document about yin and yang dualistic philosophy.



yellow shifted – ill. Jean de Nivelles (Belgium)  
Golden Jacquemart automate from Nivelles



meterstamp (Germany - 1941) KomusinaT&N type A; red meters were considered as advertisement; black meterstamps with a stamp looked more personalized. This experiment didn't last long (period 1935-1944)

Gears in logo Company Otto F. Champion



Musical Box

Punch holes, gears or toothed-wheels were the first machine programming tools used in clock automate and musical boxes.

**Vaucanson** (1709–1782) French inventor built the first all-metal automata which was very important to the Industrial Revolution and known as the mother of automating tools. His proposals for the automation of the weaving process was later perfected by Jacquard.

Ballon Monté (France – 14.01.1871) to Brighton (Great Britain) named 'Le Vaucanson' ►







▲ variety: EURQPA (Q i/o O)



▲ black shifted

◀ 3 ring gears cancel 87-Mannheim (Baden - 1860)

The start of automation by scanning and programming to control automated repeatable movements. Precise work is a must toward success and no jamming or errors are allowed.

Stationery printed to order (Germany) ►  
Electric art nouveau  
automated restaurant in  
Berlin



The **Jacquard's** weaving loom technology was the first system (punch cards) corresponding to the programs of today. The hole in the punch card or punched wheels was value one, no hole was a zero. The series of holes became the program steering the device and the series punch cards or punch wheels were replaceable by other cards or wheels.



Jacquard's loom

◀ Artist proof in blue designed by A.Ouvré based on painting of C. Bonnefond





**MANUFACTURE DE PIANOS**  
INVENTIONS, PERFECTIONNEMENTS  
& NOUVEAUTÉS

**PIANOS DROITS & OBLIQUES**  
Construction spéciale en FER

**J. LACAPE**  
29, Boul. St-Martin, 29  
PARIS

FOURNISSEUR DES MONS ROYALES ET PRINCIPALES  
DES ARTISTES CÉLÈBRES ET DES PROFESSEURS ÉMINENTS  
DE FRANCE ET DE L'ÉTRANGER

**M<sup>ME</sup> IVANNE** Somnambule lucide  
Élève de M. le Baron DUPOTET  
**CARTOMANCIENNE CÉLÈBRE**  
LIGNES DE LA MAIN, SANTÉ, RECHERCHES, VOYAGES  
Conseils, Renseignements, Date des événements  
**TALISMAN RÉEL**  
Consultations par Correspondance  
10, Rue Notre-Dame-de-Nazareth, PARIS

**BONNET**  
Appareils pour l'Électricité  
ET TÉLÉPHONE  
108, Rue Saint-Maur. — PARIS.

SE TROUVE PARTOUT  
Régisse Suc pur  
**RA-TA-PLAN**  
Eug. GONTARD  
Vente en Gros  
209, Faub. Saint-Martin, PARIS



**C. THIBAU**  
INGÉNIEUR  
DES ARTS ET MANUF  
13, RUE BOUTRE,

▲ Letter Card (France - 1889 - 1916 edition)  
Piano music is recorded (punched) on a strip of paper.

Inventions such as a musical box, barrel organ or automated and animated mechanized metal figures are the first machine programming events. Punched medium is the most used media in the beginning.

**Fürther Kirchweihleben.**



Auf d'Kirchweih, na,  
 Dou freut si grouß und kla;  
 Es to nix schou'res geb'n  
 Als so a Kirchweih'n.  
 Ja scho am Sonntag fei  
 Dou fahr'n nach Fürth glei rei  
 Ganz haftenweis die Leut,  
 Weil dös is halt ta Freud!  
 Am Blätter of der Boh  
 Kommt grad as Dampfrob oh,  
 Dou her'n si die Leut  
 Die allergrößte Raß  
 Die fest glei die erschte Klaf,  
 Der Kondukteur schreit:  
 „Mraus!“  
 Den lachens ner blous aus,  
 Und kommas dann nach Fürth,  
 Geh's bi zom Mü'n-Werth,  
 Zou stüß, Nett, National,  
 Und afu freia Ball.  
 Und wer im Werthhaus hout  
 A Broutwurck und a Kraut  
 Der darf zukrieff'n in  
 Und fen's a no so kla,  
 Gar mancher, der recht lerg,  
 Der ärgeri sich auch arg;  
 Denn d'Krölgweru gfüllt da af,  
 Daß fehlt a Schoppen draf,  
 Der Garfenstien Zahl

Bringt „Leben“ ins Lokal;  
 Sie geb'n si alle Möß,  
 Ja d'Stimme a oft net schöt,  
 Sie hiehn den „Hampelmoh“,  
 „Die kleine Frau“, ja, so!  
 D'Leut kinnma glet mit ei  
 Recht kräfti zum Refral,  
 Wenn's Singa geht so schöt,  
 Macht's Trinken a ta Möß  
 Und Aufsichtskarten fei  
 Wern g'schriebu a Daged glei.  
 Der Kellner schimpft und  
 brummt,  
 Weil fest der „Baber“ kummt,  
 Singat der sei Leib-Complet  
 Im Gang bleibt alles steh,  
 Und schreit der Kellner: „Soos“!  
 Dann geh'ts Gewärg erschlos,  
 Wer schöb't si hin und her,  
 As Unfall'n des g'siht schwer,  
 Zeh g'sihts vor af die Möß,  
 Dou machens erscht ihr Späß,  
 Wer schaut die And'n oh,  
 Raft Blägg und Wonbo!  
 A jed's freut si scho draf,  
 Afu Kinematograf.  
 Wer gafft beim „Kasperl“ dori  
 Und laßt beim „Sammeln“ fort,  
 Vom Fotografenmob  
 Lüßt mer si schimpf'n oh,  
 As Schöß'n wird probiert,  
 Die Damen dori pouffiert,  
 Nou steig'n's af's Karouffel,  
 Sie fen scho immer hell;  
 Und steig'n's vo dori dann ro,  
 Nou drabt si's aber scho.  
 Am Rathhaus langt mer glei  
 Föf in Gildshof'n nei  
 Und g'lagt mer a nix raus  
 Da macht mer si nix d'raus,  
 Beim Hermann hint'n singt  
 Die Guckl, dah es kllngt  
 Und sammelt fleißt ei,  
 Ja dös verfühlt's gar fei,  
 Zum Kneipwert abends dann  
 Geh't schwerbeladen man;  
 Mer thout volittier'n  
 Und fest a freikier'n,  
 Daß m'r d'Kirwa will  
 verleg'n!  
 Dös to ta Mensch versteh'n.  
 Die Kirwa, dös is klar,  
 Mouß bleib'n wöb's bisher war,  
 Nou schwelgt a jedes Herz  
 In Frohlinn und in Scherz.  
 B'fest is mei Wunsch vo der:  
 Kummis fleißt alle her  
 Zhr Gäße, löß und wert,  
 Af Kirwa rei nach Fürth.

Verlag von A. Schmittner, Fürth.

◀ Stationery privately  
printed (Bavaria) text  
and image about  
Ecclesiastical life:  
Barrel organ

84



### 3.2 Hello, robot.

#### Early automations

At the start of the Industrial Revolution, machines were developed to mechanize tasks such as weaving textiles and other human labor. Like in 1771 Richard Arkwright invented the first fully automated spinning mill driven by water power.



In favor of Red Cross Stationery (Italy-1923)

Westinghouse



Richard Arkwright



Karel Capek

Westinghouse played a big role in development of control systems for industrial processes. In 1927, the company introduced a control system using vacuum tubes to automatically control industrial processes.

In 1921, the Czech author Karel Capek produced his best-known work, the play R.U.R. (Rossum's Universal Robots), which featured machines (ROBOTS) created to simulate human beings. The Czech word "robota" refers still today to work that's boring or uninteresting and someone is obliged to do and not voluntarily or for fun.

Due to an acute shortage of stamps in May 1896 in Tonga, the postmaster at Nuku'alofa decided to overprint again on unsold stock of **SURCHARGE 7½d** on 2d pale blue King George Tupou I officials. The firstly overprinted black surcharge **VAEUA OE BENI** (meaning half penny) by 'Tongan Government Gazette' were difficult to read due to setting and printing problems. Typewriting '**Half-Penny**' solved it. 80 sheets of 24 stamps were used; by accident 4 sheets with **SURCHARGE 1½d** were also used.



top center stamp with **no hyphen after 'Half'**  
- only one known (DB exp)



Upside down  
'Half-Penny'  
- only 24 known



'Penny' no blank  
before 'Penny' -  
only few known



Stops instead of  
hyphens - only  
few known



Stops instead of  
hyphens - only  
few known



right stamp of pair with **comma**  
instead of **hyphen** after  
'Penny' - only one known



'Pebny' corrected to  
'Penny' - only one  
known (BPA exp)



normal 'Half-  
Penny'  
(BPA exp)

▲ on 1½d SURCHARGE ▲

About 1900 times 'Half-Penny' was typed and caused many typo's and proofs that only automation can do this without any error.

As technology advanced constantly, it became possible to develop machines that performed tasks more **efficiently** and **accurately** than humans.





▲ Specimen

The Turk



Von Kempelen



Torres Y Quevedo



chess automaton

Torres Y Quevedo, known for his chess endgame automaton, introduced cybernetics. A mechanical contraption realized in 1912 as a clever accomplishment in classical mechanics.

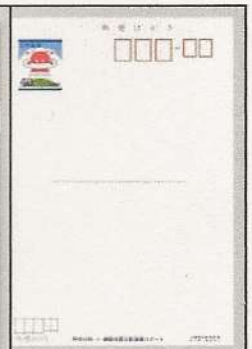


Russian moon spacecraft



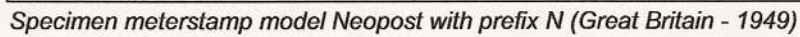
Pitney Bowes "Mailomat" (USA - 1941 - B 51000 series); self-service automates; 72 letters/min

Pre-programmed procedures and in combination human control led to successful automates. So was the Russian space organization early 1970s able to put an unmanned spacecraft on the moon and brought it back to the earth with success. This whole operation was directed from earth with automation procedures.

Regional stationery  
(Japan-1985)Wabot-2  
active at  
Tokyo Expo 85

In 1984 laboratories of the Waseda University(Japan) developed an anthropomorphic intelligent robot WABOT-2 (Waseda roBOT; shown on Tokyo Expo in 1985) that could converse with a person, read a normal musical score and play it, and was also able of accompanying a singing person. It was the first milestone in developing a "personal robot".



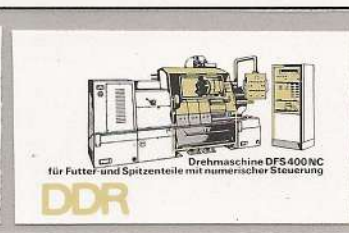


## Automatics

Tasks that are need a lot of concentration or ...



### Dangerous and precise work



Progression proofs (East-Germany)

numeric steering lathe machine

Nom  
et adresse de  
l'expéditeur

Nuitro  
en adres van  
den afzender

M. J. A. KENERS RENIER  
Tonger HUISSTRAATZ Tongeren

POSTKAART

CARTE POSTALE

90c  
BELGIE

M. N. / R. Vrieken uit de  
Rinschbertlaan (y)  
Berchem e bntwerpen  
e bntwerpen

**Robot AMI**

DE MODELLEN D 40 SELEKTIE'S  
80 SELEKTIE'S

DE REVELATIE 1952

ALLEENVERDELERS  
**SIMONS & ZOON**  
OFFERANDESTRAAAT · 50  
ANTWERPEN

KONTANT TEL: 32.35.70 KREDIET

PUBLIBEL 1 1084



A jukebox is a nice example of a robot.

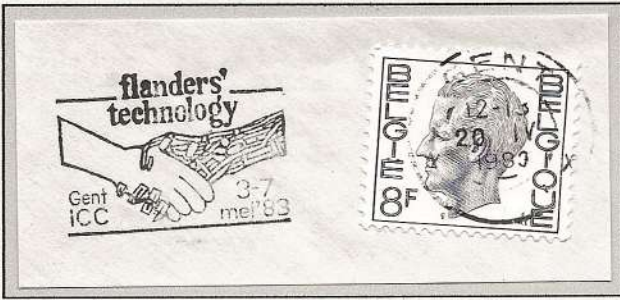
Publibel (Belgium)  
Robot AML Jukebox



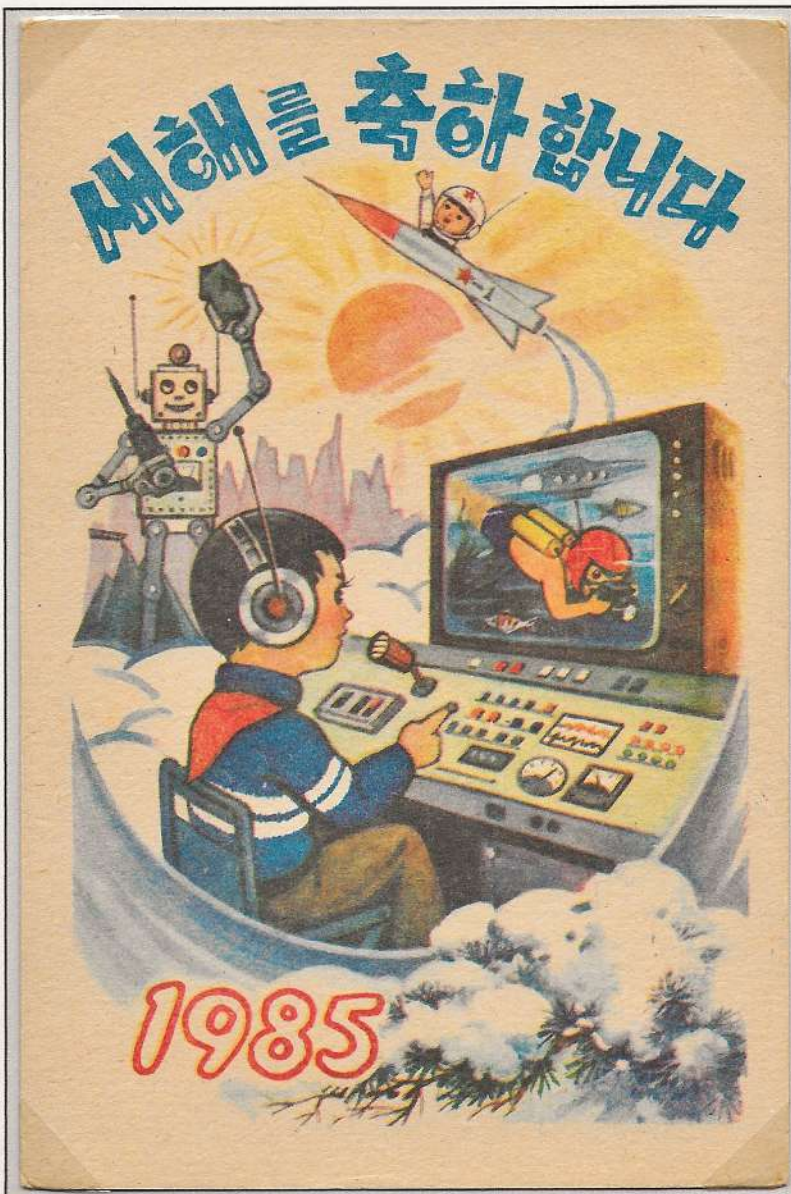
### 3.2 Hello, robot.

Real robots, a fact?

From the very beginning men have been trying to replicate parts of the human body and mind. But since the invention and miniaturization of the computer, many attempts have been taken place with success.



Robots are mechanical or virtual artificial agents, usually electromechanical machines that are guided by computer programs stored on ICs or chips or electronic circuit.



Programmable Chip



The ICs or chips are developed and designed with computers and produced with fully integrated automates or robots with high efficiency and perfect results.

◀ Stationery  
(Nord Korea-1985)



Conclusion: robots are making robots. Real robots are not yet a fact!





Binary: 0 and 1  
IIII IOIII = 471

Electronic calculators or computers are programmed to work only with 1 and 0; switching 'off' or 'on'. In the beginning programmers used machine language to program their computers and stored (wrote) them on punch cards.



Trial Color Proofs (Monaco)

the programming language PASCAL is an ode to Blaise Pascal

Later specific high(er)-level programming languages simplified their task. Some programming languages were specially developed for specific environments to ease the task of the programmer for that specific application, like ASSEMBLER, COBOL, PASCAL, ADA, Java, C and many others.



ADA programming language is an object oriented high-level language as an extension on PASCAL. The language is named after Ada Lovelace, assistant of Charles Babbage. She published the first algorithm ever for the Analytical Engine.



Misperforation (USA-1976)



The labs of Graham Bell the programming language "C" was developed to control their telephone exchange systems.



Encased postage stamp (Denmark) WWII: to resolve coinage shortage

Cover sent from New York on 3.03.1866 per ship called 'Java' to Cognac, France arrived on 3.04.1866 ►



For the internet applications a specific language called JAVA was developed. It was named after the famous coffee brand "Java", because it was consumed in large quantities by the language's creators. The coffee brand "Java" comes from the Island of Java, name first given by the Dutch.



### 3.3 Electronic intelligence using machine languages

Professions

When mankind is involved in engineering software or using tools and data, they quickly learned to work together and share their knowledge. The development of the profession and image of software engineering gained popularity through scholarships, research and international forums.



Free Post (Great-Britain) as Member of Parliament from Earl of Horrowby: was president of the organization 'Royal Statistic Society' from 1842 till 1843.

The Royal Statistics Society had members as Charles Babbage and Belgian statistician Adolphe Quetelet.



Artwork draft A. Quetelet by C. Leclercq (Belgium)

Already very soon organizations and groups were started up to closely aligned in philosophy, strategic directions (promotion), applied for the public good, and values.



Cancel 06.06.1900 Torino COMPUTISTERIA (Italy)



Early naming accounting department.

Since 19th century bookkeeping and statistics became a common profession using calculators and archiving tools.

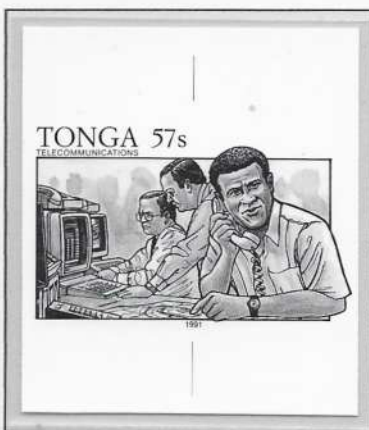


Photo Proof (Tonga)  
support network specialists



operator



programmer



systems engineering symposium

Today IT people such as system operators, analysts and helpdesk support are in every company.

engineers, network specialists, programmers,



### 3.3 Electronic intelligence using machine languages

computer education



Computer repair technician starts by learning elementary electronics and ending in work of variety of settings; such as building, configuring or replacing new hardware, installing and updating software packages, and creating and maintaining computer network.

Technologies are changing rapidly in a constantly changing world. Computer specialists have to accept a long life of "learning never ends".



Perforation error (USA)

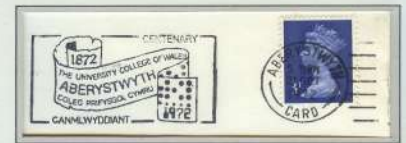
### 3.3 Electronic intelligence using machine languages

computer education



Preprinted MIT return address on stationery (US); Postal administration provided free of cost printing services

The Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) is famous for its research and education in information technology engineering. MIT researchers made fundamental contributions to cybernetics, artificial intelligence, many computer languages, network technologies, machine learning, robotics, and cryptography.



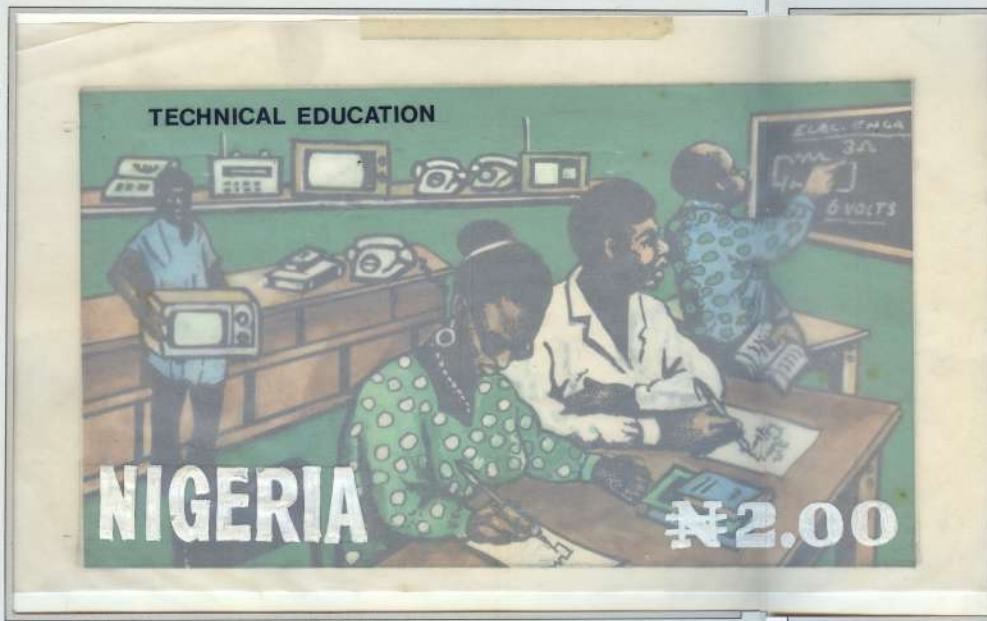
Computer Science at University of Aberystwyth, founded in 1970, conducts research in automated reasoning, computational biology, vision graphics and visualization, and intelligent robotics



Children today gain computer skills at very young age by playing on the computer at home or by using it in school in a very basic and easy way.



Computer education is learning or teaching about computers, including practical techniques for developing and implementation of computer systems and applications.



Original hand-painted artwork on board for N2 value from Life Definitives serie (Nigeria) by Godrick N Osuji

learning elementary electronics



郵便はがき

100-31

東京国際郵便局  
私書箱 五一六三号

夏のトリプルチャンス  
キャンペーン係 御中

リコマイのAシリーズ

Artificial Intelligence  
「AI」の次代を担う

AI(人工知能)時代への予感、  
国際化、情報化時代を  
生き抜く強い意志。

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☎ 0286(48)8982

経営学部 / 経営学科  
**作新学院大学**

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〒321-32 宇都宮市竹下町908  
☎ 0286(67)7111

フレッシュな理想に  
燃えたキャンパス、  
作新学院大学がある。

A typical Artificial Intelligence (AI) is programmed to analyze its environment and takes actions that maximize its chance of success. Many AI algorithms are capable of learning from data.



Artificial Intelligence

Most AI-systems today are in supporting mode but lack several features of human "commonsense reasoning".

◀ Echocard (Japan) text: A.I. Artificial Intelligence

There are plenty of examples in all kinds of areas. As an example, aviation uses A.I. already today in aircraft diagnosis, flight planning, weather analysis, all kinds of autonomous operations and detection, also in Air-Traffic and fleet optimization. The most visual application is the detection and analysis of the plane environment and actions taken by the plane computers. In the past human errors caused many cases airplane crashes.

Correspondência Danificada, salva do Avião  
sinistrado em  
6-3-61, em S. Paulo-Brasil  
PROC. 20232/61

Mr. MIROSLAVO SAMOVERSKYJ  
25 de Mayo, 152  
BUENOS AIRES

Correspondência Danificada, salva do Avião  
sinistrado em  
6-3-61 em S. Paulo-Brasil  
PROC. 20232/61

Buenos Aires  
Argentina

Crash Letter (Spain to Argentina): A plane Lockheed L-1049G Super Constellation, of the Iberia Company that flew the MADRID-SANTIAGO DE CHILE route. During descent on March 6, 1961 on airstrip at the Sao Paulo airport (Brazil), pilot carried out an instrument approach and misjudged distance and failed to compensate for wind conditions. Letter was recovered and distributed inside an envelope with cancel Correspondência Danificada, salva do Avião/sinistrado em /6-3-61, em S. Paulo-Brasil /PROC. 20232/61.



### 3.3 Electronic intelligence using machine languages

Computer games

What started with electromechanical amusement automates, are today almost-human intelligent computer games equipped with a high reality and intelligence using more and more processor power.



Francotype CC (Netherlands)

early amusement automate



These games and software can be bought in computer stores.



Garri Kasparov vs Deep Blue

Those games can defeat most of the human players, even top players. In 1997 an IBM supercomputer, Deep Blue won a match against Kasparov.

The first popular game was Pac-Man written for 24KB memory available.

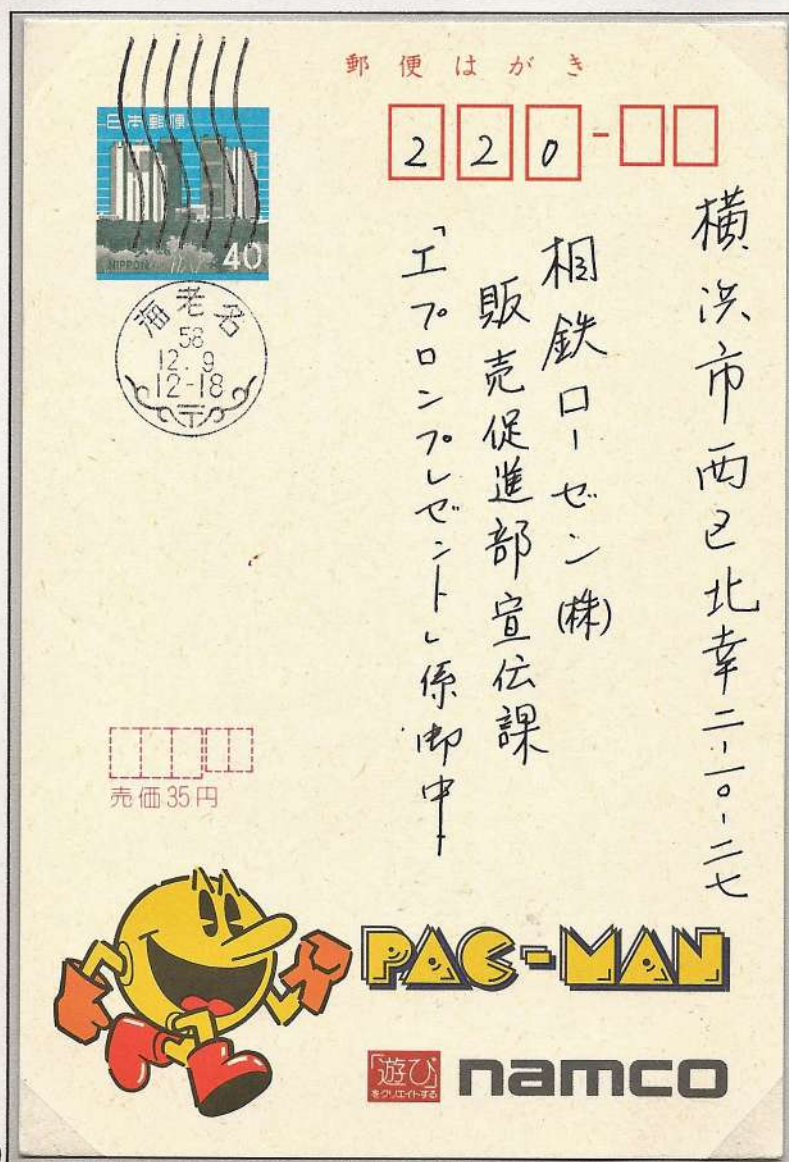


Postal Point (PP) Computer store vignette (Testelt, Belgium-2010)

computer store



Games like Space Invaders, chess, and later more sophisticated as Mario are popular by their players because the many levels they could increasingly select.



Echo-card (Japan-1983 – Showa 58)



우편엽서

□□□-□□


받는 사람 \_\_\_\_\_

보내는 사람 \_\_\_\_\_

□□□-□□

가격혁명/10만원대의 개인용컴퓨터

**금성패미콤-30**



금성패미콤



Special play consoles and PCs are available with high resolution graphics, stereo-sound and high performing interactive games with the ability to play different games on a single system.



Thanks to the Internet online distribution of game content became more common as well gaming with others over the internet in the same game.



Today's toys for children are computer games with a wide range of experience and skills. Games are so immersive that it's easy to play for hours and hours without even noticing that...



...time flies, and you begin to live in a world where you expect instant gratification. It's called addiction to gaming.



The need to implement automated processes is because companies have a lot of different obligations and tasks. Therefore applications are built on computers by which manual actions can be limited to the minimum. But it started all manually...



One-penny MULREADY envelope; used in 1840 from London to Margate, cancelled with red Maltese cross.

Ill. left; clerks writing down commercial transactions

In the beginning clerks made notes of their sales transactions in special books that need to be kept in a safe place for years.



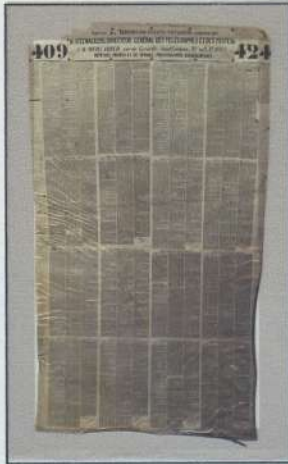
Stationery (Russia - 1934)

a classic card-index box with separators

Later the card-index cabinet was introduced. Written or typed cards were classified in different ascending or descending ways, so that finding certain information was much easier.



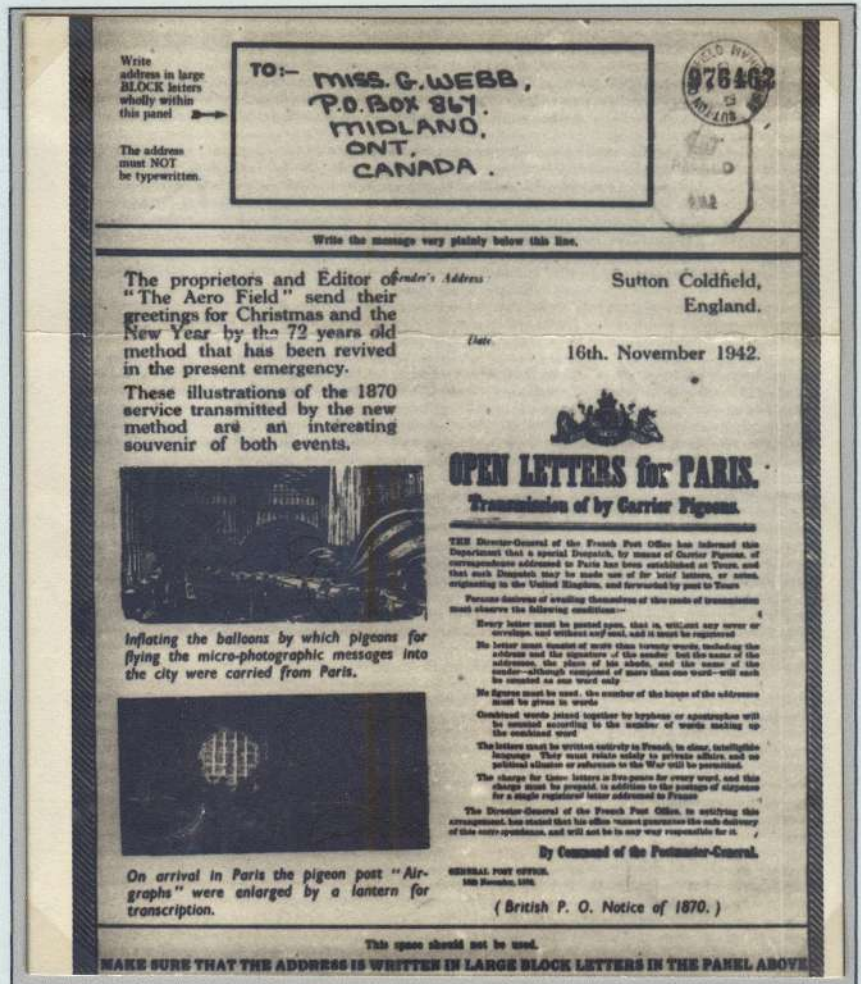
With growing amount of data on cards and punch cards the need for microfilm was rising. Also microphotography was first suggested as a document preservation method in 1851.



Pigeongramme on film: pigeon flight organized by 'telegraphes et postes' 10-20 jan 1871  
2<sup>e</sup> serie pages 409-424

But it first saw military use during the Franco-Prussian War of 1870–71. During the Siege of Paris, the only way for the provincial government in Tours to communicate with Paris was by pigeon post. As the pigeons could not carry letters, the Tours government turned to microfilm.

Using a microphotography unit clerks in Tours photographed paper dis-patches and compressed them to microfilm, which were carried by homing pigeons into Paris and projected by magic lantern while clerks copied the dispatches onto paper.



▲ Airgraph (Great Britain) (12 XI 1942) with censor mark (Sutton Coldfield - Birmingham) to home.

Unclear dark image bottom same as image in Prestige booklet below. Text: transmission of by carrier pigeons celebrated 72 years later using same technology.



Prestige stamp booklet "The story of The Times" (Great Britain)  
microscopically reduced messages were carried in and out by pigeons, and magnified by electric light.



The US Victory Mail and the British "Airgraph" system were based on microfilm technology, and were used for delivering mail between those at home and troops serving overseas during World War II. The systems worked by photographing large amounts of censored mail reduced to thumb-nail size onto reels of microfilm, which weighted much less than the originals would have.

V-Mail Service provides the most expeditious dispatch and reduces the weight of mail to and from personnel of our Armed Forces outside the continental United States. When addressed to points where micro-film equipment is operated, a miniature photographic negative of the message will be made and sent by the most expeditious transportation available for reproduction and delivery. The original message will be destroyed after the reproduction has been delivered. Messages addressed to or from points where micro-film equipment is not operated will be transmitted in their original form by the most expeditious means available.

## INSTRUCTIONS

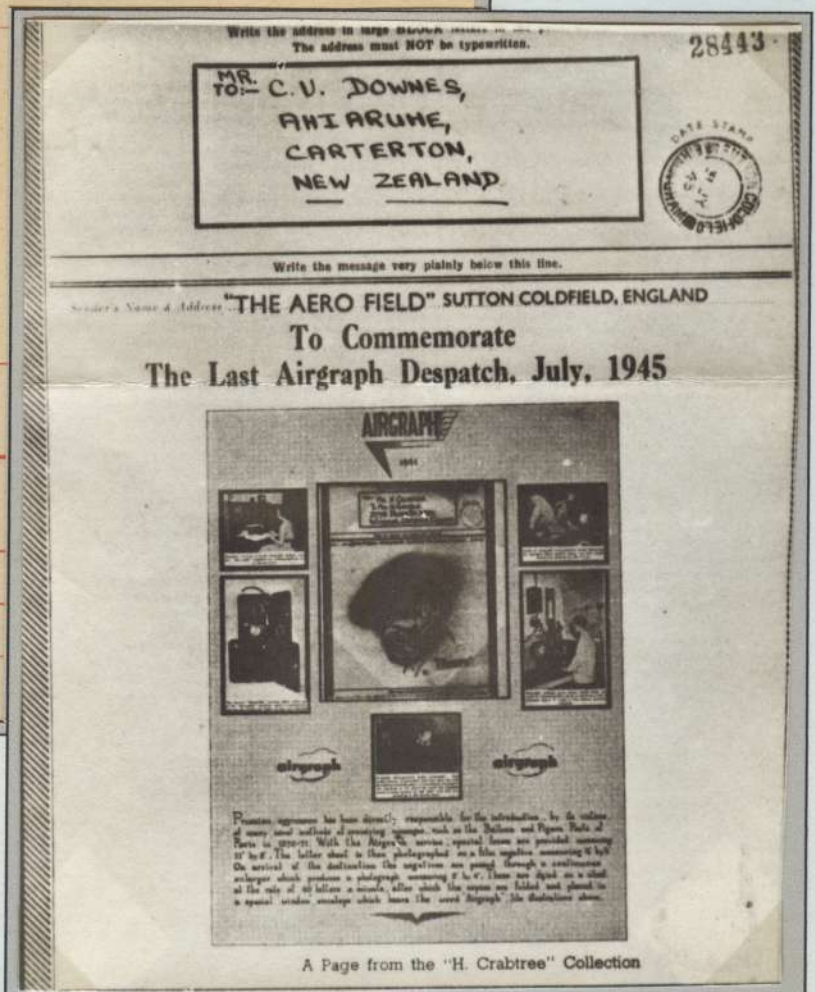
- (1) Write the entire message plainly on the other side within marginal lines.
- (2) PRINT the name and address in the two parts. The address of the Armed Forces should include room or apartment number, which attached, and APO or Naval address.
- (3) Fold, seal, and deposit in any post-office letter drop or street letter box.
- (4) Enclosures must not be placed in this envelope and a separate V-Mail letter must be sent if you desire to write more than one sheet.
- (5) V-Mail letters may be sent free of postage by members of the Armed Forces. When sent by others, postage must be prepaid at domestic rates (3c ordinary mail, 6c if air mail is desired).

☆ GPO 16-28143-3



▲ Original piece of microfilm of a V-mail.

▲ Original unused V-mail (USA): text: explanation how the message will be processed and send to the addressee.



▲ Last day Airgraph (Great Britain) (31 JUL 45) with censor mark (Sutton Coldfield - Birmingham) to New Zealand. Ill. Showing Airgraph procedure.

The film reels were shipped by priority air freight to and from the home fronts, sent to their prescribed destinations for enlarging at receiving stations near the recipients, and printed out on lightweight photo paper.



Write the address in large BLOCK letters in the panel below.  
The address must NOT be typewritten.

TO:—

DATE STAMP

Write the message very plainly below this line.

Sender's Name & Address "THE AERO FIELD" SUTTON COLDFIELD, ENGLAND

## To Commemorate The Last Airgraph Despatch, July, 1945



1941



Operator using special Airgraph letters and the 'Aero' machine for photographing on 11" by 5" film.



When the message is ready, place the film in the 'Aero' machine, 45 Church St., Sutton Coldfield, Birmingham, England. S.C. 44.



Series of Airgraph photographs being prepared by the 'Aero' machine for delivery to the U.F.D.



The 11" x 5" 'Aero' envelope, covered with the 'Aero' machine, is shown in its original position, ready for use.



Airgraph photographs being made from the 'Aero' machine, 45 Church St., Sutton Coldfield, Birmingham, England. S.C. 44.




Prussian aggression has been directly responsible for the introduction, by its victims, of many novel methods of conveying messages, such as the Balloon and Pigeon Posts of Paris in 1870-71. With the Airgraph service, special forms are provided measuring 11" by 5". The letter sheet is then photographed on a film negative measuring 5" by 4". On arrival at the destination the negatives are passed through a continuous enlarger which produces a photograph measuring 5" by 4". These are dried on a wheel at the rate of 40 letters a minute, after which the copies are folded and placed in a special window envelope which bears the word 'Airgraph' like illustrations above.

A Page from the "H. Crabtree" Collection

▲ Last Airgraph despatch original unused sheet (Great Britain) (JUL 45): ill. and text: started in 1941 and ended July 1945. Explaining the whole procedure; photographing the sheet, enlarged printing, drying 40 letters/min. folding into 'Airgraph' envelope





Pitney Bowes model CV (US) type printed matte:

saves 98% of filling space

Microfilm is compact, with far smaller storage costs than paper documents. Normally 98 document size pages fit on one fiche, reducing to about 0.25% original material. When compared to filing paper, microforms can reduce space storage requirements by up to 98%. Desktop readers are boxes with a translucent screen at the front on to which is projected an image from a microform or film.



Pitney Bowes model R (US)

Microfilm reels and cassette

Microfilm as office automation technology played a strong supporting role in the paperless and automated office. Today more and more replaced by image databases, scanned by OCR readers.



Missing perforation

Microfilm was in the mid-1900s a preservation strategy for libraries for deteriorating newspaper collections. Books and newspapers that were deemed in danger of decay could be preserved that way and even increase usability without destroying them more and more.



**Index** refers to post office (open 1902-1915) at Index Knitting Mills a hamlet in town Middlefield, in state NY.

**Word index** refers to directing and pointing to, useful when searching in databases or a book.



Relational database systems: ORACLE with SQL (Structured Query Language)

Providing quick response times and solid applications (especially database systems) to do business with customers is a main goal. For this reason index systems help queries on databases to reply quickly.





Calculators, bookkeeping machines, file cabinets, card-index boxes, planning, typewriters, etc., are tasks that can all be done a lot more and much quicker today by specific application software on an ordinary PC.



Misperforation; Queen Head and value centred (Great-Britain)  
Steno shorthand and typewriter keys



Steno shorthand for quick notes

Since late 1800s typing and shorthand (an abbreviated symbolic writing method) increased speed and brevity of writing. Later dictation machines, special secretarial training and powerful word processors replaced those processes and speeded it up with even higher quality.



Hasler model mailmaster (Belgium)





Francotyp-Postalia "MS5/WK4" (Belgium)

Bill Gates and his friend Paul Allen founded Microsoft in 1975. Their first product was the program language BASIC. In 1980 IBM chose Microsoft to supply the operating system DOS for the IBM PC.



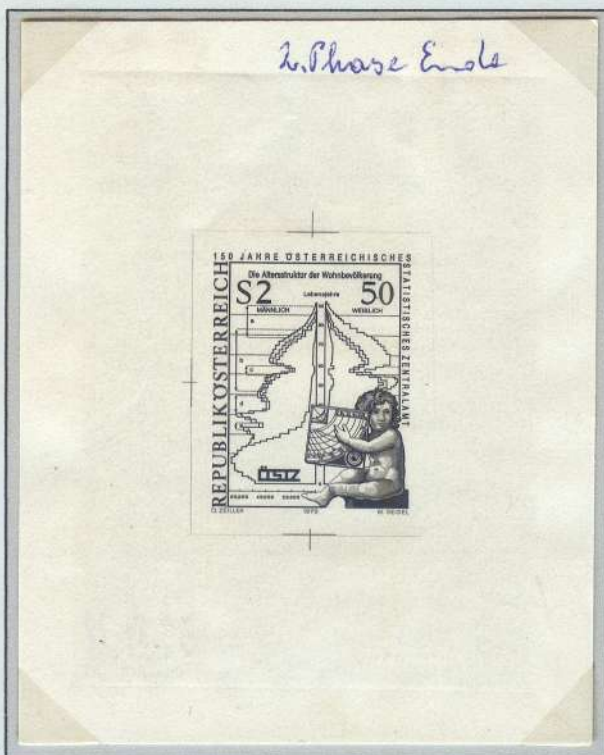
IBM operating system OS/2



SECAP "N" (France) text: 2 seconds response time for air flight reservation

When the powerful graphical user interface (GUI) of the Apple computers became popular, IBM and Microsoft developed together the very stable operating system OS/2.

However, later on, Microsoft broke with IBM and developed their...



Die proof 2<sup>nd</sup> phase End (Austria)

Statistics

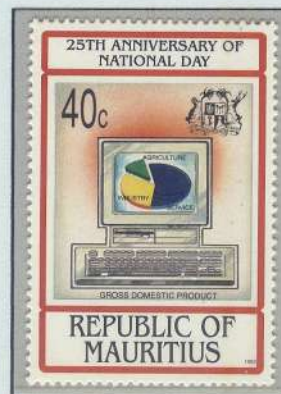


Windows platform



blue color proof ▲

... own Windows platform and many graphical products with easy to use interface.



Graphical products



Analytical products

Users need all kinds of tools (statistics, analytical and graphical) ready to reply on various business questions and preferably with quick response times.





'Kinderpostzegels' (Netherlands); look-a-like early version paint software of Windows



Julia set fractal

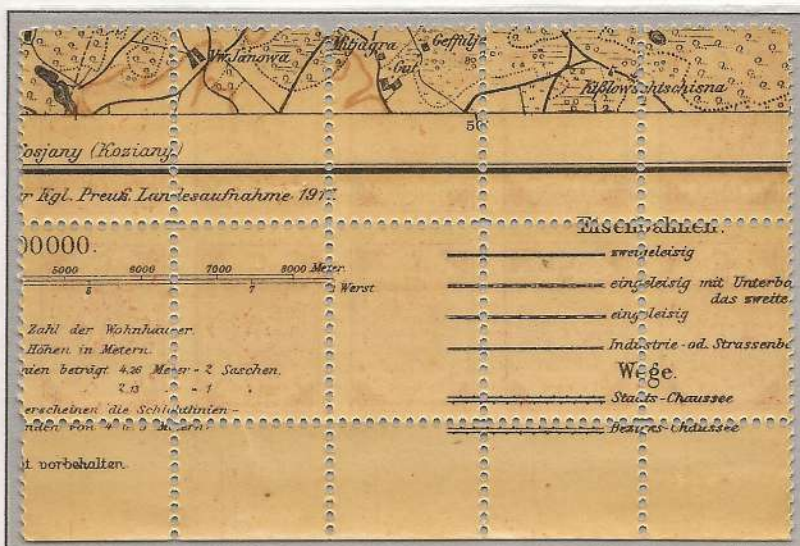
The graphical capabilities of a computer we learned to know in drawing tools such as Paint or Photoshop programs. Graphic design tools are very useful for visual communication and effects, as well in problem-solving research and developments. Julia set fractal visualization is for example very much used in chaos theory and generation of various models.



'Toy Story' is the very first full length film where all characters and environments are completely developed by computers. Only a few manual interventions were needed, like mud on a car, spot on a wall, scratches on the parquet floor, etc.



The commercial industry and the film industry deliver spectacular generated images.



▲ Front stamp

◀ Back block of 10 stamps



GPS

Latvia issued its first stamps on 18.12.1918, short after its independence (18.11.1918). Since paper was in short supply, the first printings were on the backs of leftover German military maps

Map on paper

All Global Positioning Systems (GPS) have a graphical interface showing the maps and planned routes. Most GPS are today integrated in cars and smartphones.





Francotyp-Postalia "T1000" digital (Netherlands)

computer security



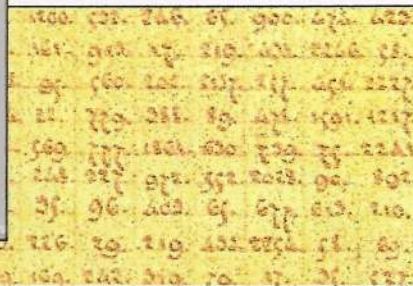
Cyber defense

Computer security and protection of information or Cyber war became one of the hottest issues the last years. Defending us against attacks (like sharks) of foreign powers.



Already during the Siege of Paris, the Franco-Prussian war in 1870, coding of governmental messages was introduced to protect the French pigeon post communication when pigeon felt in Prussian hands.

◀ Pigeongramme on photo paper: governmental flight done by Steenackers on 19 Oct 1870 to Jules Favre, French vice-president and minister of foreign affairs.

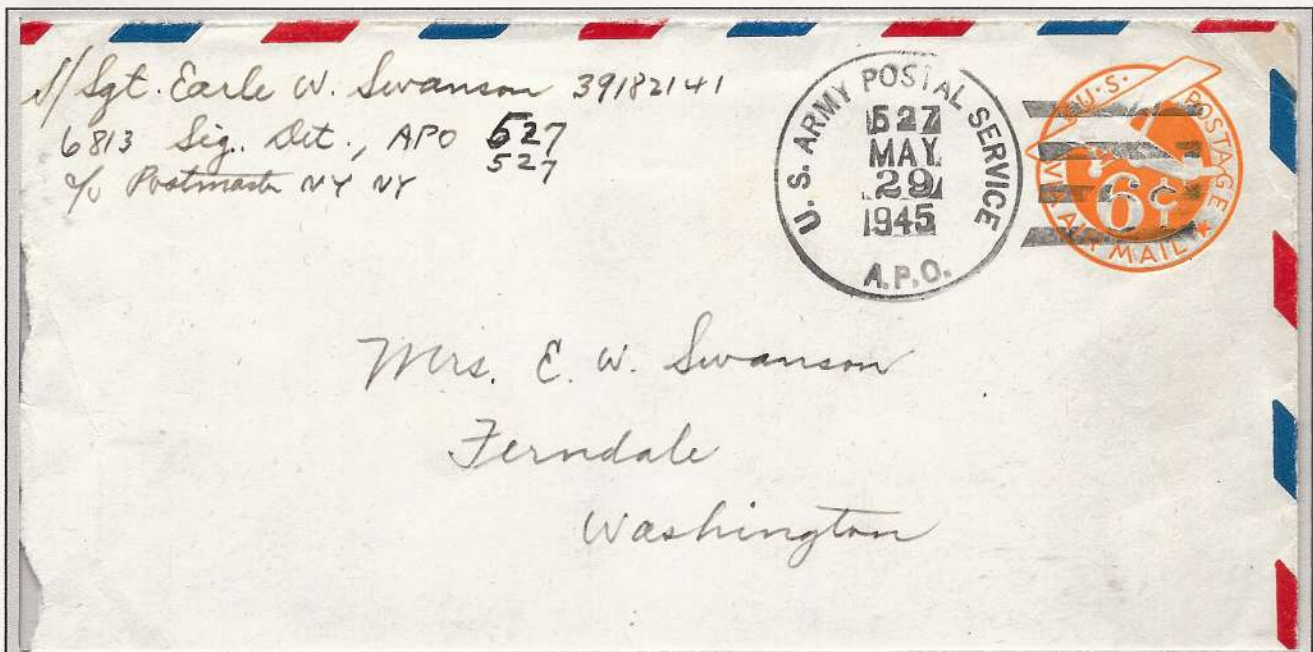


◀ Detail of pigeongramme: showing coded messages

Enigma ▶



Also the Germans introduced network security during World War II. To protect their communications they used the Enigma, which was a machine capable to secure sending and receiving message, by using a primitive form of encryption.



US 6813th Signal Security Detachment APO 527 war cover sent from Bletchley Park: their task was more related to traffic analysis and cryptanalysis of their sources in the field like Enigma, Morse and radio messages. Sgt. Earl W. Swanson was hosted in Hut Six in the log reading section dealing with all incoming messages.

But British mathematicians, like Turing, and with the help of Polish resistance, French and Americans were able to break the code rapidly. This makes encryption one of the weakest links in a fully secured chain.





Booklet (France): 6 of 20 stamps Marianne de Béquet 80c: partial printer quality

Text : "Mot de passe" = password

Protecting your data, applications, computer systems and Internet by passwords, or since recently by **fingerprint protection**, are since a long time common practice. A password is as a **key** on your door or **padlock** protecting your goods and money.



Fingerprint protection



Perfin key Basler Bankverein (Basel, Switzerland -1922)



Booklet (Argentine -1935)



Padlock protection

By logging on using a password you can't do transactions, search or visit information anonymously. You're visible!



Defaced President Johnson stationery; 3c oversee rate (Liberia - 1892). President's image of poor quality was hand-scraped removed by postmaster before postmark was set.

anonymously



'no' to illegal use and copy of software.

Since the introduction of the PC at home, users were keen in finding free software, copying and distributing software, often illegal, as they always have tried to do. Software companies protect their software with a license key as password.

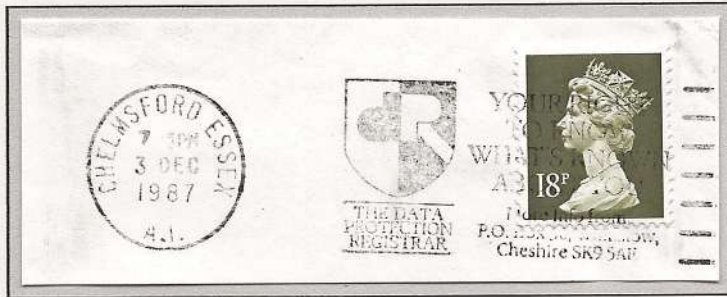




Neopost "IS-5000" digital (Germany-2018)

secure environments

Data needs more protection and secure environments, regulations installed against theft, copying and distributing.



Electronic fraud



Text: Data Protection Agency

The Data Protection Act (DPA), now replaced by GDPR, is a law passed first by the British government and later European Commission, that sets out rules for those who use or store data about living people and gives rights to those people whose data has been collected.



◀ Censorship Z.1 (Allied occupied Austria - 1948) from Magdeburg (Germany-Russian occupation) to Vienna (Austria)

Papillon Austrian censor with 6 complains possible ▼

In war time censors are searching for encrypted and secret coding. Very unpleasant when your messages are read by others. When secret coding found you probably would be arrested instead of returning your letter. ►

- ☐ = Postsendungen nach Japan sind unzulässig.
- ☐ = Die erwähnten Beilagen waren nicht vorhanden als der Brief geöffnet wurde.
- ☒ = Dieser Brief erreichte die Zensurstelle in beschädigtem Zustande.
- ☐ = Dieser Brief wurde wegen Unlesbarkeit zurückgesandt.
- ☐ = Dieser Brief wurde wegen Verwendung von Stenographie, einer Geheimschrift oder eines Codes zurückgesandt.
- ☐ = Briefe an postlagernde Anschriften in Deutschland sind unzulässig.





Trojan Horse virus: named after famous Trojan gift = hidden malicious code that will execute once stored on the user's PC acquired as an attachment in an email or a free-to-download file from internet.

Effective internet security ideally lies in preventing and avoid incidents taking place by proactive approach.



encryption - decryption

Key to success is by encrypting every single information, and it can only be decrypted or accessed by an individual who holds the correct encryption key.

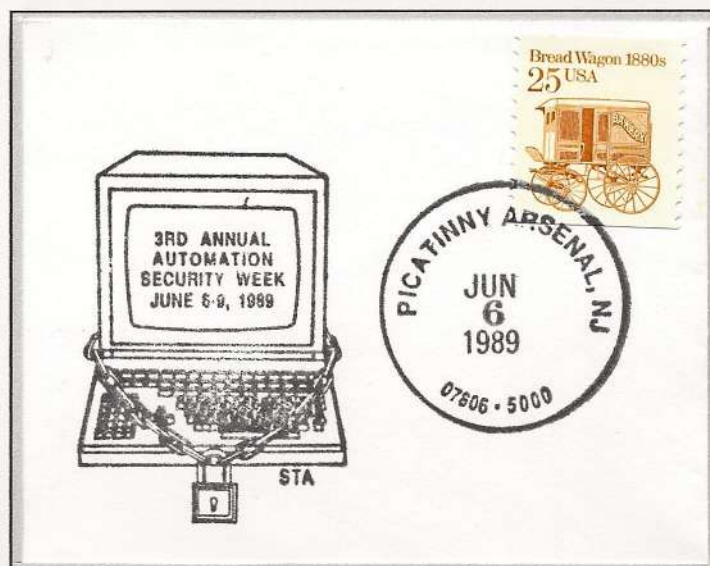
Internet networks represents an insecure channel for exchanging information therefore Internet security is most wanted and checking transferred data will ensure the integrity.



Pitney Bowes-GB "6600" (Sweden)

text: secure internet solutions

Computer and internet security is implemented in various ways already since the very beginning to be defended against series of attacks or viruses (like Trojan horse virus) and incoming messages destroying systems and grabbing data.



Cover sent as PD from Christiania, Norway on 04.04.1874 to St-Brieue, France and arrived on 09.07.1874. 4 different values: 1 sk (green), 2 sk (blue), 4 sk (brown) en 8 sk (red); total fee 15sk according to treaty 31.10.1867 till 31.10.1974 between France, Norway and Sweden.

representing algorithm of Hamming code the bit positions that are a power of 2;  $2^0=1$ ,  $2^1=2$ ,  $2^2=4$  and  $2^3=8$ .

One of the most used algorithms is the algorithm of Hamming code. It is simply the use of extra parity bits to allow the identification of an error and even repair it. The bit positions that are a power of 2 are marked as parity bits (1, 2, 4, 8, etc). Each data bit is included in a unique set of parity bits, as determined its bit position in binary form.



### 3.5 Know your weaknesses!

A computer can only do the tasks for which it is programmed. When errors are detected, they are usually programming errors, called "a bug".



Grace M.Hopper



USS Hopper ship (US-199)

named after Grace M.Hopper

During the Mark-II programming project (1947) a navy maintenance engineer, **Grace M. Hopper**, defined as first a computer error as "bug" in a maintenance log. The little **moth** that got stuck in the relay and prevented working...



little moth

Proof in lila Wilhelmina type Veth (Dutch East Indie-1906)



...correctly, got its immortality with its death. The **millennium bug** is the most famous year 2000 software problem.



'Poached Egg' Testing dummy labels (Great Britain - 1937); testing is vital to ensure smooth running. These labels were designed to enable Post Office engineers to simulate a live environment.

A computer program need testing and proof that it will run fine in all scenarios.

Letter Paris to Brussels (13.08.1777); cancelled with **PARIS** (Paris infinity cancel); used from April 1774 till May 1778

When badly tested, it can lead to a program looping endlessly or infinitely, either due to a program logic error (bug) or caused by wrong input or instructions. It results in computer "freezing"; others include thrashing or deadlock.

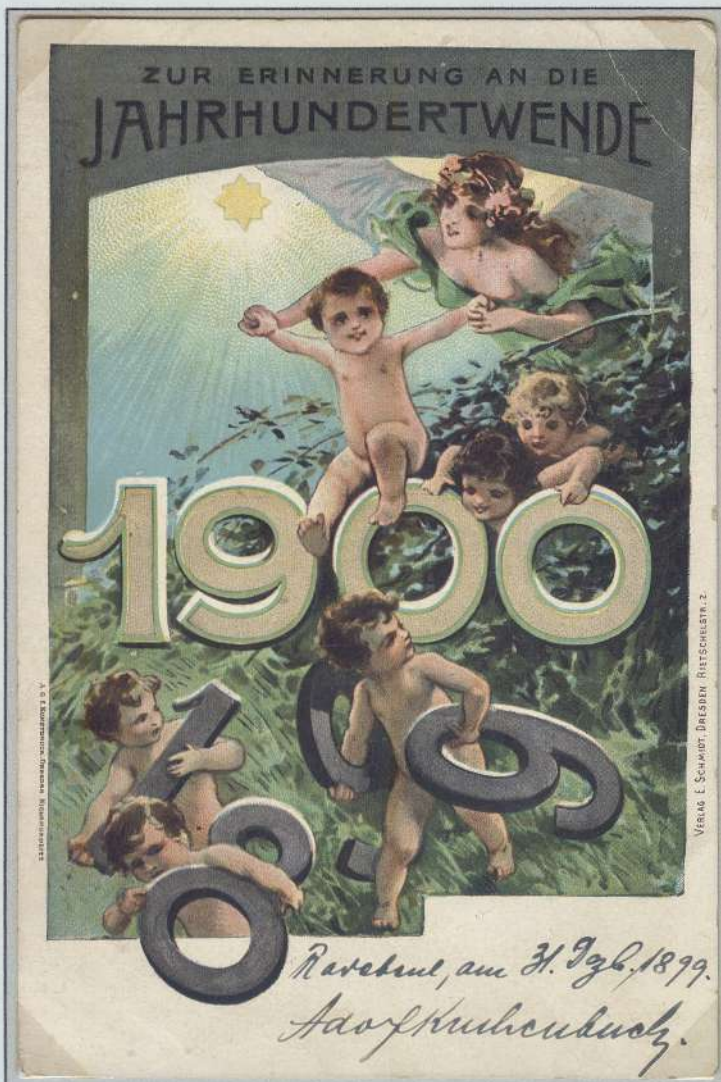
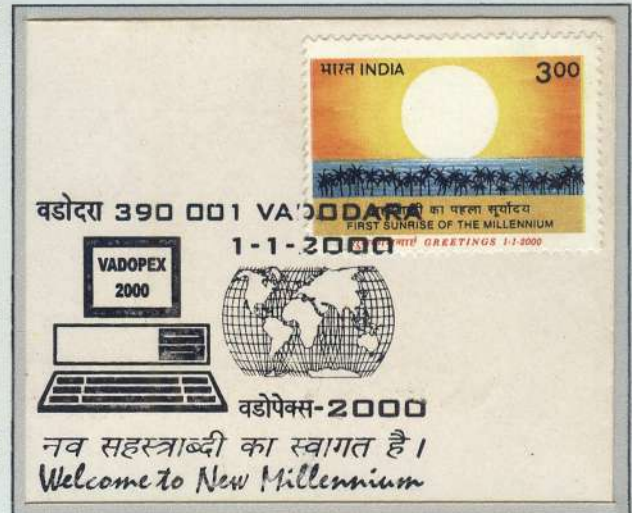




In the beginning programmers chose for a readable two-digit year date format when dates were stored on very expensive hardware. In the approach of the year 2000, trillion lines of code or records needed to be corrected and tested when date calculations turned out to be wrong and could cause errors. 'Year 2000 (Y2K) ready' means that a computer program performs date calculations correctly.

Baroda Philatelic Soc. Silver jubilee celebration cancel ► (India – 01.01.2000): depicting PC in new Millennium to share awareness of tangible chaos across the world.

A millennium bug could have caused chaos and by missing vital elements such as energy and products, business could have come to a halt.



◀ copy of backside of stationery printed to order (Germany): postmarks on 31.12.99 and 1.1.00 with no century notification.

Computers can't interpret automatically when a date is 100 years older. Above two-digit year date postmarks prove that only a human brain is able to detect the difference between 31.12.99 and 01.01.00. Computers can only interpret a four-digit year date format correct.



Occasional postmark (Germany): 5.9.1990. 4-digit year date format causes no misinterpretation.



### 3.5 Know your weaknesses!

### Changing rules

Whenever external rules are changing, specially by law; such as zip codes, telephone numbers, bank numbers, local or Euro currency change, they have a big impact on written programs that need to be changed and tested. For companies a very expensive and time consuming operation.



In 1998 the Belgian Railway distributes as first stamps in euro currency. They were wrongly converted to 40 Bfr for 1 €, later the conversion rate was set to 40,339 Bfr. ►



The implementation of the Euro in 11 countries of the EEC caused many computer software changes and price conversions in databases. Regulations about currency calculations and rounding says that amounts to be paid or accounted may be shown rounded to 2 decimals, currency rates may not be rounded; amounts must be stored with 4 decimals and calculations must be done with 6 decimals.



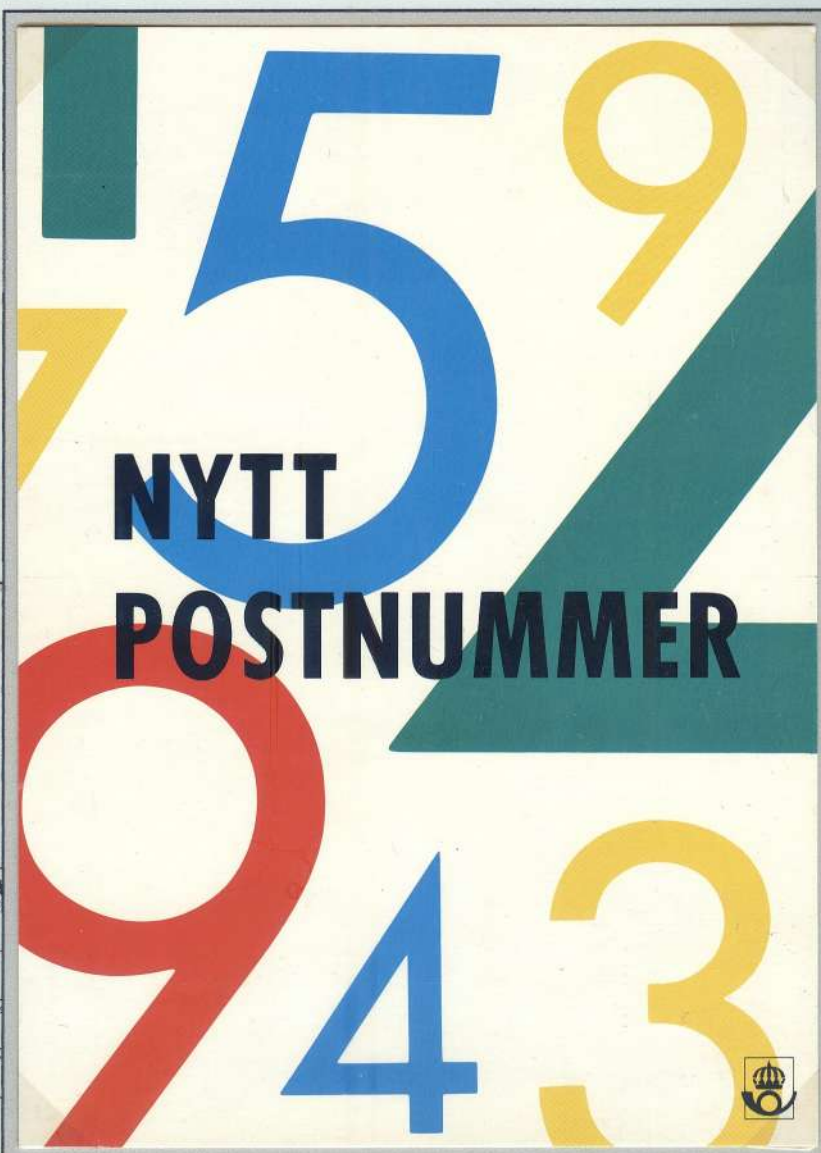
Telephone number change



Zip code change

Most post codes were introduced in 1970s but aren't fine-grained enough and subject for changes to introduce finer location code.

SENDER'S NAME ADDRESS
JAG/VI HAR FÅ ÄNDRA I ADRESSEN
NAMN
UTDELINGSADRESS
ORTSADRESS (POSTSTAD)
HÄLSNINGAR



Postage free (Sweden): Zip code change



# 4

## Communication developed to a world wide web.

### 4.1 The first telecom moguls.

### Early communications



Punch proof, printed on India paper

Inca courier - el chasqui Indian

Postmen on horses were till 1800s the quickest way to send mail. Private post traffic required in many cases licence from the government.



◀ Set-off print; reversed print on another sheet post courier on

Cavallini (Kingdom of Sardinia, Torino - 04.08.1819)  
Pre-paid tax cancel (15c - short distance) on paper that allows pass through private post (e) ▶



Roman signal towers (left)



Smoke signals

Courier networks were set up to deliver messages within a certain area for a set length of time mostly in private use. Smoke and light signal thru a chain of beacons are already since Roman Ages one of the oldest forms of long-distance visual communication.



When courier on foot or horseback or visual transfer fails, players used tones by talking drums transmitting a small set of messages of news and commands over 4 to 5 mile distances.

All these communications suffered the drawback that they could only pass a single bit of information.

Multifranking cover (Gold Coast - 1950)  
Oversee fee 6d  
Players of Talking drums



## 4.1 The first telecom moguls.

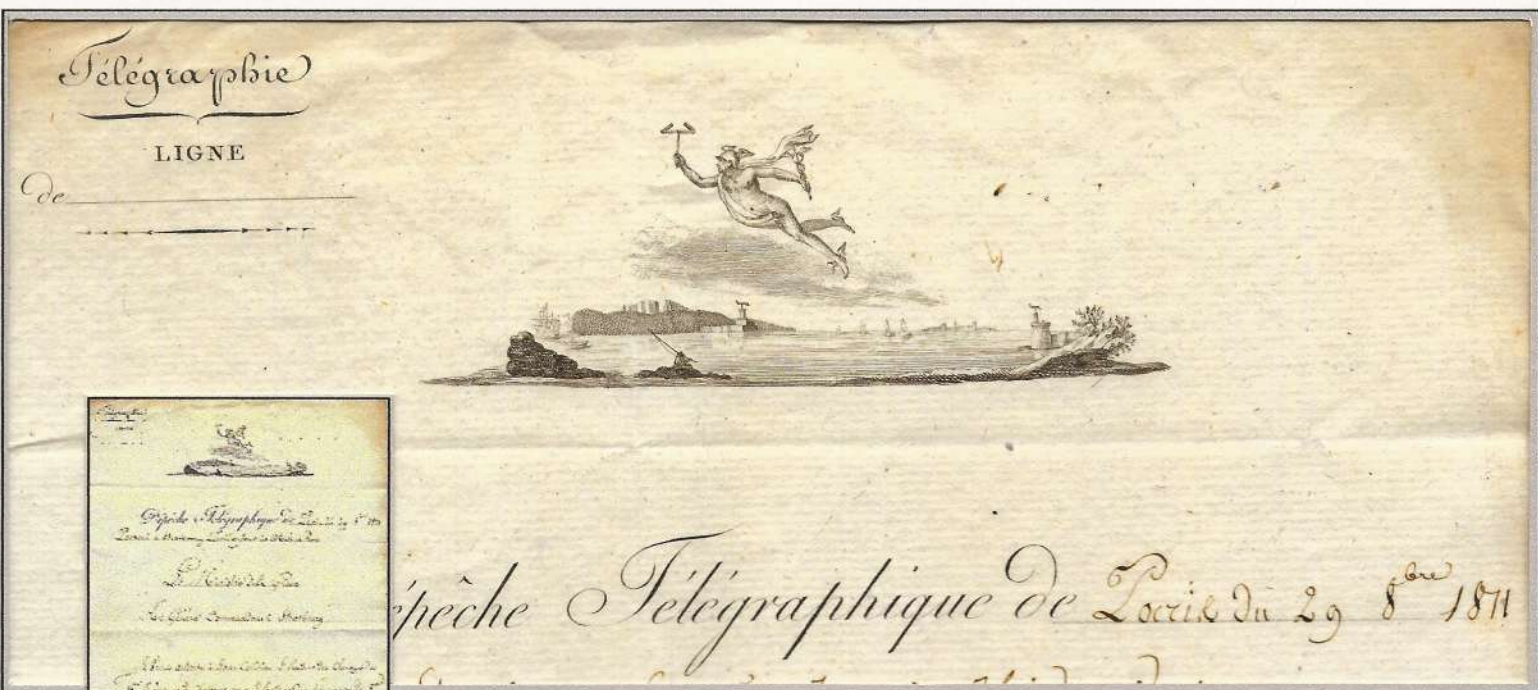
## Chappe wireless telegraph network



Partial perforated block of 6 ►



In 1793 French inventor **Claude Chappe** (1763-1805) demonstrated a practical semaphore message system.



Chappe telegram sent from Paris on 29.10.1811 arrived in Strasbourg on same day at 12AM30.

His Excellency the Minister of War to the General Commanding in Strasbourg

By 1846 the Chappe system spanned all of France with 556 stations and 5000 km of lines. The first practical mechanical wireless 'internet' could deliver messages much quicker over big distance in half day.

An electric version was put in place quickly after, and in 1855 transformed to an electric telegraph network.

Chefoo Local Post – 1859 ►

Smoke tower transformed to telegraph mast





## 4.1 The first telecom moguls.

Morse telegraph messages

The first 'electrified mail messages' was a fact and the race for faster and very broad network started. Thanks to ...



Color proof (New Caledonia)  
Morse code receiver



Morse code perforation  
... \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ = SOS ▶



front ▲ back ▲

...morse code, invented in 1836 by **S. Morse** (1791-1872), was used in wireless telegraph messages transmissions via air, a solution adapted from submarine communications.



Ocean letter (CRM Compagnie Radio Maritime France - 1924); passenger on ship 'Rochambeau' to New York (30.10.1924) used message service and sent message thru radio in Morse code by operator. On ship 'France' on his way to Le Havre operator received the message and delivered it upon arrival (04.11.1924) at post office in Le Havre. Where it was transcribed and sent as registered letter to recipient. Rate as of 25.03.1924: postage 25c + register fee 60c = 85 cents.

Authorized postal telegraph service of Morse code between ships



The telegraphs and telex messages sent by operators were printed by a teleprinter on paper strips interpreting the pulses sent.



shifted perforation



SECAP "N" with prefix N (France-1962)

copper wires strung on wood poles

All across every country those long-distance telegraphs were once carried on bare copper wires strung on wood poles with glass insulators.



## 4.1 The first telecom moguls.

Pneumatic mail service

Another major system to deliver letters through pressurized air tube network was able to deliver **pneumatic mail**. It was first implemented in private use since 1851.

Since 1880 improvements as an "intermediate signaller/quick break switch for pneumatic tubes", dramatically speeded up the process, and made it possible for a number of carrier messages to be in the tube at any one time.

Pneumatic stationery ►

(Berlin West post office 30, Germany – 24.03.1882)

Arrival postmark R4 transported by train 2



By then Berlin, Paris, Vienna and other cities had it largely integrated as a postal service.



◀ Pneumatic telegram (Paris, France – 21.06.1895)

Pneumatic Express card ► (Vienna, Austria – 28.03.1886) sent from Telegraf Central to Kärnthnering

In a later stage Milan and Naples as well introduced their pneumatic network.



▲ Pneumatic service stamp







Inflation letter (Germany) sent in 1923 from Siemensstadt to Duisburg (city nearby Berlin named after Von Siemens' company). Perfin **SSW** (Siemens-Schuckert Werke)

Siemens



Werner Von Siemens



Punch proof (Paraguay)  
first telegraph lines  
in 1860.

**Werner Von Siemens** (1816-1892) installed the first telegraph lines between Frankfurt and Berlin in 1848, and in Russia in 1850. With his brothers he went on to install lines between India and Europe, as well as across the Atlantic. Not only the Siemens company is named after him but also a whole city was named after him; **Siemensstadt**.



Graham Bell

**Émile Baudot** (1845-1903), French telegraph engineer and inventor of the multiplexed telegraph system, which means that multiple transmissions could be sent over a single line.

**Alexander Graham Bell** (1847-1922) was an eminent scientist, inventor, engineer and innovator, known for inventing the first practical telephone, by sending multiple tones on a telegraph wire. He also made groundbreaking work in optical telecommunications.



Émile Baudot



Telegraphing and all kind of code reception equipment displayed in Brussels Post Museum (1880-1913) ►





Telegram (Polish) 21.10.1927: Publicity Ericsson telephone and cable

Ericsson's company history dates back to 1876 when the founder, **Lars Magnus Ericsson** (1846-1926), opened a repair shop for telegraph equipment. Realizing that there was a need for improvements in the telephone instruments available at that time, he started his own production. He invented a switchboard to handle the growing number of telephones and lines. They also tried a few years in 1980-90 to sell PC's, but found out that their core business was selling telephones.



**OMBAD  
RKOV  
BEIER**

**MEZIMĚSTSKÁ  
TELEFONNÍ  
ÚSTŘEDNA  
V PRAZE,**

v níž sbíhá se  
dnes 370 mezi-  
městských ve-  
dení a již pro-  
cházejí též dál-

HLAVNÍ SÁL PRAŽSKÉ MEZIMĚSTSKÉ TELEFONNÍ ÚSTŘEDNY.

kové kabely te-  
lefonní, patří  
k nejmoderněj-  
ším ústřednám  
svého druhu  
v Evropě; její  
vnitřní zařízení  
je zmechaniso-  
váno.

**ČERNÁ**  
1300 m n. n.

**JAN ČERNÝ**  
HOTELIER

äder, Elek-  
otherapie,  
en — heilt:  
rkulose, Ar-  
ose, Skro-  
es, Tabes

**METEOR**

Telegram - TELEGRAMM

XLT PROFESOR GYMNASIA VACLAV  
KOHOUT LIBEREC =

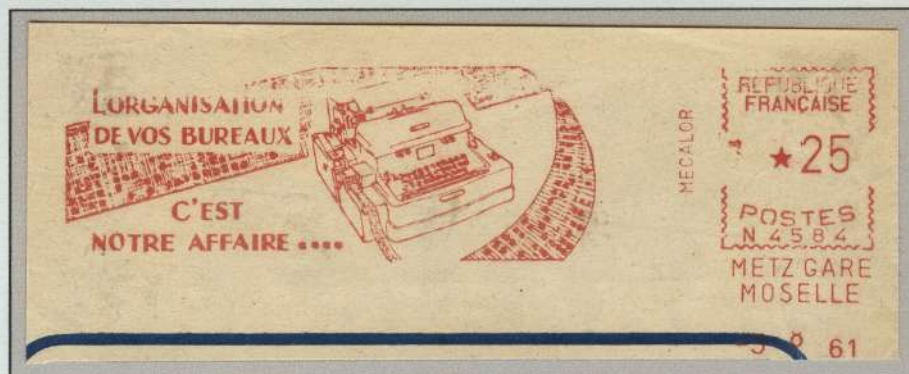
PRAHA /73 90 16 9 1000-

K DNESNÍMU TVEMU SNATKU TO NEJLEPŠÍ  
PREJE VAM RODINA RUBESOVA \*\*\*\*\*

copy

Telegram (Czech): Central equipped with telephone switchboard based on Ericsson model.





The telex network used the telephone network was extensively used worldwide by companies from the mid-1920s till the end-1980s. Telex machines could connect with and communicate with any other telex machines on a global scale and was also relatively secure in sending and receiving messages.



National Postal Meter multi-value (U.S.): early Fiberglass production



Until 1980s the entire telephone, telegraph and telex network was analogue. Today it is fully digital thanks to fiberglass, a product invented in 1932 for producing glass wool. The digital network protocol ISDN (Integrated Services Digital Network) became the standard allowing a copper wire or optical fiberglass (wire of glass) to carry fast and error-free voice, video and many other digital network services.



Telex punched stamp (Estonia-1991); Shortly after Estonia gained full independence, many post offices ran out of stamps. The city Tartu issued local provisional stamps on telex punch paper on 19 December 1991 only. They are never sold in mint condition and exist in sets of 16 stamps in three colours (white, light blue and dark blue).





Pitney Bowes "6300" series (Germany): text: Fax messages

A fax machine makes a tele copy by scanning graphical pages including images and text, and converts the information into digital signals, transmitted via fast fiber lines to produce a paper copy of the graphics on the receiving fax machine. The growth in the market was prompted in Asian region by the pictorial nature of their language.



REGIE DES POSTES DE BELGIQUE  
REGIE DER BELGISCHE POSTERIJEN  
BELGIAN POST OFFICE

## BUREAUFAX



BFX 1

1. Bureau de dépôt / kantoor van aanneming / originating office

Andenne 1



2. Prix / prijs / price

175

3. Numéro d'ordre / volgnummer / document number

2

4. pages  
pagina's

1

Acceptation  
aanneming  
acceptance5. Date  
datumRéception  
ontvangst  
receiving6. RE / Risico  
Afzender7. ☐ Distribution / afleveren / delivery mode

8. Destinataire / geadresseerde / addressee

ATT REIZEN

JOSEFSPLATZ 6

Wien



Téléfax

00 43 1 515 4070

9. Expéditeur / afzender / sender

DEFOSSE ERIC

8a DENEFFE

4218 HERON



A utiliser sans papier carbone / te gebruiken zonder carbonpapier





The goal of a **modem** (constructed from **mod**ulator and **dem**odulator) is to (re)produce a signal containing data that can be transmitted fast. Different transmission protocols (shapes of packages sending a stream of bits) guarantees higher speed, availability, secured and quantity of bytes.



Cyan color proof ►

For long distance communications applications a satellite in a geostationary orbit appears the fastest way. Since 1964 hundreds of communication satellites are in use worldwide.



조선우표 DPR KOREA 주체91(2002) 10전





Satellites were introduced where wires weren't easy to place or to get. With satellite dishes pointing to a satellite easy transmission can be established served by radio waves over long distance without limits on capacity.



Specimen ▶

◀ Artwork (Tonga): telecommunication



Die proof in black

Modern communications satellites provide a technology complementary to communication cables. They are the ultimate solution for mobile applications in transport area such as: trucks, ships, planes or rockets. A cable is just impractical or impossible.



MAILGRAM SERVICE CENTER  
MIDDLETOWN, VA. 22645

POSTAGE PAID BY SENDER

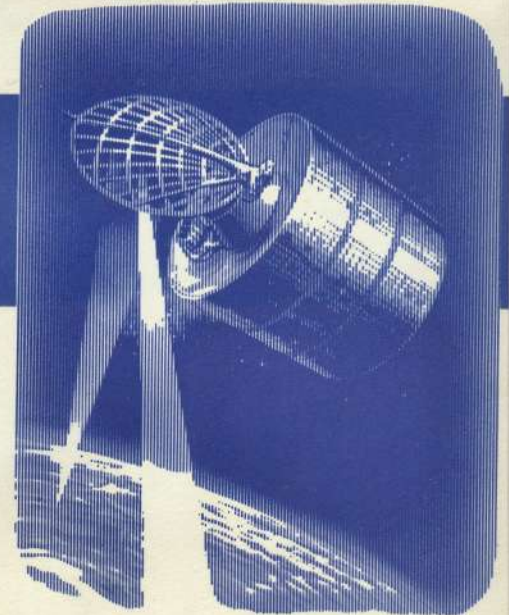
western union

# Mailgram



MAILGRAM WAS TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY BY WESTERN UNION SATELLITE

WILFORD WATSON  
106 SIXTH AVE APT 4  
MENOMINEE MI 49858



FIRST MAILGRAM TRANSMISSION VIA WESTAR,  
FIRST DOMESTIC U.S. COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE,  
SEPTEMBER 6, 1974

A **mailgram** is a type of telegraphic message which is transmitted electronically from the sender to a post office and then printed and delivered to the recipient via postal means, usually the next day. In the United States, the Western Union Company started mailgram service in 1970. This service via Satellite was introduced in 1974 and stopped as of August 17th, 2006.





Photo proof; design Bonneville



Francotyp "Cc/Ccm" (Spain - 1972)

Pabx of ITT company



Historically we may not forget the **PABX** (Private Automatic Branch eXchange), an automatic telephone switching system within a private enterprise. Such devices were used to establish early telephone networks and switch digital information among computers and office devices.



Local area network



Hasler "Mailmaster" (Germany)

Local area network

A LAN (local area network) connects workstations and personal computers and allows users to share devices, such as laser printers and storage. Users can also execute programs any-where on the network and communicate with others by sending e-mails or engaging chat sessions.



During the World Stamp Exhibition PhilexFrance '89 in Paris a network of 50 terminals and 2 central printers was set up. A pre-printed postal card was sent after printing the typed in address, chosen preferred message out of 4 standard ones, paying the calculated rate depending on the address and the date time stamp.





◀ Meghdoot stationery (India)

While lines for telephone are less in use due to mobile telephony, those lines are now in use for ISDN and DSL activity that allows the user to access the Internet at home.



Connectors



Wi-Fi connection



Wi-Fi and mobile connectivity thru wireless access introduced internet access in the Cloud; being "Cloud computing" and sharing data and software provided by service providers.



Bluetooth is summed up by this runic inscription from the Jelling stone.

Bluetooth is a wireless technology standard for exchanging data over short distances using short-wavelength and allow mobiles to link easily. Bluetooth is an invention of Ericsson Company and gave it the name of a King called Blåtand who lived in the 10<sup>th</sup> century and united the Nordic countries.



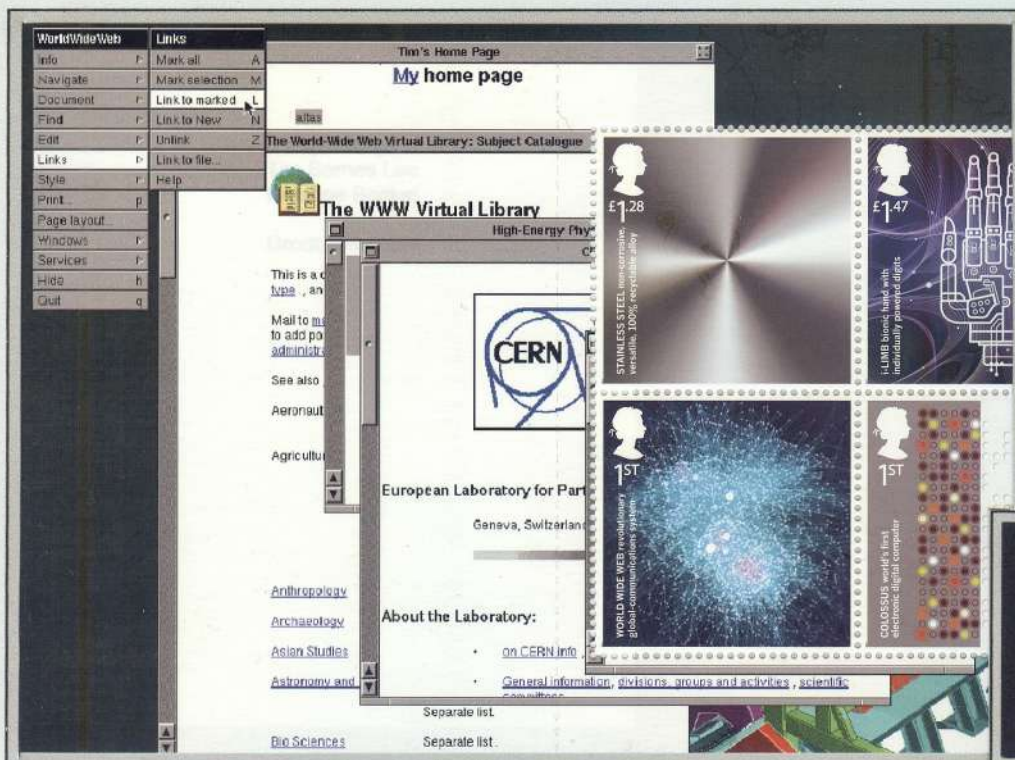
✖ Bluetooth symbol



## 4.5 Wonderland Internet, one big world!

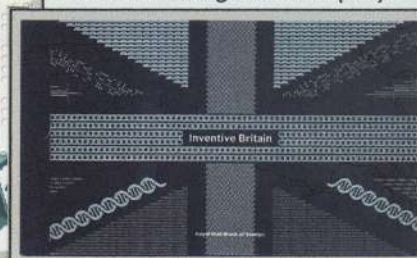
Invented by Barners Lee

The current global Internet was developed for the US Department of Defense as a reply to the atomic threat of the 70s. The goal was to build a global communication network based on TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol) to connect for non-commercial use.



Barners Lee

◀ Pane Prestige Booklet (GB)



Barners Lee invented the WWW (World Wide Web) by using the HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) client en server via the internet. The first successful communication was in Christmas 1990 while he was working at CERN. The language developed for this is called HTML (HyperText Markup Language) using hypertext and hyperlinks (link or URL; Uniform Resource Locator) for immediate access via displayable links.

Internet became commercial and caused a drastic impact on culture and commerce.



九日至五月一日兑奖有效。中奖号码刊登在公布日的人民、工人、经济、光明、参考消息等报纸上。兑奖时，领奖人须持此片及有效证件领奖。号码涂损、无号、自行剪下无效。③

R032E No. 589091

飞行神州 高速路

Internet

江西热线

www.online.jx.cn

中国电信 CHINA TELECOM

2000 赣(BK)-0074

江西省数据通信局 电话: 0791-6707898  
电子信箱: yewubu@public.nc.jx.cn

"Surfing the Internet" is a common expression; exploring the internet by following one interesting link after another, usually without a definite objective or search strategy.





Letter Card (New Zealand-1941)

encourage consumers to embrace  
the convenience of telephone shopping

During the mid-1900s, telephone shopping became increasingly popular. It allowed customers to browse products, inquire about availability, and make purchases without leaving their homes.



sheet (South-Africa-1936)



@: e-business or e-commerce sign



The internet gives same wonderful possibilities to all of us, such as; online shopping, e-business or e-commerce.

Today e-commerce trading (shopping) is recognized for its ability to allow business to communicate and to form transaction anytime and anyplace, where buyers or sellers rely on Internet-based technology.



Booklet (France) Phil@poste version: miscut (découpé à cheval)

Web Shop for stamps: text: Buy your stamps  
and other products online and receive it at your place. Address: [www.laposte.fr/timbres](http://www.laposte.fr/timbres)





Francotyp-Postalia "EFS3000" (Netherlands-1996)

very early pub text:  
visit our site on Internet



An Internet café

The Internet, the worldwide web, became available everywhere in the world, both thru privately or company connectivity. In many developing countries **Internet cafés** are the primary form of Internet access for citizens

LE DIMANCHE DIMANCHE 20 AOUT 1876

# SAINTONGEAIS

OLE, COMMERCIAL ET D'ANNONCES

du Journal, rue des Jacobins, 20.

franco chez Ad. BONNIN, propriétaire-gérant,

mois et sont payables d'avance.

ANNONCES: FRANCE

1 <sup>re</sup> FOIS.....	La Ligne	20 cent.
2 <sup>me</sup> FOIS.....	—	15 —
RÉCLAMES.....	—	25 —

Dissement de Saint Jean-d'Angély dans l'ÉCHO SAINTONGEAIS.

Typographic cancellation (France - 1876)

commercial advert against payment (text: Prix des annonces)  
comparable with the first commercial use against payment on the internet

It became popular due to the published information and advertisements against payment, the start of first commercial use and need, in an easy and rather cheap way.



As an exception television channels wanted to have their own extension; they offered in 1998 the small country Tuvalu \$50 million for using the .tv extension until 2048.

From the very beginning (1980s) web content was organized by country or global network groups using extensions (top-level domain like .com).



first issue picturing Internet



Registered mail ticket (India - 2012)

14 years Google

In 1990s search engines quickly became indispensable to overcome the ever increasing difficulty of locating information in ever-growing internet. Google search engine (1998) is market leader today.





Electronic mail (E-mail)



Email (short for electronic mail) is digital sending messages and files over the internet. Allowing individuals and businesses to communicate quickly and efficiently, regardless of location.



Booklet (Tristan da Cunha-1956) staple right side

@ symbol

The "@" symbol is used in an email address to separate the username and domain name of the recipient's email address. In the 1970s scientists needed a way to separate the two parts.



ICQ platform "I Seek You"

Quicker is Instant Messaging Software like ICQ, that allows chatting and offers real-time (online) messaging.



Returned cover (Mons, Belgium – sent 4.11.1893, returned 18.11.1893) to London E.C. 6.11.1893: cancels **Insufficiently addressed** (front) and **Adresse insuffisante** (back) with final framed cancel **RETOUR A LA GRIFFE** (front) by postmen 74 en 75 left on 8.11.1893 from 'RETURNED-L8-OFFICE LONDON' (back).

Oversee rate 25c

returning mail when insufficiently addressed

With an email address we send through mail services messages including attachments (docs, photos, ...), but when the address is wrong or insufficient it will be returned back with an error message from the provider.



## 4.5 Wonderland Internet, one big world!

Electronic mail, emoji's, hashtags and spam



Fancy cancel smiley face used at Thomaston, ME. (USA - 1894)



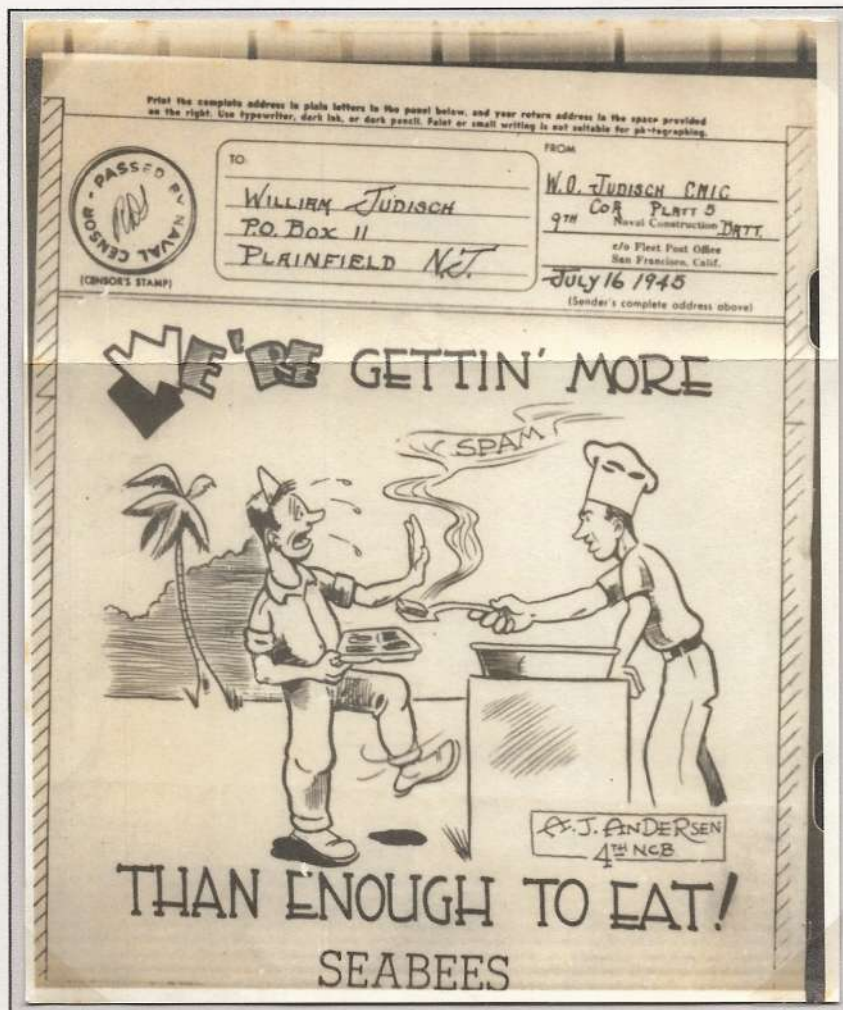
emoji's



You want to kiss someone

Billions of messages are sent every day and some Internet slang and symbols has been introduced like: BTW, kr, ;-), \*^\_^\*, ^\_3^, etc.... also all kind of smiley **emoji's** became shortcuts to save keystrokes for the sender.

Although various beautiful benefits, it also contains some disadvantages, like receiving mails such as : bullying, trolls, phishing mails, spam, .... the names are derived from well known in life things: like fishing, spam meat, etc...



Seabees V-Mail (US-1945): Naval Construction Battalions (CB)

spam meat



Booklet (Belgium - 1941)

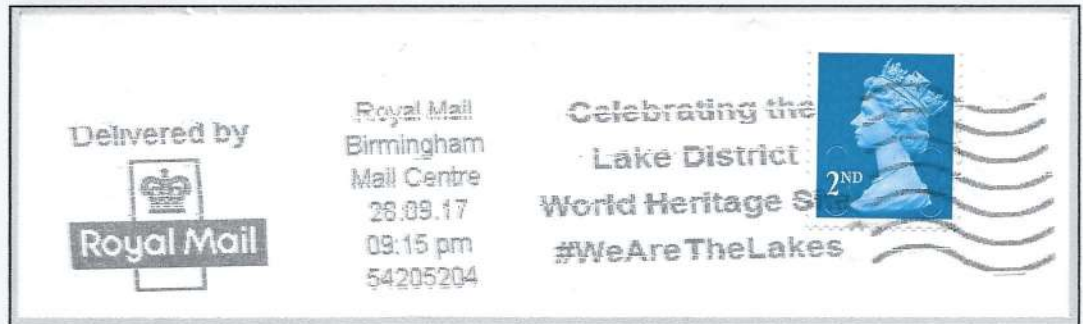
Phishing mails= like fishing and trying to catch passwords of financial applications



Offending, bullying,... online

**Spam** was often misused to describe any canned meat product containing pork tasting horrible, all-over and inevitable, characteristics which led to its name being borrowed for unsolicited electronic messages, especially spam email.





Hashtag #WeAreTheLakes

Social media in general are computer-mediated tools that allow users, organizations or companies to create, share experiences, or exchange personal information, about interests and ideas (hashtags #), with or without pictures or videos in virtual communities and networks.



Port freedom – Red Cross free Search Service for prisoners of war (Germany – 1949)

if you wanted to know what happened to your relatives during the war it took ages and it went thru postal mail. Today you stay in touch thru Internet and Social Networks.

**Conclusion:** Millions of active websites resulting in billions of Internet pages, social media (like Facebook) with...



Booklet (France) Phil@poste version

Web shop for stamp products: Join us on Facebook...

...unlimited personal information and propaganda, made accessible and useful for everybody searching information.